# Package 'BioCartaImage'

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Type Package

```
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Description The core functionality of the package is to provide coordinates of genes
      on the BioCarta pathway images and to provide methods to add self-defined graphics
      to the genes of interest.
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```

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BioCartaImage-package The BioCartaImage package

## **Description**

BioCarta is a valuable source of biological pathways which not only provides well manually curated pathways, but also remarkable and intuitive pathway images. One useful features of pathway analysis which is to highlight genes of interest on the pathway images is lost. Since the original source of BioCarta (biocarte.com) is lost from the internet, we digged out the data from the internet archive and formatted it into a package.

#### **Details**

The core functionality of this package is to highlight certain genes on the pathway image. The **BioCartaImage** package wraps the pathway image as well as gene locations into a graphic object A simple use is as follows:

```
library(BioCartaImage)
library(grid)
grid.newpage()
grid.biocarta("h_RELAPathway", color = c("1387" = "yellow"))
```

where "h\_RELAPathway" is a BioCarta pathway ID, "1387" (in the EntreZ ID type) is the gene to be highlighted. grid.biocarta() is a low-level **grid** graphical function which adds the pathway graphic to a certain position in the plot.

More advanced use is first to create a graphic object (a grob), later to add more complex graphics to it:

```
grid.newpage()
grob = biocartaGrob("h_RELAPathway")
grob2 = mark_gene(grob, "1387", function(x, y) {
```

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Here biocartaGrob() creates a grob for the pathway image and mark\_gene() adds more graphics which are defined by the self-defined function.

For more details, please go to the vignette of this package.

all\_pathways

All BioCarta pathways

## **Description**

All BioCarta pathways

## Usage

```
all_pathways()
```

## **Details**

The original BioCarta website (biocarta.com) is retired, but the full list of pathways can be found from archived websites such as https://web.archive.org/web/20170122225118/https://cgap.nci.nih.gov/Pathways/BioCarta\_Pathways or https://www.gsea-msigdb.org/gsea/msigdb/human/genesets.jsp?collection=CP:BIOCARTA.

#### Value

A vector of pathway IDs (the primary pathway IDs on BioCarta).

```
all_pathways()
```

**BIOCARTA\_PATHWAYS** 

Pre-computed data objects

## **Description**

Pre-computed data objects

# Usage

**BIOCARTA\_PATHWAYS** 

PATHWAY2BC

PATHWAY2ENTREZ

PATHWAY2MSIGDB

**BC2ENTREZ** 

#### **Format**

An object of class list of length 314.

An object of class data. frame with 4428 rows and 2 columns.

An object of class data. frame with 5196 rows and 2 columns.

An object of class data. frame with 292 rows and 2 columns.

An object of class data. frame with 1739 rows and 2 columns.

#### **Details**

BIOCARTA\_PATHWAYS, PATHWAY2BC, PATHWAY2ENTREZ and BC2ENTREZ are collected from web.archive.org (https://web.archive.org/web/20170122225118/https://cgap.nci.nih.gov/Pathways/BioCarta\_Pathways). PATHWAY2MSIGDB is collected from MSigDB database (https://www.gsea-msigdb.org/gsea/msigdb/human/genesets.jsp?collection=CP:BIOCARTA). The script for generating these datasets can be found at:

```
system.file("script", "process.R", package = "BioCartaImage")
```

# Value

- BIOCARTA\_PATHWAYS: A list of pathway objects. The pathway object is explained in get\_pathway().
- PATHWAY2BC: A two-column data frame of pathway IDs and BC IDs.
- PATHWAY2ENTREZ: A two-column data frame of pathway IDs and gene Entrez IDs.
- PATHWAY2MSIGDB: A two-column data frame of pathway IDs and MSigDB IDs.

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• BC2ENTREZ: A two-column data frame of BC IDs and gene EntreZ IDs.

The nodes in the original BioCarta pathways are proteins and some of them do not have one-toone mapping to genes, such as protein families or complex. Here BC\_ID is the primary ID of proteins/single nodes in BioCarta Pathways and this package provides mapping to gene EntreZ IDs.

genes\_in\_pathway

Genes in a pathway

#### **Description**

Genes in a pathway

#### Usage

```
genes_in_pathway(pathway)
```

## Arguments

pathway

A BioCarta pathway ID, a MSigDB ID or a biocarta\_pathway object. All valid BioCarta pathway IDs are in all\_pathways(). The list of MSigDB IDs for BioCarta pathways can be found at https://www.gsea-msigdb.org/gsea/msigdb/human/genesets.jsp?collection=CP:BIOCARTA.

#### Value

A character vector of Entrez IDs.

## **Examples**

```
genes_in_pathway("h_RELAPathway")
```

get\_pathway

Get a single pathway

# Description

Get a single pathway

# Usage

```
get_pathway(pathway_id)
```

#### **Arguments**

pathway\_id

A BioCarta pathway ID. All valid BioCarta pathway IDs are in all\_pathways(). To make it more convenient to use, the value can also be a MSigDB pathway ID in the BioCarta catalogue. The format should look like: "BIOCARTA\_RELA\_PATHWAY".

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#### Value

A biocarta\_pathway object. The object is a simple list and contains the following elements:

- id: The pathway ID.
- name: The pathway name.
- bc: The nodes in the original BioCarta pathways are proteins and some of them do not have one-to-one mapping to genes, such as protein families or complex. Here bc contains the primary IDs of proteins/single nodes in the pathway. The mapping to genes can be obtained by genes\_in\_pathway().
- shape: The shape of the corresponding protein/node in the pathway image.
- coords: It is a list of integer vectors, which contains coordinates of the corresponding shapes, in the unit of pixels. This information is retrieved from the HTML source code (in the <area>tag), so the the coordinates start from the top left of the image. The format of the coordinate vectors is c(x1, y1, x2, y2, ...).
- image\_file: The file name of the pathway image.

The bc, shape and coords elements have the same length and in the same order.

#### See Also

 $The\ Bio Carta\ pathways\ on\ MSig DB: \ https://www.gsea-msigdb.org/gsea/msigdb/human/genesets.jsp?collection=CP:BIO CARTA.$ 

## **Examples**

```
get_pathway("h_RELAPathway")
get_pathway("BIOCARTA_RELA_PATHWAY")
```

get\_pathway\_image

Download the pathway image

## Description

Download the pathway image

#### Usage

```
get_pathway_image(pathway)
image_dimension(pathway)
```

#### **Arguments**

pathway

A BioCarta pathway ID, a MSigDB ID or a biocarta\_pathway object. All valid BioCarta pathway IDs are in all\_pathways(). The list of MSigDB IDs for BioCarta pathways can be found at https://www.gsea-msigdb.org/gsea/msigdb/human/genesets.jsp?collection=CP:BIOCARTA.

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#### **Details**

The images are downloaded from https://data.broadinstitute.org/gsea-msigdb/msigdb/biocarta/human/.

#### Value

get\_pathway\_image() returns a raster object. image\_dimension() returns an integer vector of the height and width of the image.

## **Examples**

```
img = get_pathway_image("h_RELAPathway")
class(img)
# you can directly plot the raster object
plot(img)
image_dimension("h_RELAPathway")
```

grid.biocarta

Draw a BioCarta pathway

## **Description**

Draw a BioCarta pathway

## Usage

```
grid.biocarta(
 pathway,
  color = NULL,
  x = unit(0.5, "npc"),
 y = unit(0.5, "npc"),
 width = NULL,
  height = NULL,
  just = "centre",
  default.units = "npc",
  name = NULL
)
biocartaGrob(
  pathway,
  color = NULL,
  x = unit(0.5, "npc"),
 y = unit(0.5, "npc"),
 width = NULL,
  height = NULL,
  just = "centre",
```

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```
default.units = "npc",
  name = NULL
)
```

# Arguments

| pathway       | A BioCarta pathway ID, a MSigDB ID or a biocarta_pathway object. All valid BioCarta pathway IDs are in all_pathways(). The list of MSigDB IDs for BioCarta pathways can be found at https://www.gsea-msigdb.org/gsea/msigdb/human/genesets.jsp?collection=CP:BIOCARTA. |
|---------------|--|
| color         | A named vector where names should correspond to Entrez IDs.  |
| X             | A numeric vector or unit object specifying x-location.   |
| У             | A numeric vector or unit object specifying y-location.   |
| width         | A numeric vector or unit object specifying width.  |
| height        | A numeric vector or unit object specifying width.  |
| just          | The same as in grid::viewport().   |
| default.units | The same as in grid::viewport().   |
| name          | The same as in grid::viewport().   |

## **Details**

The graphics object contains a pathway image and genes highlighted on the image.

The aspect ratio of the image is kept. If one of width and height is set, the other dimension is calculated by the aspect ratio. If both of width and height is set or inherit from parent viewport, the width and height are automatically adjust to let one dimension completely fill the viewport.

## Value

biocartaGrob() returns a gTree object.

```
library(grid)
grid.newpage()
grid.biocarta("h_RELAPathway")
grob = biocartaGrob("h_RELAPathway")
```

## **Description**

Internal functions for drawing the pathway grob

# Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'biocarta_pathway_grob'
makeContext(x)

## S3 method for class 'biocarta_pathway_grob'
grobWidth(x)

## S3 method for class 'biocarta_pathway_grob'
grobHeight(x)
```

## **Arguments**

Χ

A grob returned by biocartaGrob().

## Value

```
makeContext() returns a grob object.
grobWidth() returns a unit object.
grobHeight() returns a unit object.
```

mark\_gene

Mark a gene on the pathway image

# Description

Mark a gene on the pathway image

## Usage

```
mark_gene(grob, entrez_id, fun, min_area = 0, capture = FALSE)
```

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## Arguments

grob A grob returned by biocartaGrob().

entrez\_id A single Entrez ID.

fun A self-defined function to add graphics to the selected gene.

min\_area Multiple polygons may be used for one single gene in the image. It can be used

to select the largest polygon. The unit for calculating the area is the pixel in the

image (or more properly, square pixels).

capture It is suggested to let fun() directly return grob/gTree objects. But you can also

directly use functions such as grid.points() or grid.lines() in fun((). In

this case, capture must be set to TRUE to capture these graphics.

#### **Details**

fun() should be applied to each gene. It is possible an Entrez gene is mapped to multiple nodes in the image, so more precisely, fun() is applied to every node that contains the input gene.

fun() only accepts two arguments, x and y which are two vectors of xy-coordinates that define the polygon. The helper function pos\_by\_polygon() can be used to get positions around the polygon.

There are two ways to use fun(). First, fun() directly returns a grob. It can be a simple grob, such as by grid::pointsGrob() or complex grob by grid::gTree() and grid::gList(). Second, fun() can directly include plotting functions such as grid::grid.points(), in this case, capture argument must be set to TRUE to capture these graphics.

#### Value

If capture = FALSE, it must return a grob where new graphics are already added.

```
library(grid)
grid.newpage()
grob = biocartaGrob("h_RELAPathway")
# gene 1387 is a gene in the pathway
grob2 = mark_gene(grob, "1387", function(x, y) {
pos = pos_by_polygon(x, y)
pointsGrob(pos[1], pos[2], default.units = "native", pch = 16,
 gp = gpar(col = "yellow"))
})
grid.draw(grob2)
grid.newpage()
grob3 = mark_gene(grob, "1387", function(x, y) {
pos = pos_by_polygon(x, y)
grid.points(pos[1], pos[2], default.units = "native", pch = 16,
 gp = gpar(col = "yellow"))
}, capture = TRUE)
grid.draw(grob3)
grid.newpage()
```

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```
grob4 = mark_gene(grob, "1387", function(x, y) {
  pos = pos_by_polygon(x, y)
  pushViewport(viewport(x = pos[1] - 10, y = pos[2],
    width = unit(4, "cm"), height = unit(4, "cm"),
    default.units = "native", just = "right"))
  grid.rect(gp = gpar(fill = "red"))
  popViewport()
}, capture = TRUE)
grid.draw(grob4)
```

pos\_by\_polygon

Position around a polygon

#### **Description**

Position around a polygon

## Usage

```
pos_by_polygon(
    x,
    y,
    where = c("left", "right", "top", "bottom", "topleft", "topright", "bottomleft",
        "bottomright")
)
```

# Arguments

#### Value

A numeric scalar of length two, which is the xy-coordinate of the point.

```
print.biocarta_pathway
```

Print the biocarta\_pathway object

# Description

Print the biocarta\_pathway object

# Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'biocarta_pathway' print(x, ...)
```

# Arguments

```
x A biocarta_pathway object.
```

Other arguments.

## **Details**

It prints two numbers:

- The number of nodes without removing duplicated ones.
- The number of unique genes that are mapped to the pathway.

# Value

Nothing.

```
p = get_pathway("h_RELAPathway")
p
```

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