

# Package ‘safer’

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**Type** Package

**Title** Encrypt and Decrypt Strings, R Objects and Files

**Version** 0.2.1

**Description** A consistent interface to encrypt and decrypt strings, R objects and files using symmetric and asymmetric key encryption.

**Imports** sodium (>= 0.4), base64enc (>= 0.1.3), assertthat (>= 0.1)

**Depends** R (>= 3.3.0)

**License** GPL-3

**URL** <https://github.com/talegari/safer>

**BugReports** <https://github.com/talegari/safer/issues>

**Encoding** UTF-8

**LazyData** true

**RoxygenNote** 6.0.1

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safer-package	<i>safer</i>
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## Description

A consistent interface to encrypt/decrypt strings, R objects, files. Alternatives for base R functions 'serialize/unserialize', 'save/load' are provided.

The following functions are provided:

**encrypt\_string/decrypt\_string:** encrypt\_string encrypts a string as a string and decrypt\_string decrypts the encrypted string(encrypted using encrypt\_string)

**encrypt\_object/decrypt object:** encrypt\_object encrypts a R object as a raw object or a string and decrypt\_object decrypts a raw object or a string(encrypted by encrypt\_object)

**encrypt\_file/decrypt\_file:** encrypt\_file encrypts file into another binary or ascii file. decrypt\_file) decrypts a file (encrypted by encrypt\_file)

**save\_object/retrieve\_object:** save\_object encrypts a R object to raw or text connection or a file. retrieve\_object decrypts a raw or a text connection or a file (encrypted by save\_object.)

## Author(s)

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## See Also

Useful links:

- <https://github.com/talegari/safer>
- Report bugs at <https://github.com/talegari/safer/issues>

decrypt_file	<i>Decrypt a file</i>
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## Description

encrypt\_file) encrypts a file as a binary or a ascii file. decrypt\_file) decrypts a text or a binary file (encrypted by encrypt\_file)

## Usage

```
decrypt_file(infile, key = "pass", pkey = NULL, ascii = FALSE, outfile)
```

## Arguments

infile	file to be decrypted
key	For symmetric decryption, 'pkey' should be NULL (default) and 'key' can be either a string (Default is 'pass') or a raw object. For asymmetric decryption, both 'key' (private key of the decrypter) and 'pkey' (public key of the encrypter) should be raw objects.
pkey	See 'key'
ascii	TRUE if the outfile is to be decrypted as a ascii file. Default is FALSE
outfile	Non-existant file where the decrypted output is to be written

## Value

An invisible TRUE

## Examples

```
# symmetric case:
write.table(iris, "iris.csv")
all(
  encrypt_file("iris.csv", outfile = "iris_encrypted.bin")
  , file.exists("iris_encrypted.bin")
  , decrypt_file("iris_encrypted.bin", outfile = "iris_2.csv")
  , file.exists("iris_2.csv")
  , tools::md5sum("iris_2.csv") == tools::md5sum("iris.csv")
  , unlink("iris.csv") == 0
  , unlink("iris_2.csv") == 0
  , unlink("iris_encrypted.bin") == 0
)

write.table(iris, "iris.csv")
all(
  encrypt_file("iris.csv", outfile = "iris_encrypted.txt", ascii = TRUE)
  , file.exists("iris_encrypted.txt")
  , decrypt_file("iris_encrypted.txt", outfile = "iris_2.csv", ascii = TRUE)
  , file.exists("iris_2.csv")
  , tools::md5sum("iris_2.csv") == tools::md5sum("iris.csv")
  , unlink("iris.csv") == 0
  , unlink("iris_2.csv") == 0
  , unlink("iris_encrypted.txt") == 0
)

# asymmetric case:
alice <- keypair()
bob   <- keypair()
write.table(iris, "iris.csv")
all(
  encrypt_file("iris.csv", alice$private_key, bob$public_key, outfile = "iris_encrypted.bin")
  , file.exists("iris_encrypted.bin")
  , decrypt_file("iris_encrypted.bin", bob$private_key, alice$public_key, outfile = "iris_2.csv")
  , file.exists("iris_2.csv")
```

```

, tools::md5sum("iris_2.csv") == tools::md5sum("iris.csv")
, unlink("iris.csv") == 0
, unlink("iris_2.csv") == 0
, unlink("iris_encrypted.bin") == 0
)

```

**decrypt\_object***Decrypt a object***Description**

`encrypt_object` encrypts a R object as a raw object or a string and `decrypt_object` decrypts a raw object or a string(encrypted by `encrypt_object`)

**Usage**

```
decrypt_object(object, key = "pass", pkey = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

<code>object</code>	Object to be decrypted
<code>key</code>	For symmetric decryption, 'pkey' should be NULL (default) and 'key' can be either a string (Default is 'pass') or a raw object. For asymmetric decryption, both 'key' (private key of the decrypter) and 'pkey' (public key of the encrypter) should be raw objects.
<code>pkey</code>	See 'key'

**Value**

A raw object if `ascii` is FALSE. A string if `ascii` is TRUE.

**Examples**

```

# symmetric case:
temp <- encrypt_object(1:3)
all(
  is.raw(temp)
, decrypt_object(temp) == 1:3)

temp <- encrypt_object(iris, ascii = TRUE)
all(
  is.character(temp)
, decrypt_object(temp) == iris
, identical(decrypt_object(temp), iris))
rm(temp)

# asymmetric case:
alice <- keypair()

```

```

bob   <- keypair()
temp  <- encrypt_object(1:10, alice$private_key, bob$public_key)
temp2 <- decrypt_object(temp, bob$private_key, alice$public_key)
identical(1:10, temp2)

```

<code>decrypt_string</code>	<i>Decrypt a string or a raw vector</i>
-----------------------------	---

## Description

`encrypt_string` encrypts a string as a string or a raw vector and `decrypt_string` decrypts the encrypted string or a raw vector (encrypted using `encrypt_string`)

## Usage

```
decrypt_string(string, key = "pass", pkey = NULL)
```

## Arguments

<code>string</code>	A string(character vector of length 1) without embedded NULL to be encrypted. or a raw vector.
<code>key</code>	For symmetric decryption, 'pkey' should be NULL (default) and 'key' can be either a string (Default is 'pass') or a raw object. For asymmetric decryption, both 'key' (private key of the decrypter) and 'pkey' (public key of the encrypter) should be raw objects.
<code>pkey</code>	See 'key'

## Value

decrypted string

## Examples

```

# symmetric case:
temp <- encrypt_string("hello, how are you", key = "secret")
all(
  is.character(temp)
, decrypt_string(temp, "secret") == "hello, how are you"
, class(try(decrypt_string(temp, "nopass"), silent = TRUE)) == "try-error"
)

# string encoded as raw
res <- encrypt_string("tatvamasi", ascii = FALSE)
res

isTRUE(identical(decrypt_string(res), "tatvamasi"))

# asymmetric case:

```

```
alice <- keypair()
bob   <- keypair()
temp  <- encrypt_string("hello asymmetric", alice$private_key, bob$public_key)
temp2 <- decrypt_string(temp, bob$private_key, alice$public_key)
identical("hello asymmetric", temp2)
```

**encrypt\_file***Encrypt a file***Description**

`encrypt_file`) encrypts a file as a binary or a ascii file. `decrypt_file`) decrypts a text or a binary file (encrypted by `encrypt_file`)

**Usage**

```
encrypt_file(infile, key = "pass", pkey = NULL, ascii = FALSE, outfile)
```

**Arguments**

<code>infile</code>	file to be encrypted
<code>key</code>	For symmetric encryption, 'pkey' should be NULL (default) and 'key' can be either a string (Default is 'pass') or a raw object. For asymmetric encryption, both 'key' (private key of the encrypter) and 'pkey' (public key of the decrypter) should be raw objects.
<code>pkey</code>	See 'key'
<code>ascii</code>	TRUE if the outfile is to be encrypted as a ascii file. Default is FALSE
<code>outfile</code>	Non-existant file where the encrypted output is to be written

**Value**

An invisible TRUE

**Examples**

```
# symmetric case:
write.table(iris, "iris.csv")
all(
  encrypt_file("iris.csv", outfile = "iris_encrypted.bin")
  , file.exists("iris_encrypted.bin")
  , decrypt_file("iris_encrypted.bin", outfile = "iris_2.csv")
  , file.exists("iris_2.csv")
  , tools::md5sum("iris_2.csv") == tools::md5sum("iris.csv")
  , unlink("iris.csv") == 0
  , unlink("iris_2.csv") == 0
  , unlink("iris_encrypted.bin") == 0
)
```

```

write.table(iris, "iris.csv")
all(
  encrypt_file("iris.csv", outfile = "iris_encrypted.txt", ascii = TRUE)
  , file.exists("iris_encrypted.txt")
  , decrypt_file("iris_encrypted.txt", outfile = "iris_2.csv", ascii = TRUE)
  , file.exists("iris_2.csv")
  , tools::md5sum("iris_2.csv") == tools::md5sum("iris.csv")
  , unlink("iris.csv") == 0
  , unlink("iris_2.csv") == 0
  , unlink("iris_encrypted.txt") == 0
)

# asymmetric case:
alice <- keypair()
bob   <- keypair()
write.table(iris, "iris.csv")
all(
  encrypt_file("iris.csv", alice$private_key, bob$public_key, outfile = "iris_encrypted.bin")
  , file.exists("iris_encrypted.bin")
  , decrypt_file("iris_encrypted.bin", bob$private_key, alice$public_key, outfile = "iris_2.csv")
  , file.exists("iris_2.csv")
  , tools::md5sum("iris_2.csv") == tools::md5sum("iris.csv")
  , unlink("iris.csv") == 0
  , unlink("iris_2.csv") == 0
  , unlink("iris_encrypted.bin") == 0
)

```

**encrypt\_object***Encrypt a object***Description**

`encrypt_object` encrypts a object as a raw object or a string and `decrypt_object` decrypts a raw object or a string(encrypted by `encrypt_object`)

**Usage**

```
encrypt_object(object, key = "pass", pkey = NULL, ascii = FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

<code>object</code>	Object to be encrypted
<code>key</code>	For symmetric encryption, 'pkey' should be NULL (default) and 'key' can be either a string (Default is 'pass') or a raw object. For asymmetric encryption, both 'key' (private key of the encrypter) and 'pkey' (public key of the decrypter) should be raw objects.
<code>pkey</code>	See 'key'
<code>ascii</code>	TRUE if the object is to be encrypted as a string. Default is FALSE

**Value**

A raw object if `ascii` is FALSE. A string if `ascii` is TRUE.

**Examples**

```
# symmetric case:
temp <- encrypt_object(1:3)
all(
  is.raw(temp)
, decrypt_object(temp) == 1:3)

temp <- encrypt_object(iris, ascii = TRUE)
all(
  is.character(temp)
, decrypt_object(temp) == iris
, identical(decrypt_object(temp), iris))
rm(temp)

# asymmetric case:
alice <- keypair()
bob   <- keypair()
temp  <- encrypt_object(1:10, alice$private_key, bob$public_key)
temp2 <- decrypt_object(temp, bob$private_key, alice$public_key)
identical(1:10, temp2)
```

**encrypt\_string**

*Encrypt a string*

**Description**

`encrypt_string` encrypts a string as a string or a raw vector and `decrypt_string` decrypts the encrypted string or a raw vector (encrypted using `encrypt_string`)

**Usage**

```
encrypt_string(string, key = "pass", pkey = NULL, ascii = TRUE)
```

**Arguments**

<code>string</code>	A string(character vector of length 1) without embedded NULL to be encrypted or a raw vector.
<code>key</code>	For symmetric encryption, 'pkey' should be NULL (default) and 'key' can be either a string (Default is 'pass') or a raw object. For asymmetric encryption, both 'key' (private key of the encrypter) and 'pkey' (public key of the decrypter) should be raw objects.
<code>pkey</code>	See 'key'
<code>ascii</code>	(flag) When TRUE (default), the output is a string after base64 encoding. Else, the output is a raw vector.

**Value**

An encrypted string or a raw vector.

**Examples**

```
# symmetric case:
temp <- encrypt_string("hello, how are you", key = "secret")
all(
  is.character(temp)
  , decrypt_string(temp, "secret") == "hello, how are you"
  , class(try(decrypt_string(temp, "nopass"), silent = TRUE)) == "try-error"
)

# string encoded as raw
res <- encrypt_string("tatvamasi", ascii = FALSE)
res

isTRUE(identical(decrypt_string(res), "tatvamasi"))

# asymmetric case:
alice <- keypair()
bob   <- keypair()
temp  <- encrypt_string("hello asymmetric", alice$private_key, bob$public_key)
temp2 <- decrypt_string(temp, bob$private_key, alice$public_key)
identical("hello asymmetric", temp2)
```

keypair

*Generate a public key and private key pair*

**Description**

Using sodium's 'keygen' and 'pubkey' based on curve25519

**Usage**

```
keypair(seed = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

seed	A raw object. If NULL, a random seed will be chosen.
------	--

**Value**

A list with:

- public\_key: A raw object
- private\_key: A raw object
- seed: A raw object

## Examples

```
temp <- keypair()
str(temp)
```

retrieve_object	<i>Retrieve an object from a connection(or a file)</i>
-----------------	--

## Description

`save_object` encrypts a R object to raw or text connection or a file. `retrieve_object` decrypts a raw or a text connection or a file (encrypted by `save_object`). Note that `retrieve_object` returns the object.

## Usage

```
retrieve_object(conn, key = "pass", pkey = NULL, ascii = FALSE)
```

## Arguments

conn	A connection or a file where the decrypted content is written. If <code>ascii</code> is TRUE, an decrypted text is written to the connection. Else, when <code>ascii</code> is FALSE(default), a raw object is written to the connection
key	For symmetric decryption, 'pkey' should be NULL (default) and 'key' can be either a string (Default is 'pass') or a raw object. For asymmetric decryption, both 'key' (private key of the decrypter) and 'pkey' (public key of the encrypter) should be raw objects.
pkey	See 'key'
ascii	TRUE, if the encrypted output is a string(written to the text connection). FALSE, if the encrypted output is a raw object(written to the raw connection)

## Value

An invisible TRUE

## Examples

```
# symmetric case:
all(
  save_object(iris, conn = "iris_safer.bin")
  , identical(retrieve_object(conn = "iris_safer.bin"), iris)
  , unlink("iris_safer.bin") == 0
)

all(
  save_object(iris, conn = "iris_safer_2.txt", ascii = TRUE)
  , identical(retrieve_object(conn = "iris_safer_2.txt", ascii = TRUE), iris)
  , unlink("iris_safer_2.txt") == 0
```

```

)
# asymmetric case:
alice <- keypair()
bob   <- keypair()
all(
  save_object(iris, alice$private_key, bob$public_key, conn = "iris_safer.bin")
  , identical(retrieve_object(conn = "iris_safer.bin", bob$private_key, alice$public_key), iris)
  , unlink("iris_safer.bin") == 0
)

```

**save\_object***Save an object to a connection(or a file)***Description**

`save_object` encrypts a R object to raw or text connection or a file. `retrieve_object` decrypts a raw or a text connection or a file (encrypted by `save_object`). Note that `retrieve_object` returns the object.

**Usage**

```
save_object(object, key = "pass", pkey = NULL, ascii = FALSE, conn)
```

**Arguments**

<code>object</code>	A R object to be encrypted
<code>key</code>	For symmetric encryption, 'pkey' should be NULL (default) and 'key' can be either a string (Default is 'pass') or a raw object. For asymmetric encryption, both 'key' (private key of the encrypter) and 'pkey' (public key of the decrypter) should be raw objects.
<code>pkey</code>	See 'key'
<code>ascii</code>	TRUE, if the encrypted output is a string(written to the text connection). FALSE, if the encrypted output is a raw object(written to the raw connection)
<code>conn</code>	A connection or a file where the encrypted content is written. If <code>ascii</code> is TRUE, an encrypted text is written to the connection. Else, when <code>ascii</code> is FALSE(default), a raw object is written to the connection

**Value**

An invisible TRUE

**Examples**

```
# symmetric case:  
all(  
  save_object(iris, conn = "iris_safer.bin")  
  , identical(retrieve_object(conn = "iris_safer.bin"), iris)  
  , unlink("iris_safer.bin") == 0  
)  
  
all(  
  save_object(iris, conn = "iris_safer_2.txt", ascii = TRUE)  
  , identical(retrieve_object(conn = "iris_safer_2.txt", ascii = TRUE), iris)  
  , unlink("iris_safer_2.txt") == 0  
)  
  
# asymmetric case:  
alice <- keypair()  
bob   <- keypair()  
all(  
  save_object(iris, alice$private_key, bob$public_key, conn = "iris_safer.bin")  
  , identical(retrieve_object(conn = "iris_safer.bin", bob$private_key, alice$public_key), iris)  
  , unlink("iris_safer.bin") == 0  
)
```

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