Package 'antaresRead'

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```
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      Simulation
Version 2.9.3
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      late and study electric power systems
      (more information about 'Antares' here: <a href="https://antares-simulator.org/">https://antares-simulator.org/</a>).
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License GPL (>= 2) | file LICENSE
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.download_api_aggregate_result

Retrieve information on a file's state of preparation and retrieve download file.

Description

Retrieve information on a file's state of preparation and retrieve download file.

Usage

```
.download_api_aggregate_result(download_id, opts)
```

Arguments

download_id the id of the download.

opts List of simulation parameters returned by the function setSimulationPath()

Value

An updated list containing various information about the simulation.

a data.table

.filter_bindingConstraints_by_names

Filter a list of binding constraints by names by a exact match

Description

Filter a list of binding constraints by names by a exact match

Usage

.filter_bindingConstraints_by_names(bindingConstraints, constraint_names)

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Arguments

```
bindingConstraints

list a list of binding constraints

constraint_names

str constraint names to filter on
```

Value

A list of binding constraints containing the constraints which have their name in constraint_names.

API-methods

API methods

Description

API methods

Usage

```
api_get(
  opts,
  endpoint,
  ...,
  default_endpoint = "v1/studies",
  parse_result = NULL,
  encoding = NULL
)

api_post(opts, endpoint, ..., default_endpoint = "v1/studies")

api_put(opts, endpoint, ..., default_endpoint = "v1/studies")

api_delete(opts, endpoint, ..., default_endpoint = "v1/studies")
```

Arguments

opts Antares simulation options or a list with an host = slot.

endpoint API endpoint to interrogate, it will be added after default_endpoint. Can be a full URL (by wrapping in I()), in that case default_endpoint is ignored.

Additional arguments passed to API method.

default_endpoint

Default endpoint to use.

parse_result character options for parameter as of function httr::content()

encoding argument to pass as argument to the function httr::content()

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Value

Response from the API.

Examples

```
## Not run:
# List studies with local API
# default result content in R object (auto parsed)
api_get(opts = list(host = "http://0.0.0.0:8080"),
        endpoint = NULL,
        parse_result = NULL)
# You can force parse options as text and encoding to UTF-8
api_get(opts = list(host = "http://0.0.0.0:8080"),
        endpoint = NULL,
        parse_result = "text",
        encoding = "UTF-8")
# You can change or delete `default_endpoint`
# no use `default_endpoint`
api_get(opts = list(host = "http://0.0.0.0:8080"),
        endpoint = NULL,
        default_endpoint = NULL,
        parse_result = "text",
        encoding = "UTF-8")
# replace `default_endpoint`
api_get(opts = list(host = "http://0.0.0.0:8080"),
        endpoint = NULL,
        default_endpoint = "myfolder/myfolder",
        parse_result = "text",
        encoding = "UTF-8")
## End(Not run)
```

as.antaresDataList

Convert objects to antaresDataTable

Description

This function converts a list of tables or table into an antaresDataList object.

An antaresDataList is a list of tables of classantaresDataTable. It also has attributes that store the time step, the type of data and the simulation options.

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Usage

```
as.antaresDataList(x, ...)
## S3 method for class 'antaresDataTable'
as.antaresDataList(x, name = NULL, ...)
## S3 method for class 'data.frame'
as.antaresDataList(
    x,
    synthesis,
    timeStep,
    type,
    opts = simOptions(),
    name = type,
    ...
)
```

Arguments

x Data.frame or data.table to convert to a an antaresDataTable.

... Arguments to be passed to methods.

name of the table in the final object. If NULL, the type of the data is used.

synthesis Does the table contain synthetic results?

timeStep Time step of the data. One of "hourly", "daily", "weekly", "monthly" or "an-

nual".

type type of data: for instance "areas", "links", "clusters", etc.

opts Simulation options.

Value

antaresDataList object.

Description

This function converts a data. frame or a data. table into an antaresDataTable object.

An antaresDataTable is simply a data.table with additional attributes recording the time step, the type of data and the simulation options.

Usage

```
as.antaresDataTable(x, ...)
## S3 method for class 'data.frame'
as.antaresDataTable(x, synthesis, timeStep, type, opts = simOptions(), ...)
```

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Arguments

x object to convert to a an antaresDataList.

... Arguments to be passed to methods.

synthesis Does the table contain synthetic results?

timeStep Time step of the data. One of "hourly", "daily", "weekly", "monthly" or "an-

nual".

type type of data: for instance "areas", "links", "clusters", etc.

opts Simulation options.

Value

antaresDataTable object.

changeTimeStep Change the timestep of an output

Description

This function changes the timestep of a table or an antaresData object and performs the required aggregation or desaggregation. We can specify (des)aggregate functions by columns, see the param fun.

Usage

```
changeTimeStep(x, newTimeStep, oldTimeStep, fun = "sum", opts = simOptions())
```

Arguments

X	data.table with a column "timeId" or an object of class "antaresDataList"
newTimeStep	Desired time step. The possible values are hourly, daily, weekly, monthly and annual.
oldTimeStep	Current time step of the data. This argument is optional for an object of class antaresData because the time step of the data is stored inside the object
fun	Character vector with one element per column to (des)aggregate indicating the function to use ("sum", "mean", "min" or "max") for this column. It can be a single element, in that case the same function is applied to every columns.

list of simulation parameters returned by the function setSimulationPath

Value

opts

Either a data.table or an object of class "antaresDataList" depending on the class of x

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Examples

```
## Not run:
setSimulationPath()

areasH <- readAntares(select = "LOAD", synthesis = FALSE, mcYears = 1)
areasD <- readAntares(select = "LOAD", synthesis = FALSE, mcYears = 1, timeStep = "daily")

areasDAgg <- changeTimeStep(areasH, "daily", "hourly")

all.equal(areasDAgg$LOAD, areasD$LOAD)

# Use different aggregation functions
mydata <- readAntares(select = c("LOAD", "MRG. PRICE"), timeStep = "monthly")
changeTimeStep(mydata, "annual", fun = c("sum", "mean"))

## End(Not run)</pre>
```

copyToClipboard

Copy data to the clipboard

Description

copyToClipboard is a utility function that copies data to the clipboard. The data can then be copied in another program like excel.

Usage

```
copyToClipboard(x, ...)
## S3 method for class 'antaresDataList'
copyToClipboard(x, what, ...)
```

Arguments

x an object used to select a method.
 ... arguments passed to write.table
 what character or numeric indicating which element to copy to clipboard (areas, links,

character of indicate indicating which element to copy to empodard (areas, init

clusters or districts)

Value

The function does not return anything. It is only used to interact with the clipboard

Note

The function is useful only for small data objects: for a table, only the 50000 rows are copied to clipboard. If the table to copy is longer, either use filters to reduce the number of rows or write the table in text file with write.table

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Examples

```
# This only works on Windows systems
## Not run:
x <- data.frame(a = sample(10), b = sample(10))
copyToClipboard(x)
# Try to open excel and use CTRL + V to copy the data in a spreadsheet.
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

extractDataList

Format data PPSE-style

Description

This function converts an "readAntares" object in the data structure used by PPSE: instead of having one table for areas, one for links and one for clusters, the function creates a list with one element per area. Each element is a data.table containing the data about the area and one column per cluster of the area containing the production of this cluster.

Usage

```
extractDataList(x, areas = NULL)
```

Arguments

x object of class "antaresData" or "antaresTable" created by the function readAntares

areas character vector containing the name of areas to keep in the final object. If NULL,

all areas are kept in the final object.

Value

a list of data.tables with one element per area. The list also contains an element named "areaList" containing the name of areas in the object and a table called "infos" that contains for each area the number of variables of different type (values, details, link).

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getAreas

Select and exclude areas

Description

getAreas and getDistricts are utility functions that builds list of areas or districts by using regular expressions to select and/or exclude areas/districts

Usage

```
getAreas(
  select = NULL,
  exclude = NULL,
  withClustersOnly = FALSE,
  regexpSelect = TRUE,
  regexpExclude = TRUE,
  opts = simOptions(),
  ignore.case = TRUE,
  districts = NULL
)
getDistricts(
  select = NULL,
  exclude = NULL,
  regexpSelect = TRUE,
  regexpExclude = TRUE,
  opts = simOptions(),
  ignore.case = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

select Character vector. If regexpSelect is TRUE, this vector is interpreted as a list

of regular expressions. Else it is interpreted as a list of area names. If NULL, all

areas are selected

exclude Character vector. If regexpExclude is TRUE, this vector is interpreted as a list

of regular expressions and each area validating one of them is excluded. Else it is interpreted as list of area names to exclude. If NULL, not any area is excluded.

withClustersOnly

Should the function return only nodes containing clusters?

regexpSelect Is select a list of regular expressions? regexpExclude Is exclude a list of regular expressions?

opts list of simulation parameters returned by the function setSimulationPath

ignore.case Should the case be ignored when evaluating the regular expressions?

districts Names of districts. If this argument is not null, only areas belonging to the

specified districts are returned.

Value

A character vector containing the name of the areas/districts satisfying the rules defined by the parameters.

See Also

```
getLinks
```

getGeographicTrimming Read geographic trimming (filtering) options

Description

Read geographic trimming (filtering) options

Usage

```
getGeographicTrimming(areas = NULL, links = TRUE, opts = simOptions())
```

Arguments

areas Character. vector of areas

links Logical. if TRUE, return filtering options for all links starting from selected

areas

opts List. simulation options

Value

list of filtering options for areas and links

getIdCols get Id columns

Description

getIdCols return the id columns of an AntaresDataTable

Usage

```
getIdCols(x = NULL)
```

Arguments

x an AntaresDataTable.

Value

A character vector containing the name of the id columns of an antaresDataTable

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getLinks

Retrieve links connected to a set of areas

Description

This function finds the names of the links connected to a set of areas.

Usage

```
getLinks(
   areas = NULL,
   exclude = NULL,
   opts = simOptions(),
   internalOnly = FALSE,
   namesOnly = TRUE,
   withDirection = FALSE,
   withTransmission = FALSE)
```

Arguments

areas Vector containing area names. It represents the set of areas we are interested in.

If NULL, all areas of the study are used.

exclude Vector containing area names. If not NULL, all links connected to one of these

areas are omitted.

opts list of simulation parameters returned by the function setSimulationPath

internalOnly If TRUE, only links that connect two areas from parameter areas are returned. If

not, the function also returns all the links that connect an area from the list with

an area outside the list.

namesOnly If TRUE, the function returns a vector with link names, else it returns a table

containing the name, the origin and the destination of each selected link.

withDirection Used only if namesOnly = FALSE. If FALSE, then the function returns a table

with one line per link, containing the link name, the origin and the destination of the link. If TRUE, then it returns a table with columns area, link, to and direction which is equal is equal to 1 if the link connects area to to and -1 if it connects to to area. The column area contains only areas that are compatible with parameters areas and exclude. Note that the same link can appear twice

in the table with different directions.

withTransmission

Used only if namesOnly = FALSE. If TRUE, a column is added to indicate type of transmission capacities for links.

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Value

If namesOnly = TRUE the function returns a vector containing link names

If namesOnly = FALSE and withDirection = FALSE, it returns a data. table with **exactly one line per link** and with three columns:

link Link name

from First area connected to the link to Second area connected to the link

If namesOnly = FALSE and withDirection = TRUE, it returns a data.table with **one or two lines per link** and with four columns:

area Area name link Link name

to Area connected to area by link direction 1 if the link connects area to to else -1

Examples

```
## Not run:
# Get all links of a study
getLinks()

# Get all links with their origins and destinations
getLinks(namesOnly = FALSE)

# Get all links connected to French areas (assuming their names contain "fr")
getLinks(getAreas("fr"))

# Same but with only links connecting two French areas
getLinks(getAreas("fr"), internalOnly = TRUE)

# Exclude links connecting real areas with pumped storage virtual areas
# (assuming their names contain "psp")
getLinks(getAreas("fr"), exclude = getAreas("psp"))

## End(Not run)
```

getThematicTrimming

Get the Thematic trimming of an Antares study

Description

Antares API: OK

This function reads the "selection variables" section of the study's "generaldata.ini" file.

Minimal version required is v8.8.

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Usage

```
getThematicTrimming(opts = simOptions())
```

Arguments

opts

list of simulation parameters returned by the function setSimulationPath

Value

data.frame with 2 columns:

- variables : names are displayed according to the study version
- status_selection: have 2 possible values ("active"; "skip")

Examples

```
## Not run:
# Get Thematic trimming of Antares study version >= v8.8
getThematicTrimming()
## End(Not run)
```

hvdcModification

hvdc straitement

Description

usage for hvdc

Usage

```
hvdcModification(data, removeHvdcAreas = TRUE, reafectLinks = FALSE)
```

Arguments

```
data antaresDataList data to apply straitement removeHvdcAreas boolean remove HVDC areas. reafectLinks boolean.
```

Value

Object of class "antaresDataList" is returned. It is a list of data.tables, each element representing one type of element (areas, links, clusters)

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Examples

```
## Not run:
data <- readAntares(areas = 'all', links = 'all')
data <- setHvdcAreas(data, "psp in")
data <- hvdcModification(data)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

list_thematic_variables

List of thematic trimming variables available according to study version

Description

Minimal version required is v8.8

Usage

```
list_thematic_variables(opts = simOptions())
```

Arguments

opts

list of simulation parameters returned by the function setSimulationPath

Value

data.frame of available columns

Examples

```
## Not run:
# Display list (use first `setSimulationPath()` to have an active study loaded)
list_thematic_variables()
## End(Not run)
```

parAggregateMCall

mergeDigests

Merge two digests

Description

Merge two digests

Usage

```
mergeDigests(digest_new, digest_ori)
```

Arguments

digest_new new digest with missing lines digest_ori original digest with all lines

Value

updated digest list of 5 tables (begin, areas, middle, links lin., links quad.)

See Also

```
readDigestFile
```

parAggregateMCall

Creation of Mc_all new (only antares > V6)

Description

Creation of Mc_all new (only antares > V6)

Usage

```
parAggregateMCall(
  opts,
  nbcl = 8,
  verbose = 2,
  timestep = c("annual", "daily", "hourly", "monthly", "weekly"),
  writeOutput = TRUE,
  mcWeights = NULL,
  mcYears = NULL,
  filtering = FALSE,
  selected = NULL,
  legacy = FALSE
)
```

```
aggregateResult(
  opts,
  verbose = 2,
  timestep = c("annual", "daily", "hourly", "monthly", "weekly"),
  writeOutput = TRUE,
  mcWeights = NULL,
  mcYears = NULL,
  filtering = FALSE,
  selected = NULL,
  legacy = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

opts list of simulation parameters returned by the function setSimulationPath

nbcl numeric Number of parralel process

verbose numeric show log in console. Defaut to 1

• 0 : No log

1 : Short log2 : Long log

timestep character antares timestep writeOutput boolean write result or not.

mcWeights numeric vector of weight for mcYears.

mcYears numeric mcYears to load. filtering boolean filtering control

selected list named list (pass to antaresRead): list(areas = 'a', links = 'a - e')

legacy boolean run old version of the function

Value

Object list of data.tables, each element representing one type of element (areas, links, clusters)

ponderateMcAggregation

Mcyear aggregation weigthed by wd

Description

Mcyear aggregation weigthed by wd

Usage

```
ponderateMcAggregation(x, fun = weighted.mean, ...)
```

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Arguments

x antaresData data import with antaresRead

fun function function to use
... args others args pass to fun

Value

Object of class "antaresDataTable".

Examples

```
## Not run:
   data <- readAntares(areas = 'all', mcYears = 'all')
   ponderateMcAggregation(data, fun = weighted.mean, w = c(.1, .9))
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

read-ini

Read configuration options from file or API

Description

Read configuration options from file or API

Usage

```
readIni(pathIni, opts = antaresRead::simOptions(), default_ext = ".ini")
readIniFile(file, stringsAsFactors = FALSE)
readIniAPI(study_id, path, host, token = NULL)
```

Arguments

pathIni Path to config/ini file to read.

opts List of simulation parameters returned by the function setSimulationPath()

default_ext Default extension used for config files.

file File path.

stringsAsFactors

logical: should character vectors be converted to factors?

study_id Study's identifier.

path Path of configuration object to read.
host Host of AntaREST server API.
token API personnal access token.

Value

A list with an element for each section of the .ini file.

Examples

```
## Not run:
library(antaresRead)
library(antaresEditObject)

# With physical study:
setSimulationPath("../tests-studies/Study_V8.2/", simulation = "input")
readIni("settings/generaldata")

# With API
setSimulationPathAPI(
host = "http://localhost:8080",
study_id = "73427ae1-be83-44e0-b04f-d5127e53424c",
token = NULL,
simulation = "input"
))
readIni("settings/generaldata")

## End(Not run)
```

readAntares

Read the data of an Antares simulation

Description

Antares API: OK

readAntares is a swiss-army-knife function used to read almost every possible time series of an antares Project at any desired time resolution (hourly, daily, weekly, monthly or annual).

It was first designed to read output time series, but it can also read input time series. The input time series are processed by the function to fit the query of the user (timeStep, synthetic results or Monte-Carlo simulation, etc.). The few data that are not read by readAntares can generally by read with other functions of the package starting with "read" (readClusterDesc, readLayout, readBindingConstraints)

Usage

```
readAntares(
  areas = NULL,
  links = NULL,
  clusters = NULL,
  districts = NULL,
  clustersRes = NULL,
```

```
clustersST = NULL,
bindingConstraints = FALSE,
misc = FALSE,
thermalAvailabilities = FALSE,
hydroStorage = FALSE,
hydroStorageMaxPower = FALSE,
reserve = FALSE,
linkCapacity = FALSE,
mustRun = FALSE,
thermalModulation = FALSE,
select = NULL,
mcYears = NULL,
timeStep = c("hourly", "daily", "weekly", "monthly", "annual"),
mcWeights = NULL,
number_of_batches = 10,
opts = simOptions(),
parallel = FALSE,
simplify = TRUE,
showProgress = TRUE
```

Arguments

areas Vector containing the names of the areas to import. If NULL no area is imported.

The special value "all" tells the function to import all areas. By default, the value is "all" when no other argument is enter and "NULL" when other argu-

ments are enter.

links Vector containing the name of links to import. If NULL no area is imported. The

special value "all" tells the function to import all areas. Use function getLinks

to import all links connected to some areas.

clusters Vector containing the name of the areas for which you want to import results at

thermal cluster level. If NULL no cluster is imported. The special value "all"

tells the function to import thermal clusters from all areas.

districts Vector containing the names of the districts to import. If NULL, no district is

imported. The special value "all" tells the function to import all districts.

clustersRes Vector containing the name of the areas for which you want to import results at

renewable cluster level. If NULL no cluster is imported. The special value "all"

tells the function to import renewable clusters from all areas.

clustersST Vector containing the name of the areas for which you want to import results at

short-term cluster level. If NULL no cluster is imported. The special value "all"

tells the function to import short-term clusters from all areas.

binding Constraints

Should binding constraints be imported (v8.4+)?

wisc Vector containing the name of the areas for which you want to import misc.

thermalAvailabilities

Should thermal availabilities of clusters be imported? If TRUE, the column "thermalAvailability" is added to the result and a new column "availableUnits"

containing the number of available units in a cluster is created. If synthesis is set to TRUE then "availableUnits" contain the mean of available units on all MC

Years.

hydroStorage Should hydro

Should hydro storage be imported?

hydroStorageMaxPower

Should hydro storage maximum power be imported?

reserve Should reserve be imported?

linkCapacity Should link capacities be imported?

mustRun Should must run productions be added to the result? If TRUE, then four columns

are added: mustRun contains the production of clusters that are in complete must run mode; mustRunPartial contains the partial must run production of clusters; mustRunTotal is the sum of the two previous columns. Finally thermalPmin is similar to mustRunTotal except it also takes into account the production induced by the minimum stable power of the units of a cluster. More precisely, for a given cluster and a given time step, it is equal to min(NODU x min.stable.power,

mustRunTotal).

thermalModulation

Should thermal modulation time series be imported? If TRUE, the columns "marginalCostModulation", "marketBidModulation", "capacityModulation" and

"minGenModulation" are added to the cluster data.

select Character vector containing the name of the columns to import. If this argument

is NULL, all variables are imported. Special names "allAreas" and "allLinks" indicate to the function to import all variables for areas or for links. Since version 1.0, values "misc", "thermalAvailabilities", "hydroStorage", "hydroStorageMaxPower", "reserve", "linkCapacity", "mustRun", "thermalModulation" are also accepted and can replace the corresponding arguments. The list of available variables can be seen with the command simOptions()\$variables. Id variables like area, link or timeId are automatically imported. Note that

select is *not* taken into account when importing cluster data.

mcYears Index of the Monte-Carlo years to import. If NULL, synthetic results are read,

else the specified Monte-Carlo simulations are imported. The special value all

tells the function to import all Monte-Carlo simulations.

timeStep Resolution of the data to import: hourly (default), daily, weekly, monthly or

annual.

mcWeights Vector of weights to apply to the specified mcYears. If not NULL, the vector

must be the same length as the vector provided in the mcYear parameter. The function readAntares will then return the weighted synthetic results for the

specified years, with the specified weights.

number_of_batches

In API mode, to read the results for individual mcYears, you can choose the

number of batches you want.

opts list of simulation parameters returned by the function setSimulationPath

parallel Should the importation be parallelized? (See details)

simplify If TRUE and only one type of output is imported then a data.table is returned. If

FALSE, the result will always be a list of class "antaresData".

showProgress If TRUE the function displays information about the progress of the importation.

Details

If parameters areas, links, clusters and districts are all NULL, readAntares will read output for all areas. By default the function reads synthetic results if they are available.

readAntares is able to read input time series, but when they are not stored in output, these time series may have changed since a simulation has been run. In such a case the function will remind you this danger with a warning.

When individual Monte-Carlo simulations are read, the function may crash because of insufficient memory. In such a case, it is necessary to reduce size of the output. Different strategies are available depending on your objective:

- Use a larger time step (parameter timeStep)
- Filter the elements to import (parameters areas,links, clusters and districts)
- Select only a few columns (parameter select)
- read only a subset of Monte-Carlo simulations (parameter mcYears). For instance one can import a random sample of 100 simulations with mcYears = sample(simOptions()\$mcYears, 100)

Value

If simplify = TRUE and only one type of output is imported then the result is a data.table.

Else an object of class "antaresDataList" is returned. It is a list of data.tables, each element representing one type of element (areas, links, clusters)

Parallelization

If you import several elements of the same type (areas, links, clusters), you can use parallelized importation to improve performance. Setting the parameter parallel = TRUE is not enough to parallelize the importation, you also have to install the package foreach and a package that provides a parallel backend (for instance the package doParallel).

Before running the function with argument parallel=TRUE, you need to register your parallel backend. For instance, if you use package "doParallel" you need to use the function registerDoParallel once per session.

See Also

```
setSimulationPath, getAreas, getLinks, getDistricts
```

Examples

```
## Not run:
# Import areas and links separately
areas <- readAntares() # equivalent to readAntares(areas="all")
links <- readAntares(links="all")
# Import areas and links at same time</pre>
```

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```
output <- readAntares(areas = "all", links = "all")</pre>
# Add input time series to the object returned by the function
areas <- readAntares(areas = "all", misc = TRUE, reserve = TRUE)</pre>
# Get all output for one area
myArea <- sample(simOptions()$areaList, 1)</pre>
myArea
myAreaOutput <- readAntares(area = myArea,</pre>
                              links = getLinks(myArea, regexpSelect=FALSE),
                              clusters = myArea)
# Or equivalently:
myAreaOutput <- readAntaresAreas(myArea)</pre>
# Use parameter "select" to read only some columns.
areas <- readAntares(select = c("LOAD", "OV. COST"))</pre>
# Aliases can be used to select frequent groups of columns. use showAliases()
# to view a list of available aliases
areas <- readAntares(select="economy")</pre>
## End(Not run)
```

readAntaresAreas

Read output for a list of areas

Description

This a function is a wrapper for "antaresData" that reads all data for a list of areas.

Usage

```
readAntaresAreas(
    areas,
    links = TRUE,
    clusters = TRUE,
    clustersRes = TRUE,
    internalOnly = FALSE,
    opts = simOptions(),
    ...
)
```

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Arguments

areas	Vector containing area names. It represents the set of areas we are interested in. If NULL, all areas of the study are used.
links	should links connected to the areas be imported?
clusters	should the thermal clusters of the areas be imported?
clustersRes	should the renewable clusters of the areas be imported?
internalOnly	If TRUE, only links that connect two areas from parameter areas are returned. If not, the function also returns all the links that connect an area from the list with an area outside the list.
opts	list of simulation parameters returned by the function setSimulationPath
	Other arguments passed to the function readAntares

Value

If simplify = TRUE and only one type of output is imported then the result is a data.table.

Else an object of class "antaresData" is returned. It is a list of data.tables, each element representing one type of element (areas, links, clusters)

Examples

```
## Not run:
myarea <- simOptions()$areaList[1]</pre>
data <- readAntaresAreas(myarea)</pre>
# Equivalent but more concise than:
data2 <- readAntares(myarea, links = getLinks(myarea), clusters = myarea)</pre>
all.equal(data, data2)
## End(Not run)
```

readAntaresClusters

Read output for a list of clusters

Description

Read output for a list of clusters

Usage

```
readAntaresClusters(
 clusters,
  selected = c("production", "NP Cost", "NODU", "profit"),
  timeStep = c("hourly", "daily", "weekly", "monthly", "annual"),
 opts = simOptions(),
```

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```
parallel = FALSE,
  showProgress = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

clusters vector of thermal clusters to be imported

selected vector of thematic trimming

timeStep Resolution of the data to import: hourly (default), daily, weekly, monthly or

annual.

opts list of simulation parameters returned by the function setSimulationPath

parallel Should the importation be parallelized? (See details)

showProgress If TRUE the function displays information about the progress of the importation.

Value

data.table of results for thermal clusters

readAntaresSTClusters Read output for a list of short-term storage clusters

Description

Read output for a list of short-term storage clusters

Usage

```
readAntaresSTClusters(
  clustersST,
  selected = c("P.injection", "levels", "P.withdrawal"),
  timeStep = c("hourly", "daily", "weekly", "monthly", "annual"),
  opts = simOptions(),
  parallel = FALSE,
  showProgress = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

clustersST vector of short-term storage clusters to be imported

selected vector of thematic trimming

timeStep Resolution of the data to import: hourly (default), daily, weekly, monthly or

annual.

opts list of simulation parameters returned by the function setSimulationPath

parallel Should the importation be parallelized? (See details)

showProgress If TRUE the function displays information about the progress of the importation.

Value

data.table of results for short-term storage clusters

```
readBindingConstraints
```

Read binding constraints

Description

Antares API: OK [Experimental]

This function reads the binding constraints of an Antares project.

Be aware that binding constraints are read in the input files of a study. So they may have changed since a simulation has been run.

Usage

```
readBindingConstraints(
  opts = simOptions(),
  with_time_series = TRUE,
  constraint_names = NULL
)
```

Arguments

```
opts list of simulation parameters returned by the function setSimulationPath
with_time_series
boolean if TRUE, the second member time series are read
constraint_names
str constraint names to filter on
```

Value

An object of class bindingConstraints. This object is also a named list with 3 sections per read constraint.

Warning

Since release 2.7.0 the structure of the returned object has evolved for all versions of study Antares:

- .ini parameters are in section properties
- Coefficients links or thermal are in section coefs
- Values are already in section values

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Note

For an study Antares **version** >= **8.7.0**. Now contains data. frame with one line per time step and p colums according to "scenarized RHS".

For "both" case, you will find in section values two data.frame:

- One data.frame for less
- One data.frame for greater

For an study Antares **version <8.7.0**.

Section values contains one line per time step and three columns "less", "greater" and "equal"

Examples

```
## Not run:
setSimulationPath()
constraints <- readBindingConstraints()</pre>
# read properties
constraints$properties
# read coefs
constraints$coefs
# read values
constraints$values
 # both case ( study Antares >=8.7.0)
constraints$values$less
constraints$values$greater
# display equation (only for study Antares <8.7.0)</pre>
summary(constraints)
# read binding constraints without the time series
readBindingConstraints(opts = simOptions(), with_time_series = FALSE)
## End(Not run)
```

readClusterDesc

Import clusters description

Description

This function reads in the input files of an antares study the properties of each cluster.

Be aware that clusters descriptions are read in the input files so they may have changed since a simulation has been run.

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Usage

```
readClusterDesc(opts = simOptions(), dot_format = TRUE)
readClusterResDesc(opts = simOptions(), dot_format = TRUE)
readClusterSTDesc(opts = simOptions(), dot_format = TRUE)
```

Arguments

opts list of simulation parameters returned by the function setSimulationPath

dot_format logical default TRUE to return character with "valid" format (see make.names())

Value

A data. table with one line per cluster.

Columns are displayed using the 3 key columns (*area*, *cluster*, *group*). The rest of the properties are displayed according to cluster type ("thermal", "renewable" or "st-storages").

key columns:

area Name of the area containing the cluster

cluster Name of the cluster

group Type of cluster (gaz, nuclear, etc.)

By default, the function reads the cluster description of the default antares study. You can use the argument opts to specify another study.

readClusterDesc: read thermal clusters

readClusterResDesc: read renewable clusters (Antares >= V8.1) readClusterSTDesc: read st-storage clusters (Antares >= V8.6)

If you have no clusters properties, Null data.table (0 rows and 0 cols) is returned.

Warning

You have now two format output to display input properties. Default is format uses by operating team, eg min.down.time. Other format is according to antares simulator, eg min-down-time.

All properties are returned with default values according to Antares Study version.

Examples

```
## Not run:
# Default format with "dot separator"
# thermal
readClusterDesc()
# renewable
readClusterResDesc()
```

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```
# st-storage
readClusterSTDesc()

# Antares Simulator format

#' # thermal
readClusterDesc(dot_format = FALSE)

# renewable
readClusterResDesc(dot_format = FALSE)

# st-storage
readClusterSTDesc(dot_format = FALSE)

# By default, the function reads cluster descriptions for the default study,
# but it is possible to specify another study with parameter "opts"
sim1 <- setSimulationPath()

#[... code that modifies the default antares study]
readClusterDesc(sim1)

## End(Not run)</pre>
```

 ${\tt readDigestFile}$

Read digest file

Description

Read digest file

Usage

```
readDigestFile(opts, endpoint = "mc-all/grid/digest.txt")
```

Arguments

opts simulation options

endpoint Suffix of path for digest file Default is: "mc-all/grid/digest.txt" added to opts\$simDataPath

Value

list of 5 tables (begin, areas, middle, links lin., links quad.)

30 readInputRES

readInputRES	Read Input RES time series
--------------	----------------------------

Description

readInputRes is a function that reads renewable time series from an antares project. But contrary to readAntares, it only reads time series stored in the input folder, so it can work in "input" mode.

Usage

```
readInputRES(
    areas = "all",
    clusters,
    opts = simOptions(),
    timeStep = c("hourly", "daily", "weekly", "monthly", "annual"),
    simplify = TRUE,
    parallel = FALSE,
    showProgress = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

areas	vector of RES areas names for which renewable time series must be read.
clusters	vector of RES clusters names for which renewable time series must be read.
opts	list of simulation parameters returned by the function setSimulationPath
timeStep	Resolution of the data to import: hourly (default), daily, weekly, monthly or annual.
simplify	If TRUE and only one type of output is imported then a data.table is returned. If FALSE, the result will always be a list of class "antaresData".
parallel	Should the importation be parallelized ? (See details)
showProgress	If TRUE the function displays information about the progress of the importation.

Value

data.table with class "antaresDataTable".

See Also

```
setSimulationPath, readAntares, getAreas, getLinks
```

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Read Input thermal time series

Description

readInputThermal is a function that reads thermal time series from an antares project. But contrary to readAntares, it only reads time series stored in the input folder, so it can work in "input" mode.

Usage

```
readInputThermal(
    areas = "all",
    clusters,
    thermalAvailabilities = TRUE,
    thermalModulation = FALSE,
    thermalData = FALSE,
    opts = simOptions(),
    timeStep = c("hourly", "daily", "weekly", "monthly", "annual"),
    simplify = TRUE,
    parallel = FALSE,
    showProgress = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

areas vector of areas names for which thermal time series must be read.

clusters vector of clusters names for which thermal time series must be read.

thermalAvailabilities

if TRUE, return thermalAvailabilities data

thermalModulation

thermalData

if TRUE, return thermalModulation data if TRUE, return thermalData from prepro

opts list of simulation parameters returned by the function setSimulationPath timeStep Resolution of the data to import: hourly (default), daily, weekly, monthly or

annual.

simplify If TRUE and only one type of output is imported then a data.table is returned. If

FALSE, the result will always be a list of class "antaresData".

parallel Should the importation be parallelized? (See details)

showProgress If TRUE the function displays information about the progress of the importation.

Value

If thermalModulation or thermalData is TRUE, an object of class "antaresDataList" is returned. It is a list of data.tables for selected input

Else the result is a data.table with class "antaresDataTable".

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Note

the clusters parameter can also accept the special value "all". It indicates the function to read the desired time series for all clusters.

See Also

```
setSimulationPath, readAntares, getAreas, getLinks
```

readInputTS

Read Input time series

Description

Antares API: OK

readInputTS is a function that reads time series from an antares project. But contrary to readAntares, it only reads time series stored in the input folder, so it can work in "input" mode.

Usage

```
readInputTS(
  load = NULL,
  thermalAvailabilities = NULL,
  ror = NULL,
 mingen = NULL,
 hydroStorage = NULL,
 hydroStorageMaxPower = NULL,
 wind = NULL,
  solar = NULL,
 misc = NULL,
  reserve = NULL,
  linkCapacity = NULL,
  resProduction = NULL,
  st_storage = NULL,
  opts = simOptions(),
  timeStep = c("hourly", "daily", "weekly", "monthly", "annual"),
  simplify = TRUE,
 parallel = FALSE,
  showProgress = TRUE
```

Arguments

load vector of areas names for which load time series must be read.
thermalAvailabilities
vector of areas names for which thermal availabilities of clusters must be read.
ror vector of areas names for which run of river time series must be read.

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mingen	vector of areas names for which Hydro Pmin time series must be read. (only for Antares version \geq 860)
hydroStorage	vector of areas names for which hydrolic storage time series must be read.
hydroStorageMax	xPower
	vector of areas names for which hydrolic storage maximum power time series must be read.
wind	vector of areas names for which wind time series must be read
solar	vector of areas names for which solar time series must be read
misc	vector of areas names for which misc time series must be read
reserve	vector of areas names for which reserve time series must be read
linkCapacity	vector of links names for which links characteristics time series must be read
resProduction	vector of areas names for which renewables clusters production time series must be read.
st_storage	vector of areas names for which st-storage clusters production time series must be read.
opts	list of simulation parameters returned by the function setSimulationPath
timeStep	Resolution of the data to import: hourly (default), daily, weekly, monthly or annual.
simplify	If TRUE and only one type of output is imported then a data.table is returned. If FALSE, the result will always be a list of class "antaresData".
parallel	Should the importation be parallelized ? (See details)
showProgress	If TRUE the function displays information about the progress of the importation.

Value

If simplify = TRUE and only one type of input is imported then the result is a data.table with class "antaresDataTable".

Else an object of class "antaresDataList" is returned. It is a list of data.tables, each element representing one type of element (load, wind, solar, etc.).

Note

All parameters expecting a vector of areas or links names also accept the special value "all". It indicates the function to read the desired time series for all areas or links.

See Also

```
setSimulationPath, readAntares, getAreas, getLinks
```

Examples

```
## Not run:
# Set an antares study in "input" mode. This is useful when one want to
# inspect input time series before running a simulation.
# Note that readAntares do not function in input mode, but readInputTS
```

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```
# works with any mode.
setSimulationPath("path_to_the_study", "input")

# Read load time series
readInputTS(load = "all")

# Read hydrolic storage and maximum power in the same call:
readInputTS(hydroStorage = "all", hydroStorageMaxPower = "all")

# Use a different time step
myArea <- readInputTS(load= "myArea", timeStep = "monthly")

# Quick plot to visualize the variability of the series
matplot(myArea[, - (1:2), with = FALSE], type = "l")

## End(Not run)</pre>
```

readLayout

Read areas layout

Description

This function reads in the input files of an antares study the current areas layout, ie. the position of the areas It may be useful for plotting the network.

Be aware that the layout is read in the input files so they may have changed since a simulation has been run.

Usage

```
readLayout(opts = simOptions(), xyCompare = c("union", "intersect"))
```

Arguments

opts list of simulation parameters returned by the function setSimulationPath

xyCompare Use when passing multiple opts, can be "union" or "intersect".

Value

A list with three elements:

areas: A data.frame containing the name, the color and the coordinate of each area district: A data.frame containing the name, the color and the coordinate of each district links: A data.frame containing the name, the coordinates of the origin and the destina-

tion of each link

By default, readLayout reads the layout for the current default antares study. It is possible to specify another study with the parameter opts. And we can pass multiple studies using a list of opts.

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Examples

```
## Not run:
readLayout()

# By default, the function reads layout for the default study,
# but it is possible to specify another study with parameter "opts"
sim1 <- setSimulationPath()

#[... code that modifies the default antares study]

readLayout(sim1)

## End(Not run)</pre>
```

readOptimCriteria

Read Optimization Criteria

Description

This function can be used to read the value of the criteria optimized by ANTARES. Notice that these values are only available in "Xpansion" mode or when option "Export mps" is turned on.

Usage

```
readOptimCriteria(opts = simOptions())
```

Arguments

opts

list of simulation parameters returned by the function setSimulationPath

Value

A table of class antaresDataTable. It contains the usual columns timeID, mcYear, time and two columns "criterion1" and "criterion2" containing the values of the criteria. Time step can be daily or weekly depending on the optimization options.

Examples

```
## Not run:
setSimulationPath()

optimCriteria <- readOptimCriteria()
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

```
read_storages_constraints
```

Read Short-term storages / additional constraints

Description

Antares API: OK [Experimental]

This function reads constraints of an Antares project (by area/cluster):

- Properties
- · Time series

Be aware that constraints are read in the input files of a study. So they may have changed since a simulation has been run.

Usage

```
read_storages_constraints(opts = simOptions())
```

Arguments

opts

list of simulation parameters returned by the function setSimulationPath

Value

list with 2 sections per cluster/constraint (properties + values).

Examples

```
## Not run:
# read/load an existing study (version >= 9.2)
setSimulationPath(path = "mypath/study")
read_storages_constraints()
## End(Not run)
```

removeVirtualAreas 37

removeVirtualAreas Remove virtual areas

Description

This function removes virtual areas from an antaresDataList object and corrects the data for the real areas. The antaresDataList object should contain area and link data to function correctly.

Usage

```
removeVirtualAreas(
    x,
    storageFlexibility = NULL,
    production = NULL,
    reassignCosts = FALSE,
    newCols = TRUE,
    rowBal = TRUE,
    prodVars = getAlias("rmVA_production"),
    costsVars = c("OV. COST", "OP. COST", "CO2 EMIS.", "NP COST"),
    costsOn = c("both", "storageFlexibility", "production")
)
```

Arguments

x An object of class antaresDataList with at least components areas and links. storageFlexibility

A vector containing the names of the virtual storage/flexibility areas. Can also be a named list. Names are columns to add and elements the virtual areas to

group.

production A vector containing the names of the virtual production areas.

reassignCosts If TRUE, the production costs of the virtual areas are reallocated to the real areas

they are connected to. If the virtual areas are connected to a virtual hub, their costs are first reallocated to the hub and then the costs of the hub are reallocated

to the real areas.

newCols If TRUE, new columns containing the production of the virtual areas are added.

If FALSE their production is added to the production of the real areas they are

connected to.

rowBal If TRUE, then BALANCE will be corrected by ROW. BAL: BALANCE := BAL-

ANCE - "ROW. BAL"

prodVars Virtual productions columns to add to real area. Default to getAlias("rmVA_production")

costsVars If parameter reassignCosts is TRUE, affected columns. Default to OV. COST,

OP. COST, CO2 EMIS. and NP COST

costsOn If parameter reassignCosts is TRUE, then the costs of the virtual areas are

reassigned to the real areas they are connected to. You can choose to reassigned production & storageFlexibility virtuals areas ("both", default), or only "produc-

tion" or "storageFlexibility" virtuals areas

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Details

Two types of virtual areas have been defined corresponding to different types of modeling in Antares and different types of post-treatment to do:

- Flexibility/storage areas are areas created to model pumping unit or any other flexibility that behave as a storage. For those virtual areas, the important results are flows on the links.
- Production areas are areas created to isolate some generation from the "real" areas. They can be isolate for several reasons: to distinguish time-series (for example wind onshore/offshore), to select some specific unit to participate to day-ahead reserve, etc.

removeVirtualAreas performs different corrections:

- Correct the balance of the real areas (and districts) by removing the flows to or from virtual areas.
- If parameter reassignCosts is TRUE, then the costs of the virtual areas are reassigned to the real areas they are connected to. The default affected columns are OV. COST, OP. COST, CO2 EMIS. and NP COST. If a virtual area is connected to a single real area, all its costs are attributed to the real area. If it is connected to several real areas, then costs at a given time step are divided between them proportionally to the flows between them and the virtual area. An aggregation is done at the end to correct districts costs.
- For each storage/flexibility area, a column named like the area is created. It contains the values of the flow between the virtual area and the real areas. This column is interpreted as a production of electricity: it is positive if the flow from the virtual area to the real area is positive and negative otherwise. If parameter newCols is FALSE, the values are added to the variable PSP and the columns is removed. An aggregation is done at the end to add virtual storage/flexibility to districts.
- If the parameter production is specified, then the non null productions of the virtual areas are either added to the ones of the real areas they are connected to if newCols = FALSE or put in new columns if newCols = TRUE. In the second case the columns are named *_virtual where "*" is a type of production (wind, solar, nuclear, ...). Productions that are zero for all virtual areas are omited. If virtual production areas contains clusters then they will be move to the real area. An aggregation is done at the end to add virtual production to districts.
- Finally, virtual areas and the links connected to them are removed from the data.

The functions makes a few assumptions about the network. If they are violated it will not act correctly:

- storage/flexibility areas can be connected to other storage/flexibility areas (hubs), but at least one of them is connected to a real area. That means that there is no group of virtual areas disconnected from the real network. If such a group exists, you can either remove them manually or simply not import them.
- production areas are connected to one and only one real area. They cannot be connected to virtual areas. But a real area may by connected to several production areas.

Value

An antaresDataList object in which virtual areas have been removed and data of the real has been corrected. See details for an explanation of the corrections.

setHvdcAreas 39

Examples

```
## Not run:
# Assume we have a network with two virtual areas acting as pump storage and
# an area representing offshore production
# offshore
#
# real area - psp in
              psp out
data <- readAntares(areas="all", links="all")</pre>
# Remove pump storage virtual areas
correctedData <- removeVirtualAreas(</pre>
    x = data,
    storageFlexibility = c("psp in", "psp out"),
    production = "offshore"
)
correctedData_list <- removeVirtualAreas(</pre>
    x = data,
    storageFlexibility = list(PSP = c("psp in", "psp out")),
    production = "offshore"
)
correctedData_details <- removeVirtualAreas(</pre>
    x = data
    storageFlexibility = list(PSP_IN = "psp in", PSP_OUT = "psp out"),
    production = "offshore"
)
## End(Not run)
```

setHvdcAreas

Set hvdc areas

Description

This function add hvdc attribute

Usage

```
setHvdcAreas(data, areas)
```

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Arguments

data antaresData or antaresDatalist data.
areas character hvdc areas list.

Value

Object of class "antaresDataList" is returned. It is a list of data.tables, each element representing one type of element (areas, links, clusters)

Examples

```
## Not run:
library(antaresRead)
opts <- setSimulationPath('mypath', 1)
myAreaOutput <- readAntares(areas = "all", links = "all")
myAreaOutput <- setHvdcAreas(myAreaOutput, "y_dsr")
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

setRam

Specify RAM limit

Description

This function specify RAM limit (in Go) of the value returned by readAntares.

Usage

```
setRam(x)
```

Arguments

х

numeric RAM limit in Go

Value

```
list (returned by options())
```

```
## Not run:
#Set maximum ram to used to 50 Go
setRam(50)
## End(Not run)
```

setSimulationPath

Set Path to an Antares simulation

Description

This function has to be used before the read functions. It sets the path to the Antares simulation to work on and other useful options (list of areas, links, areas with clusters, variables, etc.). On local disk with setSimulationPath or on an AntaREST API with setSimulationPathAPI

Usage

```
setSimulationPath(path, simulation = NULL)
setSimulationPathAPI(
  host,
  study_id,
  token,
  simulation = NULL,
  timeout = 600,
  httr_config = list()
)
```

Arguments

path (optional) Path to the simulation. It can either be the path to a directory con-

taining an antares project or directly to the directory containing the output of a simulation. If missing, a window opens and lets the user choose the directory of the simulation interactively. Can also choose .h5 file, if rhdf5 is installed.

simulation (optional) Only used if "path" represents the path of a study and not of the out-

put of a simulation. It can be either the name of the simulation or a number indicating which simulation to use. It is possible to use negative values to select a simulation from the last one: for instance -1 will select the most recent simulation, -2 will the penultimate one, etc. There are two special values 0 and "input" that tells the function that the user is not interested by the results of any simulation, but only by the inputs. In such a case, the function readAntares is

unavailable.

host character host of AntaREST server API

study_id character id of the target study on the API

token character API personnal access token

timeout numeric API timeout (Default to 600 seconds).

httr_config API httr configuration. See config

Details

The simulation chosen with setSimulationPath or setSimulationPathAPI becomes the default simulation for all functions of the package. This behavior is fine when working on only one simulation, but it may become problematic when working on multiple simulations at same time.

In such case, you can store the object returned by the function in a variable and pass this variable to the functions of the package (see examples).

Value

A list containing various information about the simulation, in particular:

studyPath path of the Antares study simPath path of the simulation

inputPath path of the input folder of the study

studyName Name of the study

simDataPath path of the folder containing the data of the simulation

name of the simulation

mode type of simulation: economy, adequacy, draft or input

synthesis Are synthetic results available?

yearByYear Are the results for each Monte Carlo simulation available?

scenarios Are the Monte-Carlo scenarii stored in output? This is important to reconstruct

some input time series that have been used in each Monte-Carlo simulation.

mcYears Vector containing the number of the exported Monte-Carlo scenarios

antaresVersion Version of Antares used to run the simulation.

areaList Vector of the available areas.

districtList Vector of the available districts.
linkList Vector of the available links.

areasWithClusters

Vector of areas containing clusters.

areasWithResClusters

Vector of areas containing clusters renewable.

areasWithSTClusters

Vector of areas containing clusters storage (>=v8.6.0).

variables Available variables for areas, districts and links.

parameters Other parameters of the simulation.

binding Table of time series dimensions for each group (>=v8.7.0).

timeIdMin Minimum time id of the simulation. It is generally equal to one but can be higher

if working on a subperiod.

timeIdMax maximum time id of the simulation.

start Date of the first day of the year in the simulation. This date corresponds to

timeId = 1.

```
firstWeekday First day of the week.

districtsDef data.table containing the specification of the districts.

energyCosts list containing the cost of spilled and unsupplied energy.

verbose logical default to FALSE, put to TRUE to manage diagnostic messages sleep timer for api commande execute
```

See Also

```
\verb|simOptions|, readAntares|, readLayout|, readClusterDesc|, readBindingConstraints| \\ \verb|setTimeoutAPI| \\
```

```
# Select interactively a study. It only works on windows.
setSimulationPath()
# Specify path of the study. Note: if there are more than one simulation
# output in the study, the function will asks the user to interactively choose
# one simulation.
setSimulationPath("path_of_the_folder_of_the_study")
# Select the first simulation of a study
setSimulationPath("path_of_the_folder_of_the_study", 1)
# Select the last simulation of a study
setSimulationPath("path_of_the_folder_of_the_study", -1)
# Select a simulation by name
setSimulationPath("path_of_the_folder_of_the_study", "name of the simulation")
# Just need to read input data
setSimulationPath("path_of_the_folder_of_the_study", "input")
setSimulationPath("path_of_the_folder_of_the_study", 0)
# Working with API
#-----
setSimulationPathAPI(
   host = "http://antares_api_adress",
   study_id = "study_id_on_api",
   token = "token"
)
## Custom httr options ?
```

```
# global using httr package
require(httr)
set_config(verbose())
setSimulationPathAPI(
   host = "http://antares_api_adress",
   study_id = "study_id_on_api",
    token = "token"
)
reset_config()
# or in setSimulationPathAPI
setSimulationPathAPI(
   host = "http://antares_api_adress",
   study_id = "study_id_on_api",
    token = "token",
   httr_config = config(verbose = TRUE)
)
# disable ssl certificate checking ?
setSimulationPathAPI(
   host = "http://antares_api_adress",
    study_id = "study_id_on_api",
    token = "token",
   httr_config = config(ssl_verifypeer = FALSE)
)
# WORKING WITH MULTIPLE SIMULATIONS
# Let us assume ten simulations have been run and we want to collect the
# variable "LOAD" for each area. We can create a list containing options
# for each simulation and iterate through this list.
opts <- lapply(1:10, function(i) {</pre>
   setSimulationPath("path_of_the_folder_of_the_study", i)
})
output <- lapply(opts, function(o) {</pre>
 res <- readAntares(areas = "all", select = "LOAD", timeStep = "monthly", opts = o)</pre>
 # Add a column "simulation" containing the name of the simulation
 res$simulation <- o$name
 res
})
# Concatenate all the tables in one super table
output <- rbindlist(output)</pre>
# Reshape output for easier comparisons: one line per timeId and one column
# per simulation
output <- dcast(output, timeId + areaId ~ simulation, value.var = "LOAD")</pre>
output
```

setTimeoutAPI 45

setTimeoutAPI

Change API Timeout

Description

Change API Timeout

Usage

```
setTimeoutAPI(opts, timeout)
```

Arguments

 $\label{list} \mbox{opts} \qquad \qquad \mbox{list of simulation parameters returned by the function } \mbox{setSimulationPathAPI}$

timeout numeric API timeout (seconds). Default to 600.

Value

Object of class simOptions, list of options used to read the data contained in the last simulation read by setSimulationPathAPI.

```
## Not run:
opts <- setTimeoutAPI(opts, timeout = 45)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

46 showAliases

showAliases	show aliases for variable
SHOWATTOSES	snow anases for variable

Description

Aliases are short names that can be used in the select parameter in function readAntares to tell the function which columns and/or type of data to import.

setAlias can be used to create a new alias. It can be especially useful for package developers to help their users select the data required by their packages.

getAlias return character vector containing columns and/or types of data showAliases lists available aliases

Usage

```
showAliases(names = NULL)
setAlias(name, desc, select)
getAlias(name)
```

Arguments

names optional vector of alias names. If provided, the full list of columns selected

by these aliases is displayed. Else only the name and a short description of all

aliases is displayed.

name Alias name

desc Short description indicating why the new alias is interesting

select character vector containing columns and/or types of data to import.

Value

setAlias is only used for its side effects. A data.frame with columns 'name', 'desc' and 'select'. showAliases invisibly returns a data.frame with columns "name", "desc" and "select".

```
# Display the short description of an alias
showAliases()

# Display the full description of an alias
showAliases("renewable")

getAlias("renewable")

## Not run:
# Create a new alias that imports flows
```

simOptions 47

```
setAlias("test", "short description", c("links", "FLOW LIN."))
showAliases()
## End(Not run)
```

simOptions

Extract simulation options

Description

The function readAntares stores in its output the options used to read some data (path of the study, area list, link list, start date, etc.).

Usage

```
simOptions(x = NULL)
```

Arguments

Χ

object of class antaresTable or antaresData

Details

simOptions extracts these options from an object of class antaresTable or antaresOutput. It can be useful when working on multiple simulations, either to check how some object has been created or to use it in some functions like getAreas or getLinks

If the parameter of the function is NULL, it returns the default simulation options, that is the options set by setSimulationPath the last time it was run.

Value

list of options used to read the data contained in an object or the last simulation options read by setSimulationPath if x is NULL

```
## Not run:
    setSimulationPath(study1)

simOptions() # returns the options for study 1

data <- readAntares()

# Choose a different study
    setSimulationPath(study2)

simOptions() # returns the options for study 2</pre>
```

48 subset.antaresDataList

```
getAreas() # returns the areas of the secund study
getAreas(opts = simOptions(data)) # returns the areas of the first study
## End(Not run)
```

subset.antaresDataList

Subset an antaresDataList

Description

Subset method for antaresDataList.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'antaresDataList'
subset(x, y = NULL, areas = NULL, timeIds = NULL, mcYears = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

x	Object of class antaresDataList created with readAntares.
у	A table containing at least one of the columns "area", "timeId" or "mcYear". If it is not NULL, then only tuples (area, timeId, mcYear) present in this table are kept.
areas	Vector of area names to keep in the result. If NULL, all areas are kept.
timeIds	Vector of time ids to keep. If NULL, all time ids are kept.
mcYears	Vector of monte-carlo years to keep. If NULL, all time ids are kept.
	Currently unused.

Value

 $A\ filtered\ antares {\tt DataList}.$

```
## Not run:
#keep only the first year
mydata <- readAntares(areas = "all", links = "all", mcYears = "all")
mySubset<-subset(mydata, mcYears = 1)

#keep only the first year for areas a and b
mydata <- readAntares(areas = "all", links = "all", mcYears = "all")
mySubset<-subset(mydata, mcYears = 1, areas=c("a", "b"))

#' #keep only the first year for areas a and b and timeIds include in 5:16</pre>
```

```
mydata <- readAntares(areas = "all", links = "all", mcYears = "all")
mySubset<-subset(mydata, mcYears = 1, areas=c("a", "b"), timeIds=5:16)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

summary.bindingConstraints

Display equation of binding constraint

Description

[**Deprecated**] This function cannot be used for a study $\geq 8.7.0$

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'bindingConstraints'
summary(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object Object returned by readBindingConstraints
... Unused

Value

A data.frame with one line per constraint.

viewAntares

View the content of an antares output

Description

This function displays each element of an antaresData object in a spreadsheet-like viewer.

Usage

```
viewAntares(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x An object of class antaresData, generated by the function readAntares.

... Currently unused

50 writeDigest

Value

Invisible NULL.

Examples

```
## Not run:
setSimulationPath()
areas <-readAntares()
viewAntares(areas)

output <- studyAntares(areas="all", links = "all", clusters = "all")
viewAntares(output) # Opens three data viewers for each element of output
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

writeDigest

Write digest file

Description

Write digest file

Usage

```
writeDigest(digest, opts = simOptions())
```

Arguments

 $\label{list-of-5} \mbox{digest} \qquad \qquad \mbox{list of 5 elements similar to what is returned by } \mbox{readDigestFile}$

opts simulation options

Value

updated digest list of 5 tables (begin, areas, middle, links lin., links quad.)

See Also

 ${\tt readDigestFile}$

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