

Using the NHLBI GRASP repository of GWAS test results with Bioconductor

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1 Introduction

GRASP (Genome-Wide Repository of Associations Between SNPs and Phenotypes) v2.0 was released in September 2014. The [primary GRASP web resource](#) includes links to a web-based query interface. This document describes a Bioconductor package that replicates information in the v2.0 [textual release](#).

The primary reference for version 2 is: Eicher JD, Landowski C, Stackhouse B, Sloan A, Chen W, Jensen N, Lien J-P, Leslie R, Johnson AD (2014) GRASP v 2.0: an update to the genome-wide repository of associations between SNPs and phenotypes. Nucl Acids Res, published online Nov 26, 2014 PMID 25428361

From the main web page:

GRASP includes all available genetic association results from papers, their supplements and web-based content meeting the following guidelines:

- All associations with $P < 0.05$ from GWAS defined as $\geq 25,000$ markers tested for 1 or more traits.
- Study exclusion criteria: CNV-only studies, replication/follow-up studies testing $< 25K$ markers, non-human only studies, article not in English, gene-environment or gene-gene GWAS where single SNP main effects are not given, linkage only studies, aCGH/LOH only studies, heterozygosity/homozygosity (genome-wide or long run) studies, studies only presenting gene-based or pathway-based results, simulation-only studies, studies which we judge as redundant with prior studies since they do not provide significant inclusion of new samples or exposure of new results (e.g., many methodological papers on the WTCCC and FHS GWAS).
- More detailed methods and resources used in constructing the catalog are described at [Methods & Resources](#).
- Terms of Use for GRASP data: <http://apps.nhlbi.nih.gov/Grasp/Terms.aspx>
- Medical disclaimer: [<http://apps.nhlbi.nih.gov/Grasp/Overview.aspx>] (<http://apps.nhlbi.nih.gov/Grasp/Overview.aspx>)

2 Installation

Install the package in Bioconductor version 3.1 or later using `BiocInstaller::biocLite("grasp2db")`.

The first time the `grasp2` data base is referenced, via the `GRASP2()` function described below, a large (5.3Gb) file is downloaded to a local cache using [AnnotationHub](#). This may take a considerable length of time (10's of minutes, perhaps an hour or more depending on internet connections). Subsequent uses refer to the locally cached file, and are fast.

3 Demonstration

3.1 Attachment and messaging

Attach the package.

```
library(grasp2db)
```

Workflows start with a reference to the data base.

```
grasp2 <- GRASP2()
## snapshotDate(): 2016-05-26
## loading from cache '/home/biocbuild/.AnnotationHub/25509'
grasp2
## src: sqlite 3.8.6 [AnnotationHub() [[{"AH21414"}]]]
## tbds: count, study, variant
```

There are three tables. The 'variant' table summarizes 8864671 variants. The 'study' table contains 2044 citations from which the data are extracted; the 'variant' and 'study' tables are related by PMID identifier. The 'count' table contains 19793480 records summarizing SNPs observed in Discovery and Replication samples from 12 distinct Populations; the 'variant' and 'count' tables are related by NHLBIkey.

3.2 Indexed p-value bins

The database has been indexed on a number of fields, and an integer rounding of $-\log_{10}$ of the quantity recorded as the Pvalue of the association is available.

```
variant <-tbl(grasp2, "variant")
q1 = (variant %>% select(Pvalue, NegativeLog10PBin) %>%
      filter(NegativeLog10PBin > 8) %>%
      summarize(maxp = max(Pvalue), n=n()))
q1
## Source: sqlite 3.8.6 [AnnotationHub() [[{"AH21414"}]]]
## From: <derived table> [?? x 2]
##
##           maxp      n
##           (dbl)  (int)
## 1  3.16181e-09 322794
## ...      ...    ...
```

This shows that the quantities in `NegativeLog10PBin` are upper bounds on the exponents of the p-values in the integer-labeled bins defined by this quantity.

A useful utility from dplyr is the query explain method:

```

explain(q1)
## <SQL>
## SELECT "maxp", "n"
## FROM (SELECT MAX("Pvalue") AS "maxp", COUNT() AS "n"
##       FROM "variant"
## WHERE "NegativeLog10PBin" > 8.0) AS "zzz1"
##
## <PLAN>
##   selectid order from
## 1      0    0    0
##                                             detail
## 1 SEARCH TABLE variant USING INDEX NegativeLog10PBin_index (NegativeLog10PBin>?)

```

3.3 Tabulations

This query select variants with large effect from the 'variant' table, and joins them to their published phenotypic effect in the 'study' table.

```

study <- tbl(grasp2, "study")
large_effect <-
  variant %>% select(PMID, SNPid_dbSNP134, NegativeLog10PBin) %>%
    filter(NegativeLog10PBin > 5)
phenotype <-
  left_join(large_effect,
            study %>% select(PMID, PaperPhenotypeDescription))
## Joining by: "PMID"
phenotype
## Source: sqlite 3.8.6 [AnnotationHub() [[{"AH21414"}]]]
## From: <derived table> [?? x 4]
##
##      PMID SNPid_dbSNP134 NegativeLog10PBin  PaperPhenotypeDescription
##      (chr)          (int)           (int)                      (chr)
## 1  20502693          253               6  Gene expression in monocytes
## 2  19913121          255               6  Lipid level measurements
## 3  19913121          256               6  Lipid level measurements
## 4  19913121          263               6  Lipid level measurements
## 5  19913121          264               6  Lipid level measurements
## 6  19913121          271               6  Lipid level measurements
## 7  19913121          285               6  Lipid level measurements
## 8  19913121          301               6  Lipid level measurements
## 9  20502693          326               6  Gene expression in monocytes
## 10 20502693          327               6  Gene expression in monocytes
## ...     ...        ...

```

3.4 Inspecting some relatively weak associations in asthma

```

lkaw <- semi_join(
  variant %>%
    filter(NegativeLog10PBin <= 4) %>%
    select(PMID, chr_hg19, SNPid_dbSNP134, PolyPhen2),

```

```
study %>% filter(PaperPhenotypeDescription == "Asthma"))
## Joining by: "PMID"
```

We materialize the filtered table into a data.frame and check how many PolyPhen2 notations including a substring of 'Damaging':

```
lkaw %>% filter(PolyPhen2 %like% "%amaging%")
## Source: sqlite 3.8.6 [AnnotationHub() [[("AH21414")]]]
## From: <derived table> [?? x 4]
## Filter: PolyPhen2 %like% "%amaging%"
##
##      PMID chr_hg19 SNPid_dbSNP134
##      (chr)    (chr)      (int)
## 1 20860503        1       4762
## 2 20860503        1     880633
## 3 20860503        1     880633
## 4 20860503        3    1053338
## 5 20860503       19    1054940
## 6 20860503        1    1060622
## 7 20860503        1    1156281
## 8 20860503       13    1536207
## 9 20860503       10   1799853
## 10 20860503      11   2186797
## ...
## Variables not shown: PolyPhen2 (chr)
```

4 Quick view of the basic interfaces

4.1 dplyr-oriented

```
grasp2
## src:  sqlite 3.8.6 [AnnotationHub() [[("AH21414")]]]
## tbls: count, study, variant
```

4.2 RSQLite-oriented

```
gcon = grasp2$con
library(RSQLite)
gcon
## <SQLiteConnection>
dbListTables(gcon)
## [1] "count"    "study"    "variant"
```

Note that the package opens the SQLite data base in 'read-only' mode, but updates are possible (e.g., directly opening a connection to the data base without restricting access). There may be implicit control if the user does not have write access to the file.

5 Some QC (Consistency check): Are NHGRI GWAS catalog loci included?

We have an image of the NHGRI GWAS catalog inheriting from GRanges.

```
library(gwascat)
## Loading required package: Homo.sapiens
## Loading required package: AnnotationDbi
## Loading required package: stats4
## Loading required package: BiocGenerics
## Loading required package: parallel
##
## Attaching package: 'BiocGenerics'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:parallel':
##
##     clusterApply, clusterApplyLB, clusterCall, clusterEvalQ,
##     clusterExport, clusterMap, parApply, parCapply, parLapply,
##     parLapplyLB, parRapply, parSapply, parSapplyLB
## The following objects are masked from 'package:dplyr':
##
##     combine, intersect, setdiff, union
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##     IQR, mad, xtabs
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##     Filter, Find, Map, Position, Reduce, anyDuplicated, append,
##     as.data.frame, cbind, colnames, do.call, duplicated, eval,
##     evalq, get, grep, grepl, intersect, is.unsorted, lapply,
##     lengths, mapply, match, mget, order, paste, pmax, pmax.int,
##     pmin, pmin.int, rank, rbind, rownames, sapply, setdiff, sort,
##     table, tapply, union, unique, unsplit
## Loading required package: Biobase
## Welcome to Bioconductor
##
## Vignettes contain introductory material; view with
## 'browseVignettes()'. To cite Bioconductor, see
## 'citation("Biobase")', and for packages 'citation("pkgname")'.
## Loading required package: IRanges
## Loading required package: S4Vectors
##
## Attaching package: 'S4Vectors'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:dplyr':
##
##     first, rename
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##     colMeans, colSums, expand.grid, rowMeans, rowSums
##
## Attaching package: 'IRanges'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:dplyr':
##
##     collapse, desc, regroup, slice
##
## Attaching package: 'AnnotationDbi'
```

```

## The following object is masked from 'package:dplyr':
##
##     select
## Loading required package: OrganismDbi
## Loading required package: GenomicFeatures
## Loading required package: GenomeInfoDb
## Loading required package: GenomicRanges
## Loading required package: GO.db
##
## Loading required package: org.Hs.eg.db
##
## Loading required package: TxDb.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19.knownGene
## Warning: replacing previous import 'ggplot2::Position' by
## 'BiocGenerics::Position' when loading 'ggbio'
## gwascat loaded. Use data(ebacat38) for hg38 coordinates;
## data(ebacat37) for hg19 coordinates.
data(gwrngs19) # hg19 addresses; NHGRI ships hg38
gwrngs19
## gwasloc instance with 17254 records and 35 attributes per record.
## Extracted: Mon Sep  8 13:08:13 2014
## Genome: hg19
## Excerpt:
## GRanges object with 5 ranges and 35 metadata columns:
##   seqnames      ranges strand | Date.Added.to.Catalog
##   <Rle>      <IRanges> <Rle> |           <character>
## 1 chr19 [ 7739177, 7739177] * | 04/16/2014
## 2 chr6 [ 32626601, 32626601] * | 08/02/2014
## 3 chr4 [ 38799710, 38799710] * | 08/02/2014
## 4 chr5 [110467499, 110467499] * | 08/02/2014
## 5 chr2 [102966549, 102966549] * | 08/02/2014
##   PUBMEDID First.Author      Date          Journal
##   <integer> <character> <character>       <character>
## 1 24123702 Chung CM 03/03/2014 Diabetes Metab Res Rev
## 2 24388013 Ferreira MA 12/30/2013 J Allergy Clin Immunol
## 3 24388013 Ferreira MA 12/30/2013 J Allergy Clin Immunol
## 4 24388013 Ferreira MA 12/30/2013 J Allergy Clin Immunol
## 5 24388013 Ferreira MA 12/30/2013 J Allergy Clin Immunol
##   Link
##   <character>
## 1 http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/24123702
## 2 http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/24388013
## 3 http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/24388013
## 4 http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/24388013
## 5 http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/24388013
##
##
## 1 Common quantitative trait locus downstream of RETN gene identified by genome-wide association study
## 2
## 3
## 4
## 5
##   Disease.Trait
##   <character>
## 1 Resistin levels

```

```

## 2 Asthma and hay fever
## 3 Asthma and hay fever
## 4 Asthma and hay fever
## 5 Asthma and hay fever
##                                     Initial.Sample.Size
##                                     <character>
## 1                               382 Han Chinese ancestry indiviudals
## 2 6,685 European ancestry cases, 14,091 European ancestry controls
## 3 6,685 European ancestry cases, 14,091 European ancestry controls
## 4 6,685 European ancestry cases, 14,091 European ancestry controls
## 5 6,685 European ancestry cases, 14,091 European ancestry controls
##                                     Replication.Sample.Size
##                                     <character>
## 1                               559 Han Chinese ancestry indiviudals
## 2 878 European ancestry cases, 2,455 European ancestry controls
## 3 878 European ancestry cases, 2,455 European ancestry controls
## 4 878 European ancestry cases, 2,455 European ancestry controls
## 5 878 European ancestry cases, 2,455 European ancestry controls
##      Region      Chr_id Chr_pos.hg38 Reported.Gene.s.      Mapped_gene
##      <character> <character> <numeric>      <character> <character>
## 1     19p13.2        19    7674291          RETN  RETN - C19orf59
## 2     6p21.32       6     32658824          HLA-DQB1      TRNAI25
## 3      4p14         4    38798089          TLR1       TLR1
## 4     5q22.1        5   111131801          WDR36  WDR36 - RPS3AP21
## 5     2q12.1        2   102350089          IL1RL1      IL1RL1
##      Upstream_gene_id Downstream_gene_id Snp_gene_ids
##      <character>      <character> <character>
## 1           56729        199675
## 2           <NA>          <NA>  100189401
## 3           <NA>          <NA>    7096
## 4           134430        402287
## 5           <NA>          <NA>    9173
##      Upstream_gene_distance Downstream_gene_distance
##      <character>          <character>
## 1             3.84        2.77
## 2             <NA>          <NA>
## 3             <NA>          <NA>
## 4             1.3         60.38
## 5             <NA>          <NA>
##      Strongest.SNP.Risk.Allele      SNPs      Merged Snp_id_current
##      <character> <character> <character> <character>
## 1           rs1423096-G  rs1423096        0  1423096
## 2           rs9273373-G  rs9273373        0  9273373
## 3           rs4833095-T  rs4833095        0  4833095
## 4           rs1438673-C  rs1438673        0  1438673
## 5           rs10197862-A  rs10197862        0 10197862
##      Context Intergenic Risk.Allele.Frequency      p.Value Pvalue_mlog
##      <character> <character> <character> <numeric> <numeric>
## 1  Intergenic        1            0.78    1e-07    7.00000
## 2  Intergenic        0            0.54    4e-14   13.39794
## 3 missense          0            0.74    5e-12   11.30103
## 4  Intergenic        1            0.49    3e-11   10.52288
## 5    intron          0            0.85    4e-11   10.39794
##      p.Value..text. OR.or.beta      X95..CI..text.

```

```

##      <character>  <numeric>          <character>
## 1           0.32 [0.25-0.40] ug/mL increase
## 2           1.24 [1.17-1.30]
## 3           1.20 [1.14-1.26]
## 4           1.16 [1.11-1.21]
## 5           1.24 [1.16-1.32]
## Platform..SNPs.passing.QC.          CNV
##                  <character> <character>
## 1           Illumina [NR]          N
## 2 Illumina [up to 4,972,397] (imputed) N
## 3 Illumina [up to 4,972,397] (imputed) N
## 4 Illumina [up to 4,972,397] (imputed) N
## 5 Illumina [up to 4,972,397] (imputed) N
## num.Risk.Allele.Frequency
##                  <numeric>
## 1           0.78
## 2           0.54
## 3           0.74
## 4           0.49
## 5           0.85
## -----
## seqinfo: 23 sequences from hg19 genome

```

We would like to verify that the majority of the variants enumerated in the NHGRI catalog are also present in GRASP 2.0. We supply a function called `checkAnti` which obtains the anti-join between a chromosome-specific slice of the NHGRI catalogue and the slice of GRASP2 for the same chromosome. We compute for chromosome 22 the fraction of NHGRI records present in GRASP2.

```

gr22 = variant %>% filter(chr_hg19 == "22")
abs22 = checkAnti("22")
1 - (abs22 %>% nrow())/(gr22 %>% nrow())
## [1] 0.9999338

```

The absent records can be seen to be relatively recent additions to the NHGRI catalog.

```

abs22
## Source: local data frame [8 x 42]
##
##   seqnames     start       end width strand Date.Added.to.Catalog PUBMEDID
##   (fctr)     (int)     (int) (int) (fctr)          (chr)     (int)
## 1     22 35371248 35371248     1     * 04/04/2013 23319000
## 2     22 37544486 37544486     1     * 04/10/2014 24057671
## 3     22 34851665 34851665     1     * 05/02/2014 24159190
## 4     22 49842289 49842289     1     * 05/02/2014 24159190
## 5     22 37586792 37586792     1     * 07/23/2014 24324551
## 6     22 22047969 22047969     1     * 07/23/2014 24324551
## 7     22 35144411 35144411     1     * 07/23/2014 24324551
## 8     22 48923459 48923459     1     * 07/28/2014 24322204
## Variables not shown: First.Author (chr), Date (chr), Journal (chr), Link
## (chr), Study (chr), Disease.Trait (chr), Initial.Sample.Size (chr),
## Replication.Sample.Size (chr), Region (chr), Chr_id (chr), Chr_pos.hg38
## (dbl), Reported.Gene.s. (chr), Mapped_gene (chr), Upstream_gene_id
## (chr), Downstream_gene_id (chr), Snp_gene_ids (chr),
## Upstream_gene_distance (chr), Downstream_gene_distance (chr),
## Strongest.SNP.Risk.Allele (chr), SNPs (chr), Merged (chr),

```

```
##  Snp_id_current (chr), Context (chr), Intergenic (chr),
##  Risk.Allele.Frequency (chr), p.Value (dbl), Pvalue_mlog (dbl),
##  p.Value..text. (chr), OR.or.beta (dbl), X95..CI..text. (chr),
##  Platform..SNPs.passing.QC. (chr), CNV (chr), num.Risk.Allele.Frequency
##  (dbl), chr_hg19 (chr), pos_hg19 (int)
```