

# Package ‘SBMLR’

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**Title** SBML-R Interface and Analysis Tools

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**Description** This package contains a systems biology markup language (SBML) interface to R.

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**Depends** XML, deSolve

**Suggests** rsbml

**License** GPL-2

**URL** <http://epbi-radivot.cwru.edu/SBMLR/SBMLR.html>

**biocViews** GraphAndNetwork, Pathways, Network

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## Contents

|                         |           |
|-------------------------|-----------|
| Ops.SBMLR . . . . .     | 2         |
| readSBML . . . . .      | 3         |
| readSBMLR . . . . .     | 4         |
| S4toS3 . . . . .        | 5         |
| saveSBML . . . . .      | 6         |
| saveSBMLR . . . . .     | 7         |
| sim . . . . .           | 8         |
| summary.SBMLR . . . . . | 10        |
| <b>Index</b>            | <b>12</b> |

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`Ops.SBMLR`*Check the equality of the species and reactions of two SBMLR models*

---

**Description**

This function tests the equivalence of two models with respect to the species and reaction data frames generated by summary.

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'SBMLR'  
Ops(e1,e2)
```

**Arguments**

|                 |                                                                            |
|-----------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>e1</code> | The first of the two model objects of class SBML which are to be compared. |
| <code>e2</code> | The second model object.                                                   |

**Value**

A list containing the following two boolean dataframes

|                        |                                                                  |
|------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>species</code>   | The equality of species information tabularized as a data frame. |
| <code>reactions</code> | The equality of reaction information tabularized as a dataframe. |

**Author(s)**

Tom Radivoyevitch

**See Also**

[summary.SBMLR](#)

**Examples**

```
library(SBMLR)  
curto1=readSBMLR(file.path(system.file(package="SBMLR"), "models/curto.r"))  
curto2=readSBMLR(file.path(system.file(package="SBMLR"), "models/curto.xml"))  
curto1==curto2
```

---

readSBML*Convert an SBML file into an R object of class SBMLR*

---

**Description**

This function converts an SBML level 2 file into a corresponding R model structure of class SBMLR.

**Usage**

```
readSBML(filename)
```

**Arguments**

filename            An SBML level 2 model input file.

**Details**

A limited subset of SBML level 2 models is currently supported, e.g. events and function definitions are not covered.

**Value**

A corresponding SBMLR model object in R.

**Author(s)**

Tom Radivoyevitch

**See Also**

[readSBMLR](#)

**Examples**

```
library(SBMLR)
curtoX=readSBML(file.path(system.file(package="SBMLR"), "models/curto.xml"))
curtoR=readSBMLR(file.path(system.file(package="SBMLR"), "models/curto.r"))
curtoX==curtoR
```

---

`readSBMLR`*Convert an SBMLR file into an R model object of class SBMLR*

---

**Description**

This function converts an SBMLR model file into a corresponding SBMLR model object. This is more than a source-ing: the file is simpler than the object since things are generated, such as, rate law and rule R expressions and functions, and mathML.

**Usage**

```
readSBMLR(filename)
```

**Arguments**

`filename`            An SBMLR model definition file.

**Details**

A limited subset of SBML level 2 models is currently supported, e.g. events and function definitions are not covered.

**Value**

A corresponding SBMLR model object.

**Note**

This function replaces the use of `source` in older versions of SBMLR. It converts rate law and rule strings to R functions and expressions and to MathML.

**Author(s)**

Tom Radivoyevitch

**See Also**

[readSBML](#)

**Examples**

```
library(SBMLR)
curtoX=readSBML(file.path(system.file(package="SBMLR"), "models/curto.xml"))
curtoR=readSBMLR(file.path(system.file(package="SBMLR"), "models/curto.r"))
curtoX==curtoR
```

---

|        |                                                                                           |
|--------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| S4toS3 | <i>Converts an S4 class SBML object created by rsbml into an S3 object of class SBMLR</i> |
|--------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

---

## Description

This function provides a path from rsbml to SBMLR. The latter, being S3, is less cluttered with empty fields/slots than the former. The advantage of the S4 object is that it comes from more robust SBML reading: rsbml uses libsbml to parse SBML, SBMLR uses the R package XML. NOTE: As rsbml is no longer supported on the MAC, this function no longer works on the Mac.

## Usage

```
S4toS3(dom)
```

## Arguments

|     |                                                   |
|-----|---------------------------------------------------|
| dom | An S4 DOM object of class SBML produced by rsbml. |
|-----|---------------------------------------------------|

## Details

Carried over are compartments, species, global parameters, rules and reactions.

## Value

A corresponding SBMLR model object, i.e. an S3 list of lists type of object.

## Author(s)

Tom Radivoyevitch

## Examples

```
## Not run:
library(rsbml)
(dom <- rsbml_read(file.path(system.file(package="SBMLR"), "models/sod.xml")))
library(SBMLR)
(mod=S4toS3(dom))
summary(mod)

## End(Not run)
```

---

`saveSBML`*Saves an SBMLR object to an SBML file.*

---

**Description**

This function converts a class SBMLR model object into an SBML level 2 version 1 file.

**Usage**

```
saveSBML(model, filename)
```

**Arguments**

|                       |                            |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|
| <code>model</code>    | The S3 SBMLR model object. |
| <code>filename</code> | The name of the SBML file  |

**Details**

The output file is SBML level 2.

**Value**

No value returned.

**Warning**

SBML events and function definitions are NOT implemented.

**Note**

The SBML file is written incrementally, rather than first built as a DOM in R and then saved using `xmlSave`.

**Author(s)**

Tom Radivoyevitch

**References**

Radivoyevitch, T. A two-way interface between limited Systems Biology Markup Language and R. BMC Bioinformatics 5, 190 (2004).

**See Also**

[saveSBMLR](#)

## Examples

```
library(SBMLR)
curtoR=readSBMLR(file.path(system.file(package="SBMLR"), "models/curto.r"))
saveSBML(curtoR,"curtoR.xml")
curtoX=readSBML("curtoR.xml")
curtoX==curtoR
summary(curtoR)
unlink("curtoR.xml")
```

---

saveSBMLR

*Save an R model object of class SBMLR to a file.*

---

## Description

This function converts an SBMLR model object in R into an SBMLR model definition file. Rate laws are provided only in string form. Redundancy is eliminated to make the file easier to edit.

## Usage

```
saveSBMLR(model,filename)
```

## Arguments

|          |                                                                           |
|----------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| model    | The SBMLR model object to be mapped into the SBMLR model definition file. |
| filename | The file name of the destination SBMLR model definition file.             |

## Value

No value returned.

## Warning

SBML events and function definitions are NOT implemented.

## Note

Similar to saveSBML, the file is written incrementally.

## Author(s)

Tom Radivoyevitch

## References

Radivoyevitch, T. A two-way interface between limited Systems Biology Markup Language and R. BMC Bioinformatics 5, 190 (2004).

See Also

[saveSBML](#)

Examples

```
library(SBMLR)
curto=readSBMLR(file.path(system.file(package="SBMLR"), "models/curto.r"))
saveSBMLR(curto,"curto.r")
curtoR=readSBMLR("curto.r")
curto==curtoR
summary(curtoR)
unlink("curto.r")
```

---

|     |                                           |
|-----|-------------------------------------------|
| sim | <i>Simulate a model of S3 class SBMLR</i> |
|-----|-------------------------------------------|

---

Description

This function simulates a model given report times and optional modulators. It uses lsoda of the deSolve package.

Usage

```
sim(model, times, modulator=NULL,X0=NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

|           |                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|-----------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| model     | The S3 model object to be simulated. Initial conditions are passed through this object.                                                                                                   |
| times     | The sequence of time points to be sampled and provided as rows of the output matrix.                                                                                                      |
| modulator | Null if there are no modulators (default), a vector of numbers if there are steady state Vmax modulators, and a list of interpolating functions if there are time course Vmax modulators. |
| X0        | Override model initial conditions in simulations, particularly piece-wise perturbation simulations.                                                                                       |
| ...       | To pass extra args such as event data frames to deSolve.                                                                                                                                  |

Details

This is a wrapper for ode.

Value

The data frame output that comes out of ode.

**Note**

Rules are implemented through time varying boundary conditions updated at each time point as a side effect within the (now internal) function `fderiv`.

**Author(s)**

Tom Radivoyevitch

**References**

For the folate cycle example given below: Morrison PF, Allegra CJ: Folate cycle kinetics in human breast cancer cells. *JBiolChem* 1989, 264(18):10552-10566.

**Examples**

```
##---- The following perturbs PRPP from 5 to 50 uM in Curto et al.'s model.
library(SBMLR)
curto=readSBMLR(file.path(system.file(package="SBMLR"), "models/curto.xml"))
(dPRPP10 <- data.frame(var = "PRPP", time = 0, value = 10, method = "mult"))
(out=sim(curto,times=seq(-20,70,1),events = list(data = dPRPP10) ))
plot(out,which=c("PRPP","den","IMP","HX","Gua","aprt","XMP","Xa","UA"))

# which should be the same plots as
curto=readSBMLR(file.path(system.file(package="SBMLR"), "models/curto.r"))
(dPRPP10 <- data.frame(var = "PRPP", time = 0, value = 10, method = "mult"))
(out=sim(curto,times=seq(-20,70,1),events = list(data = dPRPP10) ))
plot(out,which=c("PRPP","den","IMP","HX","Gua","aprt","XMP","Xa","UA"))

##---- The following generates Morrison's folate system response to 1uM MTX
morr=readSBMLR(file.path(system.file(package="SBMLR"), "models/morrison.r"))
out1=sim(morr,seq(-20,0,1))
morr$species$EMTX$ic=1
out2=sim(morr,0:30)
outs=data.frame(rbind(out1,out2))
attach(outs)
par(mfrow=c(3,4))
plot(time,FH2b,type="l",xlab="Hours")
plot(time,FH2f,type="l",xlab="Hours")
plot(time,DHFRf,type="l",xlab="Hours")
plot(time,DHFRtot,type="l",xlab="Hours")
plot(time,CHOFH4,type="l",xlab="Hours")
plot(time,FH4,type="l",xlab="Hours")
plot(time,CH2FH4,type="l",xlab="Hours")
plot(time,CH3FH4,type="l",xlab="Hours")
plot(time,AICARsyn,type="l",xlab="Hours")
plot(time,MTR,type="l",xlab="Hours")
plot(time,TYMS,type="l",xlab="Hours")
#plot(time,EMTX,type="l",xlab="Hours")
plot(time,DHFReductase,type="l",xlab="Hours")
par(mfrow=c(1,1))
detach(outs)
```

```

morr$species$EMTX$ic=0

## Note: This does not work, since EMTX is not a state variable, it is a bc
##(dEMTX1 <- data.frame(var = "EMTX", time = 0, value = 1,method = "add"))
##(out=simulate(morr,times=seq(-20,30,1),events = list(data = dEMTX1) ) )

```

---

summary.SBMLR

*Get summary information from an SBMLR model*


---

## Description

This function extracts information from a model of class SBMLR and returns it as a list. The list includes species and reaction information tabularized as data frames.

## Usage

```

## S3 method for class 'SBMLR'
summary(object,...)

```

## Arguments

|        |                                                                          |
|--------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| object | A model object of class SBMLR from which information is to be extracted. |
| ...    | For compatibility with summary of the base package.                      |

## Details

no details

## Value

A list containing the following elements

|            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| BC         | A logical vector indicating which species are not state variables, i.e. which species are boundary conditions or auxillary variables.                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| y0         | The initial state (boundary conditions excluded!).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| nStates    | The length of the state vector, i.e. the number of system states.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| S0         | The full set of species initial values.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| nReactions | The number of reactions.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| nSpecies   | The number of species, including states, boundary conditions and possibly auxillary variables such as the total concentration of dihydrofolate reductase in the morrison.r model.                                                                                                                                       |
| incid      | The incidence/stoichiometry matrix. This usually contains ones and minus ones corresponding to fluxes either synthesizing or degrading (respectively) a state variable chemical species. This matrix multiplied by the flux vector on its right yields the corresponding concentration state variable time derivatives. |

|           |                                                                                            |
|-----------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| species   | Species information (i.e. names, ICs, BCs, and compartments) as a data frame.              |
| reactions | Reaction information tabularized as a dataframe, including string laws and initial fluxes. |

**Note**

The list output can be attached to immediately define many model variables of interest.

**Author(s)**

Tom Radivoyevitch

**Examples**

```
library(SBMLR)
curto=readSBMLR(file.path(system.file(package="SBMLR"), "models/curto.r"))
summary(curto)
```

# Index

## \* **arith**

- readSBML, [3](#)
- readSBMLR, [4](#)
- S4toS3, [5](#)
- saveSBML, [6](#)
- saveSBMLR, [7](#)

## \* **math**

- Ops . SBMLR, [2](#)
- readSBML, [3](#)
- readSBMLR, [4](#)
- S4toS3, [5](#)
- saveSBML, [6](#)
- saveSBMLR, [7](#)
- sim, [8](#)
- summary . SBMLR, [10](#)

Ops . SBMLR, [2](#)

readSBML, [3](#), [4](#)  
readSBMLR, [3](#), [4](#)

S4toS3, [5](#)  
saveSBML, [6](#), [8](#)  
saveSBMLR, [6](#), [7](#)  
sim, [8](#)  
summary (summary . SBMLR), [10](#)  
summary . SBMLR, [2](#), [10](#)