# Package 'epidatr'

March 20, 2025

Type Package

Title Client for Delphi's 'Epidata' API

Version 1.2.1

Description The Delphi 'Epidata' API provides real-time access to epidemiological surveillance data for influenza, 'COVID-19', and other diseases for the USA at various geographical resolutions, both from official government sources such as the Center for Disease Control (CDC) and Google Trends and private partners such as Facebook and Change 'Healthcare'. It is built and maintained by the Carnegie Mellon University Delphi research group. To cite this API: David C. Farrow, Logan C. Brooks, Aaron 'Rumack', Ryan J. 'Tibshirani', 'Roni' 'Rosenfeld' (2015). Delphi 'Epidata' API. <https://github.com/cmu-delphi/delphi-epidata>.

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URL https://cmu-delphi.github.io/epidatr/,

https://cmu-delphi.github.io/delphi-epidata/,

https://github.com/cmu-delphi/epidatr

BugReports https://github.com/cmu-delphi/epidatr/issues

## **Depends** R (>= 3.5.0)

- Imports cachem, checkmate, cli, glue, httr, jsonlite, magrittr, MMWRweek, openssl, purrr, rappdirs, readr, rlang, tibble, usethis, xml2
- **Suggests** dplyr, ggplot2, knitr, mapproj, maps, rmarkdown, testthat (>= 3.1.5), withr

VignetteBuilder knitr

Config/Needs/website cmu-delphi/delphidocs

Config/testthat/edition 3

**Encoding** UTF-8

Language en-US

RoxygenNote 7.3.2

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Collate 'auth.R' 'avail\_endpoints.R' 'cache.R' 'check.R' 'constants.R' 'covidcast.R' 'endpoints.R' 'epidatacall.R' 'epidatr-package.R' 'model.R' 'request.R' 'utils-pipe.R' 'utils.R'

#### NeedsCompilation no

Author Logan Brooks [aut], Dmitry Shemetov [aut], Samuel Gratzl [aut], David Weber [ctb, cre], Nat DeFries [ctb], Alex Reinhart [ctb], Daniel J. McDonald [ctb], Kean Ming Tan [ctb], Will Townes [ctb], George Haff [ctb], Kathryn Mazaitis [ctb]

Maintainer David Weber <davidweb@andrew.cmu.edu>

**Repository** CRAN

Date/Publication 2025-03-20 19:00:02 UTC

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avail\_endpoints

List all available Epidata API endpoints

# Description

Fetches a data frame of all Epidata API endpoints that can be accessed using this package, with a brief description.

## Usage

```
avail_endpoints()
```

# Value

A tibble::tibble of endpoints, with two columns:

| Endpoint    | Name of the function for accessing this API endpoint.           |
|-------------|---|
| Description | One-sentence description of the data available at the endpoint. |

## Examples

avail\_endpoints()

cache\_info

#### Description

Print out the information about the cache (as would be returned by cachem's info() method).

#### Usage

cache\_info()

#### Value

list containing the info result as created by cachem

#### See Also

set\_cache to start a new cache (and general caching info), clear\_cache to delete the cache and set a new one, and disable\_cache to disable without deleting

| clear_cache | Manually reset the cache, deleting all currently saved data and start- |
|-------------|--|
|             | ing afresh   |

#### Description

Deletes the current cache and resets a new cache. Deletes local data! If you are using a session unique cache, the previous settings will be reused. If you pass in new set\_cache arguments, they will take precedence over the previous settings.

#### Usage

```
clear_cache(..., disable = FALSE)
```

#### Arguments

| ٠ | ٠ | ٠ |  |
|---|---|---|--|

Arguments passed on to set\_cache

| cache_dir the directory in which the cache is stored. By default, this is rappdirs::user_cache_dir(" |
|--|
| version = "epidatr"). The path can be either relative or absolute. The                               |
| environmental variable is EPIDATR_CACHE_DIR.   |
| days the maximum length of time in days to keep any particular cached call. By                       |
| default this is 1. The environmental variable is EPIDATR_CACHE_MAX_AGE_DAYS.                         |
|  |

max\_size the size of the entire cache, in MB, at which to start pruning entries. By default this is 1024, or 1GB. The environmental variable is EPIDATR\_CACHE\_MAX\_SIZE\_MB.

|         | <pre>logfile where cachem's log of transactions is stored, relative to the cache di-<br/>rectory. By default, it is "logfile.txt". The environmental variable is<br/>EPIDATR_CACHE_LOGFILE.</pre> |
|---------|---|
|         | confirm whether to confirm directory creation. default is TRUE; should only be set in non-interactive scripts   |
|         | startup indicates whether the function is being called on startup. Affects sup-<br>pressability of the messages. Default is FALSE.  |
| disable | instead of setting a new cache, disable caching entirely; defaults to FALSE   |

#### Value

NULL no return value, all effects are stored in the package environment

#### See Also

set\_cache to start a new cache (and general caching info), disable\_cache to only disable without
deleting, and cache\_info

covidcast\_epidata Creates the COVIDcast Epidata autocomplete helper

#### Description

Creates a helper object that can use auto-complete to help find COVIDcast sources and signals. The COVIDcast endpoint of the Epidata API contains many separate data sources and signals. It can be difficult to find the name of the signal you're looking for, so you can use covidcast\_epidata to get help with finding sources and functions without leaving R.

The covidcast\_epidata() function fetches a list of all signals, and returns an object containing fields for every signal:

```
epidata <- covidcast_epidata()</pre>
epidata$signals
#> # A tibble: 468 x 3
#>
      source
                    signal
                                                   short_description
                    <chr>
                                                   <chr>
#>
      <chr>
#> 1 chng
                  smoothed_outpatient_cli
                                               Estimated percentage of outpatie~
                                               Estimated percentage of outpatie~
#> 2 chng
                 smoothed_adj_outpatient_cli
                                                   COVID-Confirmed Doctor Visits
#> 3 chng
                    smoothed_outpatient_covid
                    smoothed_adj_outpatient_covid COVID-Confirmed Doctor Visits
#> 4 chng
#> 5 chng
                                               Estimated percentage of outpatie~
                  smoothed_outpatient_flu
#> 6 chng
                 smoothed_adj_outpatient_flu
                                               Estimated percentage of outpatie~
#> 7 chng
                  7dav_inpatient_covid
                                               Ratio of inpatient hospitalizati~
#> 8 chng
                  7dav_outpatient_covid
                                               Ratio of outpatient doctor visit~
#> 9 covid-act-now pcr_specimen_positivity_rate Proportion of PCR specimens test~
#> 10 covid-act-now pcr_specimen_total_tests
                                                Total number of PCR specimens te~
#> # i 458 more rows
```

If you use an editor that supports tab completion, such as RStudio, type epidata\$signals\$ and wait for the tab completion popup. You will be able to type the name of signals and have the autocomplete feature select them from the list for you. Note that some signal names have dashes in them, so to access them we rely on the backtick operator:

```
epidata$signals$`fb-survey:smoothed_cli`
#> [1] "COVID-Like Symptoms (Unweighted 7-day average)"
#> [1] "fb-survey:smoothed_cli"
#> [1] "Estimated percentage of people with COVID-like illness "
```

These objects can be used directly to fetch data, without requiring us to use the pub\_covidcast() function. Simply use the \$call attribute of the object:

```
epidata$signals$`fb-survey:smoothed_cli`$call("state", "pa",
                                              epirange(20210405, 20210410))
#> # A tibble: 6 x 15
#>
     geo_value signal
                          source geo_type time_type time_value direction issue
#>
     <chr>
              <chr>
                          <chr> <fct>
                                          <fct>
                                                    <date>
                                                                   <dbl> <date>
#> 1 pa
             smoothed_~ fb-su~ state
                                                 2021-04-05
                                                                  NA 2021-04-10
                                        day
             smoothed_~ fb-su~ state
#> 2 pa
                                        day
                                                 2021-04-06
                                                                  NA 2021-04-11
             smoothed_~ fb-su~ state
                                                 2021-04-07
                                                                  NA 2021-04-12
#> 3 pa
                                        day
#> 4 pa
             smoothed_~ fb-su~ state
                                        day
                                                 2021-04-08
                                                                  NA 2021-04-13
                                                                  NA 2021-04-14
#> 5 pa
             smoothed_~ fb-su~ state
                                        day
                                                 2021-04-09
#> 6 pa
             smoothed_~ fb-su~ state
                                        day
                                                 2021-04-10
                                                                  NA 2021-04-15
#> # i 7 more variables: lag <dbl>, missing_value <dbl>, missing_stderr <dbl>,
      missing_sample_size <dbl>, value <dbl>, stderr <dbl>, sample_size <dbl>
#> #
```

#### Usage

```
covidcast_epidata(base_url = global_base_url, timeout_seconds = 30)
```

#### Arguments

base\_url optional alternative API base url

timeout\_seconds

the maximum amount of time to wait for a response

#### Value

An instance of covidcast\_epidata

create\_epidata\_call An abstraction that holds information needed to make an epidata request

## Description

epidata\_call objects are generated internally by endpoint functions like pub\_covidcast; by default, they are piped directly into the fetch function to fetch and format the data. For most endpoints this will return a tibble, but a few non-COVIDCAST endpoints will return a JSON-like list instead.

#### Usage

```
create_epidata_call(
   endpoint,
   params,
   meta = NULL,
   only_supports_classic = FALSE
)
```

fetch(epidata\_call, fetch\_args = fetch\_args\_list())

## Arguments

| endpoint       | the epidata endpoint to call                   |
|----------------|--|
| params         | the parameters to pass to the epidata endpoint |
| meta           | meta data to attach to the epidata call        |
| only_supports_ | classic  |
|                | if true only classic format is supported       |
| epidata_call   | an instance of epidata_call                    |
| fetch_args     | a fetch_args object                            |

## Details

create\_epidata\_call is the constructor for epidata\_call objects, but you should not need to use it directly; instead, use an endpoint function, e.g., pub\_covidcast, to generate an epidata\_call for the data of interest.

There are some other functions available for debugging and advanced usage: - request\_url (for debugging): outputs the request URL from which data would be fetched (note additional parameters below)

fetch usually returns the data in tibble format, but a few of the endpoints only support the JSON classic format (pub\_delphi, pvt\_meta\_norostat, and pub\_meta). In that case a JSON-like nested list structure is returned instead.

## Value

- For create\_epidata\_call: an epidata\_call object
- For fetch: a tibble or a JSON-like list

#### Examples

```
## Not run:
call <- pub_covidcast(
  source = "jhu-csse",
  signals = "confirmed_7dav_incidence_prop",
  time_type = "day",
  geo_type = "state",
  time_values = epirange(20200601, 20200801),
  geo_values = c("ca", "fl"),
  fetch_args = fetch_args_list(dry_run = TRUE)
)
call %>% fetch()
## End(Not run)
```

disable\_cache Turn off the caching for this session

# Description

Disable caching until you call set\_cache or restart R. The files defining the cache are untouched. If you are looking to disable the caching more permanently, set EPIDATR\_USE\_CACHE=FALSE as environmental variable in your .Renviron.

#### Usage

```
disable_cache()
```

#### Value

NULL no return value, all effects are stored in the package environment

#### See Also

set\_cache to start a new cache (and general caching info), clear\_cache to delete the cache and set a new one, and cache\_info epirange

## Description

Specify a date range (in days or epiweeks) for an API request.

#### Usage

epirange(from, to)

#### Arguments

| from | The first date to request. Can be specified as a Date or as an integer or integer- |
|------|--|
|      | like string in the format YYYYMMDD for dates or YYYYWW for epiweeks.               |
| to   | The final date to request (inclusive), specified the same way as from.             |

## Details

Epiweeks, also known as MMWR weeks number the weeks of the year from 1 to 53, each week spanning from Sunday to Saturday. The numbering is defined by the CDC.

#### Value

An EpiRange object.

#### Examples

```
# Represents 2021-01-01 to 2021-01-07, inclusive
epirange(20210101, 20210107)
# The same, but using Date objects
epirange(as.Date("2021-01-01"), as.Date("2021-01-07"))
# Represents epiweeks 2 through 4 of 2022, inclusive
epirange(202202, 202204)
```

fetch\_args\_list Set custom API request parameters

## Description

Used to specify custom options when making API requests, such as to set timeouts or change data formats. These options are used by fetch() when it makes calls to the Epidata API.

# Usage

```
fetch_args_list(
    ...,
    fields = NULL,
    disable_date_parsing = FALSE,
    disable_data_frame_parsing = FALSE,
    return_empty = FALSE,
    timeout_seconds = 15 * 60,
    base_url = NULL,
    dry_run = FALSE,
    debug = FALSE,
    format_type = c("json", "classic", "csv"),
    refresh_cache = FALSE
)
```

## Arguments

|                | not used for values, forces later arguments to bind by name   |
|----------------|---|
| fields         | a list of epidata fields to return, or NULL to return all fields (default). e.g. c("time_value", "value") to return only the time_value and value fields or c("-direction") to return everything except the direction field |
| disable_date_p | arsing  |
|                | disable automatic date parsing  |
| disable_data_f | rame_parsing  |
|                | disable automatic conversion to data frame; this is only supported by endpoints that only support the 'classic' format (non-tabular)  |
| return_empty   | boolean that allows returning an empty tibble if there is no data   |
| timeout_second | S   |
|                | the maximum amount of time (in seconds) to wait for a response from the API server  |
| base_url       | base URL to use; by default NULL, which means the global base URL "https://api.delphi.cmu.edu/ep  |
| dry_run        | if TRUE, skip the call to the API and instead return the epidata_call object (useful for debugging)   |
| debug          | if TRUE, return the raw response from the API   |
| format_type    | the format to request from the API, one of classic, json, csv; this is only used by fetch_debug, and by default is "json"   |
| refresh_cache  | if TRUE, ignore the cache, fetch the data from the API, and update the cache, if it is enabled  |

# Value

A fetch\_args object containing all the specified options

#### Description

Get and set the API key used to make requests to the Epidata API. Without a key, requests may be subject to rate limits and other limitations.

#### Usage

```
get_api_key()
```

save\_api\_key()

#### Details

We recommend you register for an API key. While most endpoints are available without one, there are limits on API usage for anonymous users, including a rate limit. If you regularly request large amounts of data, please consider registering for an API key.

API keys are strings read from the environment variable DELPHI\_EPIDATA\_KEY. We recommend setting your key with save\_api\_key(), which will modify an applicable .Renviron file, which will be read in automatically when you start future R sessions (see ?Startup for details on .Renviron files). Alternatively, you can modify the environment variable at the command line before/while launching R, or inside an R session with Sys.setenv(), but these will not persist across sessions.

Once an API key is set, it is automatically used for all requests made by functions in this package.

#### Value

For get\_api\_key(), returns the current API key as a string, or "" if none is set.

#### References

- Delphi Epidata API Keys documentation.
- Delphi Epidata API Registration Form.

pub\_covidcast Various COVID and flu signals via the COVIDcast endpoint

#### Description

API docs: https://cmu-delphi.github.io/delphi-epidata/api/covidcast\_signals.html

The primary endpoint for fetching COVID-19 data, providing access to a wide variety of signals from a wide variety of sources. See the API documentation link above for more. Delphi's COVID-cast public dashboard is powered by this endpoint.

# Usage

```
pub_covidcast(
  source,
  signals,
  geo_type,
  time_type,
  geo_values = "*",
  time_values = "*",
   ...,
  as_of = NULL,
   issues = NULL,
   lag = NULL,
   fetch_args = fetch_args_list()
)
```

# Arguments

| source      | <pre>string. The data source to query (see: https://cmu-delphi.github.io/delphi-epidata/<br/>api/covidcast_signals.html).</pre>   |
|-------------|---|
| signals     | <pre>string. The signals to query from a specific source (see: https://cmu-delphi.<br/>github.io/delphi-epidata/api/covidcast_signals.html).</pre>  |
| geo_type    | <pre>string. The geographic resolution of the data (see: https://cmu-delphi.<br/>github.io/delphi-epidata/api/covidcast_geography.html).</pre>  |
| time_type   | string. The temporal resolution of the data (either "day" or "week", depending on signal).  |
| geo_values  | character. The geographies to return. Defaults to all ("*") geographies within re-<br>quested geographic resolution (see: https://cmu-delphi.github.io/delphi-epidata/<br>api/covidcast_geography.html.). |
| time_values | timeset. Dates to fetch. Defaults to all ("*") dates.   |
|             | not used for values, forces later arguments to bind by name   |
| as_of       | Date. Optionally, the as of date for the issues to fetch. If not specified, the most recent data is returned. Mutually exclusive with issues or lag.  |
| issues      | timeset. Optionally, the issue of the data to fetch. If not specified, the most recent issue is returned. Mutually exclusive with as_of or lag.   |
| lag         | integer. Optionally, the lag of the issues to fetch. If not set, the most recent issue is returned. Mutually exclusive with as_of or issues.  |
| fetch_args  | fetch_args. Additional arguments to pass to fetch().  |

# Value

tibble::tibble

#### See Also

pub\_covidcast\_meta(), covidcast\_epidata(), epirange()

#### pub\_covidcast\_meta

#### Examples

```
## Not run:
pub_covidcast(
  source = "jhu-csse",
  signals = "confirmed_7dav_incidence_prop",
  geo_type = "state",
  time_type = "day",
  geo_values = c("ca", "fl"),
  time_values = epirange(20200601, 20200801)
)
pub_covidcast(
  source = "jhu-csse",
  signals = "confirmed_7dav_incidence_prop",
  geo_type = "state",
  time_type = "day",
  geo_values = "*",
  time_values = epirange(20200601, 20200801)
)
## End(Not run)
```

pub\_covidcast\_meta Metadata for the COVIDcast endpoint

## Description

API docs: https://cmu-delphi.github.io/delphi-epidata/api/covidcast\_meta.html.

Fetch a summary of metadata for all sources and signals that are available in the API, along with basic summary statistics such as the dates they are available, the geographic levels at which they are reported, and etc.

#### Usage

```
pub_covidcast_meta(fetch_args = fetch_args_list())
```

#### Arguments

fetch\_args fetch\_args. Additional arguments to pass to fetch().

## Value

tibble::tibble

#### See Also

pub\_covidcast(),covidcast\_epidata()

#### Examples

```
## Not run:
pub_covidcast_meta()
```

## End(Not run)

pub\_covid\_hosp\_facility

COVID hospitalizations by facility

#### Description

API docs: https://cmu-delphi.github.io/delphi-epidata/api/covid\_hosp\_facility.html

Obtains the COVID-19 reported patient impact and hospital capacity data by facility. This dataset is provided by the US Department of Health & Human Services. The companion function pub\_covid\_hosp\_facility\_lookup can be used to look up facility identifiers in a variety of ways.

#### Usage

```
pub_covid_hosp_facility(
   hospital_pks,
   collection_weeks = "*",
   ...,
   publication_dates = NULL,
   fetch_args = fetch_args_list()
)
```

## Arguments

| hospital_pks  | character. Facility identifiers.  |
|---------------|---|
| collection_we | eks   |
|               | timeset. Dates (corresponding to epiweeks) to fetch. Defaults to all ("*") dates. |
|               | not used for values, forces later arguments to bind by name                       |
| publication_d | ates  |
|               | timeset. Publication dates to fetch.  |
| fetch_args    | fetch_args. Additional arguments to pass to fetch().                              |

## Details

Starting October 1, 2022, some facilities are only required to report annually.

#### Value

tibble::tibble

pub\_covid\_hosp\_facility\_lookup

#### See Also

pub\_covid\_hosp\_facility(), epirange()

#### Examples

```
## Not run:
pub_covid_hosp_facility(
   hospital_pks = "100075",
   collection_weeks = epirange(20200101, 20200501)
)
pub_covid_hosp_facility(
   hospital_pks = "050063",
   collection_weeks = epirange(20240101, 20240301)
)
## End(Not run)
```

pub\_covid\_hosp\_facility\_lookup Helper for finding COVID hospitalization facilities

## Description

API docs: https://cmu-delphi.github.io/delphi-epidata/api/covid\_hosp\_facility\_lookup. html

Obtains unique identifiers and other metadata for COVID hospitalization facilities of interest. This is a companion endpoint to the pub\_covid\_hosp\_facility() endpoint.

#### Usage

```
pub_covid_hosp_facility_lookup(
```

```
...,
state = NULL,
ccn = NULL,
city = NULL,
zip = NULL,
fips_code = NULL,
fetch_args = fetch_args_list()
)
```

#### Arguments

|       | not used for values, forces later arguments to bind by name |
|-------|---|
| state | string. A two-letter character state abbreviation.          |
| ccn   | string. A facility CMS certification number.                |
| city  | string. A city name.  |

| zip        | string. A 5-digit zip code.                          |
|------------|--|
| fips_code  | string. A 5-digit fips county code, zero-padded.     |
| fetch_args | fetch_args. Additional arguments to pass to fetch(). |

## Details

Only one location argument needs to be specified. Combinations of the arguments are not currently supported.

#### Value

tibble::tibble

# See Also

pub\_covid\_hosp\_facility()

#### Examples

```
## Not run:
pub_covid_hosp_facility_lookup(state = "fl")
pub_covid_hosp_facility_lookup(city = "southlake")
```

## End(Not run)

## Description

API docs: https://cmu-delphi.github.io/delphi-epidata/api/covid\_hosp.html.

Obtains the COVID-19 reported patient impact and hospital capacity data by state. This dataset is provided by the US Department of Health & Human Services.

#### Usage

```
pub_covid_hosp_state_timeseries(
   states,
   dates = "*",
    ...,
   as_of = NULL,
   issues = NULL,
   fetch_args = fetch_args_list()
)
```

## pub\_delphi

## Arguments

| states     | character. Two letter state abbreviations.  |
|------------|---|
| dates      | timeset. Dates to fetch. Defaults to all ("*") dates.   |
|            | not used for values, forces later arguments to bind by name   |
| as_of      | Date. Optionally, the as of date for the issues to fetch. If not specified, the most recent data is returned. Mutually exclusive with issues.   |
| issues     | timeset. Optionally, the issue of the data to fetch. If not specified, the most recent issue is returned. Mutually exclusive with as_of or lag. |
| fetch_args | fetch_args. Additional arguments to pass to fetch().  |

# Details

Starting October 1, 2022, some facilities are only required to report annually.

#### Value

#### tibble::tibble

## Examples

```
## Not run:
pub_covid_hosp_state_timeseries(
  states = "fl",
  dates = epirange(20200101, 20200501)
)
```

## End(Not run)

pub\_delphi

Delphi's ILINet outpatient doctor visits forecasts

## Description

```
API docs: https://cmu-delphi.github.io/delphi-epidata/api/delphi.html
```

#### Usage

```
pub_delphi(system, epiweek, fetch_args = fetch_args_list())
```

## Arguments

| system     | character. System name to fetch.   |
|------------|--|
| epiweek    | timeset. Epiweek to fetch. Does not support multiple dates. Make separate calls to fetch data for multiple epiweeks. |
| fetch_args | fetch_args. Additional arguments to pass to fetch().   |

#### Value

list

## Examples

```
## Not run:
pub_delphi(system = "ec", epiweek = 201501)
## End(Not run)
```

pub\_dengue\_nowcast Delphi's PAHO dengue nowcasts (North and South America)

## Description

API docs: https://cmu-delphi.github.io/delphi-epidata/api/dengue\_nowcast.html

#### Usage

```
pub_dengue_nowcast(locations, epiweeks = "*", fetch_args = fetch_args_list())
```

#### Arguments

| locations  | character. Locations to fetch.                           |
|------------|--|
| epiweeks   | timeset. Epiweeks to fetch. Defaults to all ("*") dates. |
| fetch_args | fetch_args. Additional arguments to pass to fetch().     |

## Value

tibble::tibble

## Examples

```
## Not run:
pub_dengue_nowcast(
   locations = "pr",
   epiweeks = epirange(201401, 202301)
)
## End(Not run)
```

pub\_ecdc\_ili

#### Description

API docs: https://cmu-delphi.github.io/delphi-epidata/api/ecdc\_ili.html.

Obtain information on influenza-like-illness from the European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control.

## Usage

```
pub_ecdc_ili(
  regions,
  epiweeks = "*",
   ...,
  issues = NULL,
  lag = NULL,
  fetch_args = fetch_args_list()
)
```

## Arguments

| regions    | character. Regions to fetch.  |
|------------|---|
| epiweeks   | timeset. Epiweeks to fetch. Defaults to all ("*") dates.  |
|            | not used for values, forces later arguments to bind by name   |
| issues     | timeset. Optionally, the issues to fetch. If not set, the most recent issue is returned. Mutually exclusive with lag.               |
| lag        | integer. Optionally, the lag of the issues to fetch. If not set, the most recent issue is returned. Mutually exclusive with issues. |
| fetch_args | fetch_args. Additional arguments to pass to fetch().  |

## Details

The list of location argument can be found in https://github.com/cmu-delphi/delphi-epidata/ blob/main/labels/ecdc\_regions.txt.

## Value

tibble::tibble

# Examples

```
## Not run:
pub_ecdc_ili(regions = "austria", epiweeks = epirange(201901, 202001))
## End(Not run)
```

```
pub_flusurv
```

#### Description

API docs: https://cmu-delphi.github.io/delphi-epidata/api/flusurv.html. Obtain information on influenza hospitalization rates from the Center of Disease Control. See also https://gis.cdc.gov/GRASP/Fluview/FluHospRates.html.

#### Usage

```
pub_flusurv(
    locations,
    epiweeks = "*",
    ...,
    issues = NULL,
    lag = NULL,
    fetch_args = fetch_args_list()
)
```

#### Arguments

| locations  | character. Character vector indicating location.  |
|------------|---|
| epiweeks   | timeset. Epiweeks to fetch. Defaults to all ("*") dates.  |
|            | not used for values, forces later arguments to bind by name   |
| issues     | timeset. Optionally, the issues to fetch. If not set, the most recent issue is returned. Mutually exclusive with lag.               |
| lag        | integer. Optionally, the lag of the issues to fetch. If not set, the most recent issue is returned. Mutually exclusive with issues. |
| fetch_args | fetch_args. Additional arguments to pass to fetch().  |

#### Details

The list of location argument can be found in https://github.com/cmu-delphi/delphi-epidata/ blob/main/labels/flusurv\_locations.txt.

## Value

#### tibble::tibble

## Examples

```
## Not run:
pub_flusurv(locations = "CA", epiweeks = epirange(201701, 201801))
```

## End(Not run)

pub\_fluview

#### Description

API docs: https://cmu-delphi.github.io/delphi-epidata/api/fluview.html. For

Obtains information on outpatient inluenza-like-illness (ILI) from U.S. Outpatient Influenza-like Illness Surveillance Network (ILINet).

more information on ILINet, see https://gis.cdc.gov/grasp/fluview/fluportaldashboard. html.

#### Usage

```
pub_fluview(
  regions,
  epiweeks = "*",
    ...,
  issues = NULL,
  lag = NULL,
  auth = NULL,
  fetch_args = fetch_args_list()
)
```

# Arguments

| regions    | character. Locations to fetch. Can be any string IDs in national, HHS region, census division, most states and territories, and so on. Full list link below.              |
|------------|---|
| epiweeks   | timeset. Epiweeks to fetch in the form epirange(startweek, endweek), where startweek and endweek are of the form YYYYWW (string or numeric). Defaults to all ("*") dates. |
|            | not used for values, forces later arguments to bind by name   |
| issues     | timeset. Optionally, the issues to fetch. If not set, the most recent issue is returned. Mutually exclusive with lag.   |
| lag        | integer. Optionally, the lag of the issues to fetch. If not set, the most recent issue is returned. Mutually exclusive with issues.                                       |
| auth       | string. Optionally, restricted access key (not the same as API key).  |
| fetch_args | fetch_args. Additional arguments to pass to fetch().  |

## Details

The full list of location inputs can be accessed at https://github.com/cmu-delphi/delphi-epidata/ blob/main/src/acquisition/fluview/fluview\_locations.py.

#### Value

tibble::tibble

# Examples

```
## Not run:
pub_fluview(regions = "nat", epiweeks = epirange(201201, 202005))
## End(Not run)
```

pub\_fluview\_clinical CDC FluView flu tests from clinical labs

## Description

API docs: https://cmu-delphi.github.io/delphi-epidata/api/fluview\_clinical.html

#### Usage

```
pub_fluview_clinical(
  regions,
  epiweeks = "*",
    ...,
  issues = NULL,
  lag = NULL,
  fetch_args = fetch_args_list()
)
```

## Arguments

| regions    | character. Regions to fetch.   |
|------------|--|
| epiweeks   | timeset. Epiweeks to fetch in the form epirange(startweek,endweek), where startweek and endweek are of the form YYYYWW (string or numeric). Defaults to all ("*") dates. |
|            | not used for values, forces later arguments to bind by name  |
| issues     | timeset. Optionally, the issues to fetch. If not set, the most recent issue is returned. Mutually exclusive with lag.  |
| lag        | integer. Optionally, the lag of the issues to fetch. If not set, the most recent issue is returned. Mutually exclusive with issues.                                      |
| fetch_args | fetch_args. Additional arguments to pass to fetch().   |

## Value

#### tibble::tibble

#### Examples

```
## Not run:
pub_fluview_clinical(regions = "nat", epiweeks = epirange(201601, 201701))
## End(Not run)
```

pub\_fluview\_meta Metadata for the FluView endpoint

## Description

API docs: https://cmu-delphi.github.io/delphi-epidata/api/fluview\_meta.html

## Usage

```
pub_fluview_meta(fetch_args = fetch_args_list())
```

## Arguments

fetch\_args fetch\_args. Additional arguments to pass to fetch().

## Value

tibble::tibble

## See Also

pub\_fluview()

#### Examples

## Not run:
pub\_fluview\_meta()

## End(Not run)

pub\_gft

Google Flu Trends flu search volume

#### Description

API docs: https://cmu-delphi.github.io/delphi-epidata/api/gft.html

Obtains estimates of inluenza activity based on volume of certain search queries from Google.

#### Usage

```
pub_gft(locations, epiweeks = "*", fetch_args = fetch_args_list())
```

#### Arguments

| locations  | character. Locations to fetch.                          |
|------------|---|
| epiweeks   | timeset Epiweeks to fetch. Defaults to all ("*") dates. |
| fetch_args | fetch_args. Additional arguments to pass to fetch().    |

#### Details

Google has discontinued Flu Trends and this is now a static endpoint. Possibile input for locations can be found in https://github.com/cmu-delphi/delphi-epidata/blob/main/labels/ regions.txt, https://github.com/cmu-delphi/delphi-epidata/blob/main/labels/states. txt, and https://github.com/cmu-delphi/delphi-epidata/blob/main/labels/cities.txt.

#### Value

tibble::tibble

#### Examples

```
## Not run:
pub_gft(locations = "hhs1", epiweeks = epirange(201201, 202001))
## End(Not run)
```

pub\_kcdc\_ili KCDC ILI incidence (Korea)

## Description

API docs: https://cmu-delphi.github.io/delphi-epidata/api/kcdc\_ili.html

#### Usage

```
pub_kcdc_ili(
  regions,
  epiweeks = "*",
    ...,
  issues = NULL,
  lag = NULL,
  fetch_args = fetch_args_list()
)
```

## pub\_meta

## Arguments

| regions    | character. Regions to fetch.  |
|------------|---|
| epiweeks   | timeset. Epiweeks to fetch. Defaults to all ("*") dates.  |
|            | not used for values, forces later arguments to bind by name   |
| issues     | timeset. Optionally, the issues to fetch. If not set, the most recent issue is returned. Mutually exclusive with lag.               |
| lag        | integer. Optionally, the lag of the issues to fetch. If not set, the most recent issue is returned. Mutually exclusive with issues. |
| fetch_args | fetch_args. Additional arguments to pass to fetch().  |

## Value

tibble::tibble

## Examples

```
## Not run:
pub_kcdc_ili(regions = "ROK", epiweeks = 200436)
```

## End(Not run)

pub\_meta

Metadata for the Delphi Epidata API

# Description

API docs: https://cmu-delphi.github.io/delphi-epidata/api/meta.html

## Usage

```
pub_meta(fetch_args = fetch_args_list())
```

# Arguments

fetch\_args fetch\_args. Additional arguments to pass to fetch().

## Value

list

pub\_nidss\_dengue NIDSS dengue cases (Taiwan)

#### Description

API docs: https://cmu-delphi.github.io/delphi-epidata/api/nidss\_dengue.html

Obtains counts of confirmed dengue cases in Taiwan from Taiwan National Infectious Disease Statistical System.

#### Usage

```
pub_nidss_dengue(locations, epiweeks = "*", fetch_args = fetch_args_list())
```

#### Arguments

| locations  | character. Locations to fetch.                           |
|------------|--|
| epiweeks   | timeset. Epiweeks to fetch. Defaults to all ("*") dates. |
| fetch_args | fetch_args. Additional arguments to pass to fetch().     |

# Details

Possible location inputs can be found in https://github.com/cmu-delphi/delphi-epidata/ blob/main/labels/nidss\_regions.txt and https://github.com/cmu-delphi/delphi-epidata/ blob/main/labels/nidss\_locations.txt.

## Value

tibble::tibble

## Examples

```
## Not run:
pub_nidss_dengue(locations = "taipei", epiweeks = epirange(201201, 201301))
## End(Not run)
```

## Description

API docs: https://cmu-delphi.github.io/delphi-epidata/api/nidss\_flu.html

Obtains information on outpatient inluenza-like-illness from Taiwan National Infectious Disease Statistical System.

# Usage

```
pub_nidss_flu(
  regions,
  epiweeks = "*",
   ...,
  issues = NULL,
  lag = NULL,
  fetch_args = fetch_args_list()
)
```

## Arguments

| regions    | character. Regions to fetch.  |
|------------|---|
| epiweeks   | timeset. Epiweeks to fetch. Defaults to all ("*") dates.  |
|            | not used for values, forces later arguments to bind by name   |
| issues     | timeset. Optionally, the issues to fetch. If not set, the most recent issue is returned. Mutually exclusive with lag.               |
| lag        | integer. Optionally, the lag of the issues to fetch. If not set, the most recent issue is returned. Mutually exclusive with issues. |
| fetch_args | fetch_args. Additional arguments to pass to fetch().  |

## Value

tibble::tibble

#### Examples

```
## Not run:
pub_nidss_flu(regions = "taipei", epiweeks = epirange(201501, 201601))
## End(Not run)
```

pub\_nowcast

## Description

API docs: https://cmu-delphi.github.io/delphi-epidata/api/nowcast.html.

Obtains information on outpatient inluenza-like-illness (ILI) from Delphi's

#### Usage

```
pub_nowcast(locations, epiweeks = "*", fetch_args = fetch_args_list())
```

#### Arguments

| locations  | character. Locations to fetch.                           |
|------------|--|
| epiweeks   | timeset. Epiweeks to fetch. Defaults to all ("*") dates. |
| fetch_args | fetch_args. Additional arguments to pass to fetch().     |

## Details

The full list of location inputs can be accessed at https://github.com/cmu-delphi/delphi-epidata/ blob/main/src/acquisition/fluview/fluview\_locations.py.

#### Value

#### tibble::tibble

#### Examples

```
## Not run:
pub_nowcast(locations = "ca", epiweeks = epirange(201201, 201301))
## End(Not run)
```

pub\_paho\_dengue PAHO dengue data (North and South America)

#### Description

API docs: https://cmu-delphi.github.io/delphi-epidata/api/paho\_dengue.html

pub\_wiki

# Usage

```
pub_paho_dengue(
  regions,
  epiweeks = "*",
    ...,
  issues = NULL,
  lag = NULL,
  fetch_args = fetch_args_list()
)
```

## Arguments

| regions    | character. Regions to fetch.  |
|------------|---|
| epiweeks   | timeset. Epiweeks to fetch. Defaults to all ("*") dates.  |
|            | not used for values, forces later arguments to bind by name   |
| issues     | timeset. Optionally, the issues to fetch. If not set, the most recent issue is returned. Mutually exclusive with lag.               |
| lag        | integer. Optionally, the lag of the issues to fetch. If not set, the most recent issue is returned. Mutually exclusive with issues. |
| fetch_args | fetch_args. Additional arguments to pass to fetch().  |

# Value

tibble::tibble

#### Examples

```
## Not run:
pub_paho_dengue(regions = "ca", epiweeks = epirange(201401, 201501))
```

## End(Not run)

pub\_wiki

Wikipedia webpage counts by article

## Description

API docs: https://cmu-delphi.github.io/delphi-epidata/api/wiki.html Number of page visits for selected English, Influenza-related wikipedia articles.

- Source: Wikimedia
- Temporal Resolution: Hourly, daily, and weekly from 2007-12-09 (2007w50)
- Spatial Resolution: N/A
- Other resolution: By article (54)
- Open access

# Usage

```
pub_wiki(
    articles,
    ...,
    time_type = c("day", "week"),
    time_values = "*",
    hours = NULL,
    language = "en",
    fetch_args = fetch_args_list()
)
```

## Arguments

| articles    | character. Articles to fetch.  |
|-------------|--|
|             | not used for values, forces later arguments to bind by name                                |
| time_type   | string. The temporal resolution of the data (either "day" or "week", depending on signal). |
| time_values | timeset. Dates or epiweeks to fetch. Defaults to all ("*") dates.                          |
| hours       | integer. Optionally, the hours to fetch.   |
| language    | string. Language to fetch.   |
| fetch_args  | fetch_args. Additional arguments to pass to fetch().                                       |

#### Value

tibble::tibble

#### Examples

```
## Not run:
pub_wiki(
    articles = "avian_influenza",
    time_type = "week",
    time_values = epirange(201501, 201601)
)
## End(Not run)
```

```
pvt_cdc
```

CDC total and by topic webpage visits

## Description

API docs: https://cmu-delphi.github.io/delphi-epidata/api/cdc.html

## Usage

```
pvt_cdc(auth, locations, epiweeks = "*", fetch_args = fetch_args_list())
```

## Arguments

| auth       | string. Restricted access key (not the same as API key).   |
|------------|--|
| locations  | character. Locations to fetch.   |
| epiweeks   | timeset. Epiweeks to fetch. Defaults to all ("*") dates.   |
| fetch_args | <pre>fetch_args. Additional arguments to pass to fetch(). See fetch_args_list() for details.</pre> |

#### Value

tibble::tibble

## Examples

```
## Not run:
pvt_cdc(
   auth = Sys.getenv("SECRET_API_AUTH_CDC"),
   locations = "fl,ca",
   epirange(201501, 201601)
)
## End(Not run)
```

pvt\_dengue\_sensors PAHO dengue digital surveillance sensors (North and South America)

## Description

API docs: https://cmu-delphi.github.io/delphi-epidata/api/dengue\_sensors.html

## Usage

```
pvt_dengue_sensors(
   auth,
   names,
   locations,
   epiweeks = "*",
   fetch_args = fetch_args_list()
)
```

## Arguments

| auth       | string. Restricted access key (not the same as API key). |
|------------|--|
| names      | character. Names to fetch.                               |
| locations  | character. Locations to fetch.                           |
| epiweeks   | timeset. Epiweeks to fetch. Defaults to all ("*") dates. |
| fetch_args | fetch_args. Additional arguments to pass to fetch().     |

## Value

tibble::tibble

#### Examples

```
## Not run:
pvt_dengue_sensors(
   auth = Sys.getenv("SECRET_API_AUTH_SENSORS"),
   names = "ght",
   locations = "ag",
   epiweeks = epirange(201501, 202001)
)
## End(Not run)
```

pvt\_ght

#### Google Health Trends health topics search volume

## Description

API docs: https://cmu-delphi.github.io/delphi-epidata/api/ght.html

Estimate of influenza activity based on volume of certain search queries. ...

## Usage

```
pvt_ght(auth, locations, epiweeks = "*", query, fetch_args = fetch_args_list())
```

#### Arguments

| auth       | string. Restricted access key (not the same as API key). |
|------------|--|
| locations  | character. Locations to fetch.                           |
| epiweeks   | timeset. Epiweeks to fetch. Defaults to all ("*") dates. |
| query      | string. The query to be fetched.                         |
| fetch_args | fetch_args. Additional arguments to pass to fetch().     |

## Value

tibble::tibble

#### pvt\_meta\_norostat

## Examples

```
## Not run:
pvt_ght(
   auth = Sys.getenv("SECRET_API_AUTH_GHT"),
   locations = "ma",
   epiweeks = epirange(199301, 202304),
   query = "how to get over the flu"
)
## End(Not run)
```

pvt\_meta\_norostat Metadata for the NoroSTAT endpoint

## Description

API docs: https://cmu-delphi.github.io/delphi-epidata/api/meta\_norostat.html

#### Usage

```
pvt_meta_norostat(auth, fetch_args = fetch_args_list())
```

#### Arguments

| auth       | string. Restricted access key (not the same as API key). |
|------------|--|
| fetch_args | fetch_args. Additional arguments to pass to fetch().     |

# Value

list

## See Also

pvt\_norostat()

## Examples

```
## Not run:
pvt_meta_norostat(auth = Sys.getenv("SECRET_API_AUTH_NOROSTAT"))
## End(Not run)
```

pvt\_norostat

## Description

This is point data only, and does not include minima or maxima.

API docs: https://cmu-delphi.github.io/delphi-epidata/api/norostat.html

This is the documentation of the API for accessing the NoroSTAT endpoint of the Delphi's epidemiological data.

# Usage

```
pvt_norostat(auth, locations, epiweeks = "*", fetch_args = fetch_args_list())
```

## Arguments

| auth       | string. Your authentication key.                         |
|------------|--|
| locations  | character. Locations to fetch.                           |
| epiweeks   | timeset. Epiweeks to fetch. Defaults to all ("*") dates. |
| fetch_args | fetch_args. Additional arguments to pass to fetch().     |

#### Value

tibble::tibble

## Examples

```
## Not run:
pvt_norostat(
   auth = Sys.getenv("SECRET_API_AUTH_NOROSTAT"),
   locations = "Minnesota, Ohio, Oregon, Tennessee, and Wisconsin",
   epiweeks = 201233
)
## End(Not run)
```

pvt\_quidel

# Description

API docs: https://cmu-delphi.github.io/delphi-epidata/api/quidel.html

Data provided by Quidel Corp., which contains flu lab test results.

## Usage

```
pvt_quidel(auth, locations, epiweeks = "*", fetch_args = fetch_args_list())
```

## Arguments

| auth       | string. Restricted access key (not the same as API key). |
|------------|--|
| locations  | character. Locations to fetch.                           |
| epiweeks   | timeset. Epiweeks to fetch. Defaults to all ("*") dates. |
| fetch_args | fetch_args. Additional arguments to pass to fetch().     |

## Value

tibble::tibble

#### Examples

```
## Not run:
pvt_quidel(
  auth = Sys.getenv("SECRET_API_AUTH_QUIDEL"),
  epiweeks = epirange(201201, 202001),
  locations = "hhs1"
)
```

## End(Not run)

pvt\_sensors

#### Description

API docs: https://cmu-delphi.github.io/delphi-epidata/api/sensors.html

This is the documentation of the API for accessing the Digital Surveillance Sensors endpoint of the Delphi's epidemiological. Note: this repository was built to support modeling and forecasting efforts surrounding seasonal influenza (and dengue). In the current COVID-19 pandemic, syndromic surveillance data, like ILI data (influenza-like illness) through FluView, will likely prove very useful. However, we urge caution to users examining the digital surveillance sensors, like ILI Nearby, Google Flu Trends, etc., during the COVID-19 pandemic, because these were designed to track ILI as driven by seasonal influenza, and were NOT designed to track ILI during the COVID-19 pandemic.

#### Usage

```
pvt_sensors(
   auth,
   names,
   locations,
   epiweeks = "*",
   fetch_args = fetch_args_list()
)
```

#### Arguments

| auth       | string. Restricted access key (not the same as API key). |
|------------|--|
| names      | character. Sensor names to fetch.                        |
| locations  | character. Locations to fetch.                           |
| epiweeks   | timeset. Epiweeks to fetch. Defaults to all ("*") dates. |
| fetch_args | fetch_args. Additional arguments to pass to fetch().     |

#### Value

tibble::tibble

#### Examples

```
## Not run:
pvt_sensors(
  auth = Sys.getenv("SECRET_API_AUTH_SENSORS"),
  names = "sar3",
  locations = "nat",
  epiweeks = epirange(201501, 202001)
)
"" 5-1(0.1 - -)
```

## End(Not run)

pvt\_twitter

## Description

API docs: https://cmu-delphi.github.io/delphi-epidata/api/twitter.html

This is the API documentation for accessing the Twitter Stream endpoint of Delphi's epidemiological data. Sourced from Healthtweets

#### Usage

```
pvt_twitter(
   auth,
   locations,
   ...,
   time_type = c("day", "week"),
   time_values = "*",
   fetch_args = fetch_args_list()
)
```

## Arguments

| auth        | string. Restricted access key (not the same as API key).                                   |
|-------------|--|
| locations   | character. Locations to fetch.   |
|             | not used for values, forces later arguments to bind by name                                |
| time_type   | string. The temporal resolution of the data (either "day" or "week", depending on signal). |
| time_values | timeset. Dates or epiweeks to fetch. Defaults to all ("*") dates.                          |
| fetch_args  | fetch_args. Additional arguments to pass to fetch().                                       |

#### Value

tibble::tibble

## Examples

```
## Not run:
pvt_twitter(
  auth = Sys.getenv("SECRET_API_AUTH_TWITTER"),
  locations = "CA",
  time_type = "week",
  time_values = epirange(201501, 202001)
)
```

## End(Not run)

set\_cache

#### Description

By default, epidatr re-requests data from the API on every call of fetch. In case you find yourself repeatedly calling the same data, you can enable the cache using either this function for a given session, or environmental variables for a persistent cache. The typical recommended workflow for using the cache is to set the environmental variables EPIDATR\_USE\_CACHE=TRUE and EPIDATR\_CACHE\_DIRECTORY="/your/directory/here"in your .Renviron, for example by calling usethis::edit\_r\_environ(). See the parameters below for some more configurables if you're so inclined.

set\_cache (re)defines the cache to use in a particular R session. This does not clear existing data at any previous location, but instead creates a handle to the new cache using cachem that seamlessly handles caching for you. Say your cache is normally stored in some default directory, but for the current session you want to save your results in ~/my/temporary/savedirectory, then you would call set\_cache(dir = "~/my/temporary/savedirectory"). Or if you know the data from 2 days ago is wrong, you could call set\_cache(days = 1) to clear older data whenever the cache is referenced. In both cases, these changes would only last for a single session (though the deleted data would be gone permanently!).

An important feature of the caching in this package is that only calls which specify either issues before a certain date, or as\_of before a certain date will actually cache. For example the call

```
pub_covidcast(
  source = "jhu-csse",
  signals = "confirmed_7dav_incidence_prop",
  geo_type = "state",
  time_type = "day",
  geo_values = "ca,fl",
  time_values = epirange(20200601, 20230801)
)
```

*won't* cache, since it is possible for the cache to be invalidated by new releases with no warning. On the other hand, the call

```
pub_covidcast(
  source = "jhu-csse",
  signals = "confirmed_7dav_incidence_prop",
  geo_type = "state",
  time_type = "day",
  geo_values = "ca,fl",
  time_values = epirange(20200601, 20230801),
  as_of = "2023-08-01"
)
```

#### set\_cache

*will* cache, since normal new versions of data can't invalidate it (since they would be as\_of a later date). It is still possible that Delphi may patch such data, but the frequency is on the order of months rather than days. We are working on creating a public channel to communicate such updates. While specifying issues will usually cache, a call with issues="\*" won't cache, since its subject to cache invalidation by normal versioning.

On the backend, the cache uses cachem, with filenames generated using an md5 encoding of the call url. Each file corresponds to a unique epidata-API call.

#### Usage

```
set_cache(
   cache_dir = NULL,
   days = NULL,
   max_size = NULL,
   logfile = NULL,
   confirm = TRUE,
   startup = FALSE
)
```

## Arguments

| cache_dir | the directory in which the cache is stored. By default, this is rappdirs::user_cache_dir("R" version = "epidatr"). The path can be either relative or absolute. The environmental variable is EPIDATR_CACHE_DIR. |
|-----------|--|
| days      | the maximum length of time in days to keep any particular cached call. By default this is 1. The environmental variable is EPIDATR_CACHE_MAX_AGE_DAYS.   |
| max_size  | the size of the entire cache, in MB, at which to start pruning entries. By default this is 1024, or 1GB. The environmental variable is EPIDATR_CACHE_MAX_SIZE_MB.  |
| logfile   | where cachem's log of transactions is stored, relative to the cache directory. By default, it is "logfile.txt". The environmental variable is EPIDATR_CACHE_LOGFILE.   |
| confirm   | whether to confirm directory creation. default is TRUE; should only be set in non-interactive scripts  |
| startup   | indicates whether the function is being called on startup. Affects suppressability of the messages. Default is FALSE.  |
|           |  |

## Value

NULL no return value, all effects are stored in the package environment

#### See Also

clear\_cache to delete the old cache while making a new one, disable\_cache to disable without deleting, and cache\_info

timeset

#### Examples

```
set_cache(
   cache_dir = tempdir(),
   days = 14,
   max_size = 512,
   logfile = "logs.txt"
)
```

timeset

Timeset formats for specifying dates

#### Description

Many API calls accept timesets to specify the time ranges of data being requested. Timesets can be specified with epirange(), as Date objects, or with wildcards.

#### Details

Timesets are not special R types; the term simply describes any value that is accepted by epidatr to specify the time value of an epidata query:

- Dates: Date instances.
- Date strings or integers: Strings or integers in the format YYYYMMDD.
- Epiweeks: Strings or integers in the format YYYYWW, where WW is the epiweek number.
- EpiRanges: A range returned by epirange(), or a list of multiple ranges.
- Wildcard: The string "\*", which requests all available time values.

Refer to the specific endpoint documentation for guidance on using dates vs weeks. Most endpoints support only one or the other. Some (less commonly used) endpoints may not accept the "\*" wildcard, but this can be simulated with a large epirange().

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