## Package 'ahMLE'

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Type Package Title Methods for the Additive Hazard Model Version 1.20.1 Date 2022-3-8 Author Chengyuan Lu Maintainer Chengyuan Lu <c.lu@lumc.nl> Description Methods for fitting additive hazards model. Perform the maximum likelihood method as well as the traditional Aalen's method for estimating the additive hazards model. For details see Chengyuan Lu(2021) <arXiv:2004.06156>. License GPL (>= 2) **Depends** R ( $\geq$  3.1.0), survival **Imports** Rcpp (>= 1.0.1), Matrix, invGauss LinkingTo Rcpp, RcppArmadillo, Matrix SystemRequirements C++11 **Encoding** UTF-8 Suggests knitr, rmarkdown VignetteBuilder knitr RoxygenNote 7.1.0 NeedsCompilation yes **Repository** CRAN Date/Publication 2022-03-09 23:10:02 UTC

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#### ah

#### Description

ah

This function offers the methods to fit the additive hazards model, including Aalen's method and Maximum likelihood method.

#### Usage

```
ah(
   formula = formula(data),
   data = sys.parent(),
   matrix_domain = NULL,
   progbar = FALSE,
   method = "ml_opt",
   scale = TRUE,
   startedge = NULL
)
```

#### Arguments

formula	A formula, the dependent variable must be of type Surv in the survival package
data	A data frame with the covariates mentioned in the formula stored.
matrix_domain	A matrix describing the domain to find the maximum likelihood. The default constraint matrix guarantees the hazards to be positive for all possible covariates.
progbar	A logical value, shows the progress bar if it is TRUE, hide the progress bar if FALSE, default value is FALSE.
method	A string with values "aalen", "ml_opt", "ml_enum", "ml_asc" and "ml_desc". Default value is "ml_opt". "aalen" represents the Aalen's method. "ml_opt" is the default method with respect to the default constraint matrix. "ml_enum", "ml_asc" and "ml_desc" represents to the naive method, ascending method and descending method. Please check the referee for details.
scale	A logical value, scales the input data in the interval [0,1] if it is TRUE. Default value is TRUE.
startedge	a vector which satisfies the domain condition. Only used for the ascending method.

#### Value

A data frame, containing the coefficients (beta) at each time point and the cumulative beta at each time point.

#### References

Chengyuan Lu, Jelle Goeman, Hein Putter Maximum likelihood estimation in the additive hazards model arXiv:2004.06156

#### Calc\_Cbeta

#### Examples

```
X1 = rnorm(100); X2 = rnorm(100)
Survival_Time = rep(0,100)
U = runif(100,min =0, max =1)
for (i in 1:100){Survival_Time[i] = sqrt((-2*log(U[i]))/(0.3*X1[i] + 0.7*X2[i]))}
tcens = runif(100, 2.5, 7.5)
time = pmin(Survival_Time, tcens)
event = as.numeric(Survival_Time<tcens)
Data = data.frame(time = time, X1 = X1, X2 = X2, event = event)
Result = ah(Surv(time = time, event = event)~ X1 + X2, Data)
```

Calc\_Cbeta Calc\_Cbeta

#### Description

Computing cumulative beta from beta (the magnitude of the jumps of the coefficient function)

#### Usage

Calc\_Cbeta(beta)

#### Arguments

beta The dataframe storing the magnitude of the jumps beta of the coefficients of the additive hazard. The first column should be the survival time.

#### Value

Return the cumulative beta by the giving beta.

#### Examples

```
beta = data.frame(time = c(1,2,3,4), beta = c(5,6,7,8))
cbeta = Calc_Cbeta(beta)
```

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