

# Package ‘tor’

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**Title** Import Multiple Files From a Single Directory at Once

**Version** 1.1.3

**Description** The goal of tor (to-R) is to help you to import multiple files from a single directory at once, and to do so as quickly, flexibly, and simply as possible.

**License** GPL-3

**URL** <https://github.com/maurolepore/tor>,  
<https://maurolepore.github.io/tor/>

**BugReports** <https://github.com/maurolepore/tor/issues>

**Depends** R (>= 3.2)

**Imports** fs, readr, rlang, tibble

**Suggests** covr, knitr, rmarkdown, spelling, testthat (>= 3.0.0), withr

**Config/testthat/edition** 3

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`list_any`*Import multiple files of any format from a directory into a list.*

## Description

Import multiple files of any format from a directory into a list.

## Usage

```
list_any(
  path = ".",
  .f,
  regexp = NULL,
  ignore.case = FALSE,
  invert = FALSE,
  ...
)
```

## Arguments

<code>path</code>	A character vector of one path. Defaults to the working directory.
<code>.f</code>	A function able to read the desired file format.
<code>regexp</code>	A regular expression (e.g. <code>[.]csv\$</code> ) passed on to <code>grep()</code> to filter paths.
<code>ignore.case</code>	if <code>FALSE</code> , the pattern matching is <i>case sensitive</i> and if <code>TRUE</code> , case is ignored during matching.
<code>invert</code>	If <code>TRUE</code> return files which do <i>not</i> match
<code>...</code>	Additional arguments passed to <code>.f</code> .

## Value

A list.

## See Also

Other functions to import files into a list: `list_csv()`

Other functions to import files of any format: `load_any()`

## Examples

```
tor_example()

(path <- tor_example("csv"))
dir(path)

list_any(path, read.csv)
```

```
list_any(path, ~ read.csv(.x, stringsAsFactors = FALSE))

(path_mixed <- tor_example("mixed"))
dir(path_mixed)

list_any(
  path_mixed, ~ get(load(.x)),
  "[.]Rdata$",
  ignore.case = TRUE
)

list_any(
  path_mixed, ~ get(load(.x)),
  regexp = "[.]csv$",
  invert = TRUE
)
```

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**list\_csv**

*Import multiple common files from a directory into a list.*

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**Description**

These functions wrap common use-cases of [list\\_any\(\)](#).

**Usage**

```
list_csv(
  path = ".",
  regexp = "[.]csv$",
  ignore.case = TRUE,
  invert = FALSE,
  ...
)

list_tsv(
  path = ".",
  regexp = "[.]tsv$",
  ignore.case = TRUE,
  invert = FALSE,
  ...
)

list_rds(path = ".", regexp = "[.]rds$", ignore.case = TRUE, invert = FALSE)

list_rdata(
  path = ".",
  regexp = "[.]rdata$|[.]rda$",
  ignore.case = TRUE,
```

```
    invert = FALSE
)
```

## Arguments

path	A character vector of one path. Defaults to the working directory.
regexp	A regular expression (e.g. <code>[.]csv\$</code> ) passed on to <code>grep()</code> to filter paths.
ignore.case	if <code>FALSE</code> , the pattern matching is <i>case sensitive</i> and if <code>TRUE</code> , case is ignored during matching.
invert	If <code>TRUE</code> return files which do <i>not</i> match
...	Arguments passed to <code>readr::read_csv()</code> or <code>readr::read_tsv()</code> .

## Value

A list.

## See Also

Other functions to import files into a list: `list_any()`

Other functions to import files of common formats: `load_csv()`

## Examples

```
(rds <- tor_example("rds"))
dir(rds)

list_rds(rds)

(tsv <- tor_example("tsv"))
dir(tsv)

list_tsv(tsv)

(mixed <- tor_example("mixed"))
dir(mixed)

list_rdata(mixed)

list_csv(mixed)

list_rdata(mixed, regexp = "[.]RData", ignore.case = FALSE)
```

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load_any	<i>Import multiple files of any format from a directory into an environment.</i>
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## Description

Import multiple files of any format from a directory into an environment.

## Usage

```
load_any(  
  path = ".",
  .f,
  regexp = NULL,
  ignore.case = FALSE,
  invert = FALSE,
  envir = .GlobalEnv,
  ...
)
```

## Arguments

path	A character vector of one path. Defaults to the working directory.
.f	A function able to read the desired file format.
regexp	A regular expression (e.g. <code>[.]csv\$</code> ) passed on to <code>grep()</code> to filter paths.
ignore.case	if FALSE, the pattern matching is <i>case sensitive</i> and if TRUE, case is ignored during matching.
invert	If TRUE return files which do <i>not</i> match
envir	an <code>environment</code> or NULL.
...	Additional arguments passed to .f.

## Value

`invisible(path).`

## See Also

Other functions to import files into an environment: `load_csv()`

Other functions to import files of any format: `list_any()`

## Examples

```
e <- new.env()
load_any(tor_example("rdata"), .f = ~ get(load(.x)), envir = e)
ls(e)

# The data is now available in the environment `e`
e$rdata1
e$rdata2
```

### load\_csv

*Import multiple common files from a directory into an environment.*

## Description

These functions wrap common use-cases of [load\\_any\(\)](#).

## Usage

```
load_csv(
  path = ".",
  regexp = "[.]csv$",
  ignore.case = TRUE,
  invert = FALSE,
  envir = .GlobalEnv,
  ...
)

load_tsv(
  path = ".",
  regexp = "[.]tsv$",
  ignore.case = TRUE,
  invert = FALSE,
  envir = .GlobalEnv,
  ...
)

load_rds(
  path = ".",
  regexp = "[.]rds$",
  ignore.case = TRUE,
  invert = FALSE,
  envir = .GlobalEnv
)

load_rdata(
  path = ".",
  regexp = "[.]rdata$|[.]rda$",
```

```
  ignore.case = TRUE,  
  invert = FALSE,  
  envir = .GlobalEnv  
)
```

## Arguments

path	A character vector of one path. Defaults to the working directory.
regexp	A regular expression (e.g. <code>[.]csv\$</code> ) passed on to <a href="#">grep()</a> to filter paths.
ignore.case	if FALSE, the pattern matching is <i>case sensitive</i> and if TRUE, case is ignored during matching.
invert	If TRUE return files which do <i>not</i> match
envir	an <a href="#">environment</a> or NULL.
...	Arguments passed to <code>readr::read_csv()</code> or <code>readr::read_tsv()</code> .

## Value

`invisible(path).`

## See Also

Other functions to import files into an environment: [load\\_any\(\)](#)

Other functions to import files of common formats: [list\\_csv\(\)](#)

## Examples

```
(path_csv <- tor_example("csv"))  
dir(path_csv)  
  
load_csv(path_csv)  
# Each file is now available in the global environment  
csv1  
csv2  
  
(path_mixed <- tor_example("mixed"))  
dir(path_mixed)  
  
# Loading the data in an environment other than the global environment  
e <- new.env()  
load_rdata(path_mixed, envir = e)  
# Each dataframe is now available in the environment `e`  
e$lower_rdata  
e$upper_rdata
```

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<code>tor_example</code>	<i>Easily access example data.</i>
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## Description

Easily access example data.

## Usage

```
tor_example(path = NULL)
```

## Arguments

`path` Length-1 character vector. A path to an available directory.

## Value

A character string listing available directories or a length-1 string giving a path to a directory.

## Author(s)

Copied from `readr_example()` from the **readr** package, by Jim Hester and colleagues.

## Examples

```
tor_example()  
tor_example("csv")  
dir(tor_example("csv"))
```

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