

# Package ‘rvMF’

March 27, 2024

**Title** Fast Generation of von Mises-Fisher Distributed Pseudo-Random Vectors

**Version** 0.1.0

**Description** Generates pseudo-random vectors that follow an arbitrary von Mises-Fisher distribution on a sphere. This method is fast and efficient when generating a large number of pseudo-random vectors. Functions to generate random variates and compute density for the distribution of an inner product between von Mises-Fisher random vector and its mean direction are also provided. Details are in Kang and Oh (2024) <[doi:10.1007/s11222-024-10419-3](https://doi.org/10.1007/s11222-024-10419-3)>.

**URL** <https://github.com/seungwoo-stat/rvMF>

**BugReports** <https://github.com/seungwoo-stat/rvMF/issues>

**License** GPL (>= 3)

**Encoding** UTF-8

**RoxygenNote** 7.3.1

**LinkingTo** Rcpp

**Imports** Bessel (>= 0.6-0), Rcpp (>= 1.0.10), Rfast (>= 2.0.6), scModels (>= 1.0.4)

**NeedsCompilation** yes

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**Repository** CRAN

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## Description

`rvMF()` generates von Mises–Fisher distributed pseudo-random vectors, without resorting to the rejection-based sampling method proposed by Wood (1994). See Kang and Oh (2024) for details. This function partly uses the code from the function `Rfast::rvmf()` and the article Marsaglia et al. (2004).

## Usage

```
rvMF(n, mu, k)
```

## Arguments

|                 |  |
|-----------------|--|
| <code>n</code>  | number of pseudo-random vectors to generate. |
| <code>mu</code> | mean direction.                              |
| <code>k</code>  | concentration parameter. $k \geq 0$ .        |

## Value

matrix where each row independently follows the specified von Mises–Fisher distribution. The number of columns equals the length of `mu`, and the number of rows equals `n` for `rvMF`.

## References

- S. Kang and H.-S. Oh. Novel sampling method for the von Mises–Fisher distribution. *Statistics and Computing*, 34(3):106, 2024.
- K. V. Mardia and P. E. Jupp. *Directional Statistics*, volume 494. John Wiley & Sons, Chichester, 1999.
- G. Marsaglia, W. W. Tsang, and J. Wang. Fast generation of discrete random variables. *Journal of Statistical Software*, 11(3):1–11, 2004.
- M. Papadakis, M. Tsagris, M. Dimitriadis, S. Fafalios, I. Tsamardinos, M. Fasiolo, G. Borboudakis, J. Burkhardt, C. Zou, K. Lakiotaki, and C. Chatzipantsiou. *Rfast: A Collection of Efficient and Extremely Fast R Functions*, 2022. <https://CRAN.R-project.org/package=Rfast>. R package version 2.0.6.
- A. T. Wood. Simulation of the von Mises Fisher distribution. *Communications in Statistics—Simulation and Computation*, 23(1):157–164, 1994.

## See Also

`rvMFangle()`, `dvMFangle()`, `Rfast::rvmf()`.

## Examples

```
rvMF(10, c(0,0,1), 10)
rvMF(10, c(1,1)/sqrt(2), 0)
```

vMFangle

*Inner Product of von Mises–Fisher Random Vector and Mean Direction*

## Description

These functions provide information about the distribution of an inner product between von Mises–Fisher random vector and its mean direction. Specifically, if  $X$  follows a von Mises–Fisher distribution with mean direction  $\mu$ , the inner product  $X'\mu$  will be a random variable following some distribution. See page 170 of Mardia and Jupp (1999). `rvMFangle()` generates random variates using the algorithm proposed in Kang and Oh (2024), and `dvMFangle` gives the density from this distribution. This function partly uses the code from the article Marsaglia et al. (2004).

## Usage

```
rvMFangle(n, p, kappa)
dvMFangle(r, p, kappa)
```

## Arguments

|                    |  |
|--------------------|--|
| <code>n</code>     | number of random vectors to generate.  |
| <code>p</code>     | dimension of the sphere. i.e., $S^{p-1}$ , $p \geq 2$ .  |
| <code>kappa</code> | concentration parameter. $\text{kappa} > 0$ . Setting <code>kappa = 0</code> may cause errors. |
| <code>r</code>     | vector of quantiles. $-1 \leq r \leq 1$ .  |

## Value

- `rvMFangle()` returns a vector whose components independently follow the aforementioned distribution. The length of the result is determined by `n` for `rvMFangle()`.
- `dvMFangle()` returns a vector of density function value. The length of the result is determined by the length of `r` for `dvMFangle()`.

## References

- S. Kang and H.-S. Oh. Novel sampling method for the von Mises–Fisher distribution. *Statistics and Computing*, 34(3):106, 2024.
- K. V. Mardia and P. E. Jupp. *Directional Statistics*, volume 494. John Wiley & Sons, Chichester, 1999.
- G. Marsaglia, W. W. Tsang, and J. Wang. Fast generation of discrete random variables. *Journal of Statistical Software*, 11(3):1–11, 2004.

**See Also**

[rvMF\(\)](#) wrapper of `rvMFangle()`.

**Examples**

```
rvMFangle(10, 2, 10)
rvMFangle(10, 3, 0.1)
dvMFangle(seq(-1,1,by=0.01), 2, 10)
dvMFangle(seq(0,1,by=0.01), 3, 0.1)
```

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