

# Package ‘DEWSeq’

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**Type** Package

**Title** Differential Expressed Windows Based on Negative Binomial Distribution

**Version** 1.12.0

**Description** DEWSeq is a sliding window approach for the analysis of differentially enriched binding regions eCLIP or iCLIP next generation sequencing data.

**Imports** BiocGenerics, data.table(>= 1.11.8), GenomeInfoDb, GenomicRanges, methods, S4Vectors, SummarizedExperiment, stats, utils

**Depends** R(>= 4.0.0), R.utils, DESeq2, BiocParallel

**Suggests** knitr, rmarkdown, testthat, BiocStyle, IHW

**VignetteBuilder** knitr

**biocViews** Sequencing, GeneRegulation, FunctionalGenomics, DifferentialExpression

**License** LGPL (>= 3)

**URL** <https://github.com/EMBL-Hentze-group/DEWSeq/>

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**LazyData** false

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**BugReports** <https://github.com/EMBL-Hentze-group/DEWSeq/issues>

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DESeqDataSetFromSlidingWindows  
*create DESeq data object*

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### Description

create DESeq data object from sliding window counts, phenotype data and annotation data

### Usage

```
DESeqDataSetFromSlidingWindows(  

  countData,  

  colData,  

  annotObj,  

  design,  

  tidy = FALSE,  

  ignoreRank = FALSE,  

  start0based = TRUE  

)
```

### Arguments

countData	data.frame or matrix, sliding window count data
colData	DataFrame or data.frame, phenotype data, see <a href="#">DESeqDataSet</a>
annotObj	data.frame or character, can either be a data.frame or a file name, see details
design	formula or matrix, design of the experiment, see <a href="#">DESeqDataSet</a>
tidy	logical, If TRUE, first column is of countData is treated as rownames (default: FALSE), see <a href="#">DESeqDataSet</a>
ignoreRank	logical, ignore rank, see <a href="#">DESeqDataSet</a>
start0based	logical, TRUE (default) or FALSE. If TRUE, then the start positions in annotObj is considered to be 0-based

## Details

If `annotObj` is a file name, the input file MUST be <TAB> separated, and supports reading in `.gz` files.

If `annotObj` is a `data.frame`, `colnames(annotObj)` MUST not be empty.

This function checks for the following columns after reading in the file or on `data.frame`:

- `chromosome`: chromosome name
- `unique_id`: unique id of the window, `rownames(object)` must match this column
- `begin`: window start co-ordinate, see parameter `start0based`
- `end`: window end co-ordinate
- `strand`: strand
- `gene_id`: gene id
- `gene_name`: gene name
- `gene_type`: gene type annotation
- `gene_region`: gene region
- `Nr_of_region`: number of the current region
- `Total_nr_of_region`: total number of regions
- `window_number`: window number

This function creates a `DESeqDataSet` using supplied `countData`, phenotype data and annotation data. The chromosomal locations and annotations of the sliding windows (parsed from `annotObj`) can be accessed from the returned object using: `rowRanges(object)`

## Value

`DESeq` object

## Examples

```
data("SLBP_K562_w50s20")
slbpDat <- counts(SLBP_K562_w50s20)
phenoDat <- DataFrame(conditions=as.factor(c(rep('IP',2),'SMI')),
row.names = colnames(slbpDat))
phenoDat$conditions <- relevel(phenoDat$conditions,ref='SMI')
annotDat <- as.data.frame(rowRanges(SLBP_K562_w50s20))
# by default chromosome column is 'seqnames'
# and begin co-ordinate column is 'start'
# rename these columns
colnames(annotDat)[1:2] <- c('chromosome','begin')
slbpDds <- DESeqDataSetFromSlidingWindows(countData = slbpDat,
colData = phenoDat,annotObj = annotDat,design=~conditions)
```

<code>extractRegions</code>	<i>extract significant regions</i>
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## Description

extract significant windows from output of `resultsDEWSeq` using the supplied padj and log2FoldChange cut-offs and merge these significant windows to regions and create the following columns for each significant region:

- `padj_min`: min. padj value in the region
- `padj_mean`: average padj value in the region
- `padj_max`: max. padj value in the region
- `log2FoldChange_min`: min. log 2 fold change in the region
- `log2FoldChange_mean`: average log 2 fold change in the region
- `log2FoldChange_max`: max. log 2 fold change in the region

## Usage

```
extractRegions(
  windowRes,
  padjCol = "padj",
  padjThresh = 0.05,
  log2FoldChangeCol = "log2FoldChange",
  log2FoldChangeThresh = 1,
  start0based = TRUE
)
```

## Arguments

<code>windowRes</code>	<code>data.frame</code> , output from <code>resultsDEWSeq</code>
<code>padjCol</code>	<code>character</code> , name of the adjusted pvalue column (default: <code>padj</code> )
<code>padjThresh</code>	<code>numeric</code> , threshold for p-adjusted value (default: 0.05)
<code>log2FoldChangeCol</code>	<code>character</code> , name of the log2foldchange column (default: <code>log2FoldChange</code> )
<code>log2FoldChangeThresh</code>	<code>numeric</code> , threshold for log2foldchange value (default: 1)
<code>start0based</code>	<code>logical</code> , TRUE (default) or FALSE. If TRUE, then the start positions in <code>windowRes</code> is considered to be 0-based

## Details

The output `data.frame` from this function will have the following columns:

- `chromosome`: chromosome name
- `regionStartId`: `unique_id` of the left most window, where an enriched region begins

- `region_begin`: starting position of the enriched region
- `region_end`: ending position of the enriched region
- `strand`: strand info
- `windows_in_region`: total number of windows that make up the enriched region
- `region_length`: length of the enriched region
- `gene_id`: gene id
- `gene_name`: gene name
- `gene_type`: gene type annotation
- `gene_region`: gene region
- `Nr_of_region`: number of the current region
- `Total_nr_of_region`: total number of regions
- `window_number`: window number
- `padj_min`: min. padj value in the region
- `padj_mean`: average padj value in the region
- `padj_max`: max. padj value in the region
- `log2FoldChange_min`: min. log 2 fold change in the region
- `log2FoldChange_max`: max. log 2 fold change in the region
- `log2FoldChange_mean`: average log 2 fold change in the region

**Value**

`data.frame`

**Examples**

```
data("slbpWindows")
# using default cut-off thresholds,
# 'pSlidingWindows.adj' padj value columns
slbpRegions <- extractRegions(slbpWindows,
padjCol = 'pSlidingWindows.adj')
```

filterCounts

*filter count data*

**Description**

In addition to count data matrix, htseq-clip also creates a max count matrix. For each window, this file contains the maximum crosslink site count (height) calculated per nucleotide. This function uses this file to filter the count data file instead of the default prefiltering on `rowSums`. Windows failing the threshold `rowSums(maxWindowCount>=countThresh)>=nSamples` will be removed from the object.

**Usage**

```
filterCounts(object, maxCountFile, countThresh, nsamples)
```

**Arguments**

object	DESeqDataSet, see <a href="#">DESeqDataSetFromSlidingWindows</a>
maxCountFile	character file name/path to max count matrix
countThresh	numeric max count threshold
nsamples	numeric number of samples where the max count value must be >= countThresh

**Value**

DESeq object

resultsDEWSeq	<i>extract DEWseq results</i>
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**Description**

This is a modified version of the [results](#) function from DESeq2 package.

This function uses chromosomal positions given in the `rowRanges(dds)` to identify overlapping windows in `dds` object. For each window, the number of overlapping windows are counted, and the p-value is adjusted for FWER using bonferroni correction.

For further details, please refer documentation for [results](#) function in DESeq2 package

**Usage**

```
resultsDEWSeq(  
  object,  
  contrast,  
  name,  
  listValues = c(1, -1),  
  cooksCutoff,  
  test,  
  addMLE = FALSE,  
  tidy = FALSE,  
  parallel = FALSE,  
  BPPARAM = bpparam(),  
  minmu = 0.5,  
  start0based = TRUE  
)
```

## Arguments

object	DESeqDataSet, on which the following functions has already been called: <a href="#">nbinomWaldTest</a>
contrast	character vector, list of 2 character vectors or numeric contrast vector contrast this argument specifies what comparison to extract from the object to build a results table, see <a href="#">results</a>
name	character, name the name of the individual effect (coefficient) for building a results table. name argument is ignored if contrast is specified
listValues	list, check <a href="#">results</a> for details of this parameter
cooksCutoff	numeric, threshold on Cook's distance
test	character, this is automatically detected internally if not provided.
addMLE	logical, if betaPrior=TRUE was used
tidy	logical, whether to output the results table with rownames as a first column 'row'. The table will also be coerced to <code>data.frame</code>
parallel	logical, if FALSE, no parallelization. if TRUE, parallel execution using <code>BiocParallel</code> , see next argument <code>BPPARAM</code>
BPPARAM	<code>bpparamClass</code> , an optional parameter object passed internally to <a href="#">bplapply</a> when <code>parallel=TRUE</code> . If not specified, the parameters last registered with <a href="#">register</a> will be used.
minmu	numeric, lower bound on the estimated count (used when calculating contrasts)
start0based	logical, TRUE (default) or FALSE. If TRUE, then the start positions in <code>annotationFile</code> are considered to be 0-based

## Details

For a detailed description of the column use `mcols(output)$description`

## Value

DESeqResults object

## Examples

```
data("slbpDds")
slbpDds <- estimateSizeFactors(slbpDds)
slbpDds <- estimateDispersions(slbpDds)
slbpDds <- nbinomWaldTest(slbpDds)
slbpWindows <- resultsDEWSeq(slbpDds)

## Not run:
# for a description of the columns in slbpWindows use
mcols(slbpWindows)$description

## End(Not run)
```

---

`slbpDds`*ENCODE eCLIP data SLBP in K562*

---

**Description**

This is a DESeq dataset object for ENCODE eCLIP data: SLBP in K562 cell lines This is used as an example dataset for a runnable example. This dataset is the output from running the example code for the function [DESeqDataSetFromSlidingWindows](#)

**Usage**

```
data(slbpDds)
```

**Format**

An object of class "DESeq";

**Examples**

```
data(slbpDds)
slbpDds
```

---

`slbpRegions`*ENCODE eCLIP data SLBP in K562*

---

**Description**

This is a DESeq results object for ENCODE eCLIP data: SLBP in K562 cell lines This is used as an example dataset for a runnable example. This dataset is the output from running the example code for the function [extractRegions](#)

**Usage**

```
data(slbpRegions)
```

**Format**

`data.frame`;

**Examples**

```
data(slbpRegions)
head(slbpRegions)
```

---

`slbpVst`*ENCODE eCLIP data SLBP in K562*

---

**Description**

This is a DESeq normalized sliding window count matrix ENCODE eCLIP data: SLBP in K562 cell lines This is used as an example dataset for a runnable example. This dataset is the output from running the example code for the function [vst](#)

**Usage**

```
data(slbpVst)
```

**Format**

```
matrix;
```

**Examples**

```
data(slbpVst)
head(slbpVst)
```

---

`slbpWindows`*ENCODE eCLIP data SLBP in K562*

---

**Description**

This is a DESeq results object for ENCODE eCLIP data: SLBP in K562 cell lines This is used as an example dataset for a runnable example. This dataset is the output from running the example code for the function [resultsDEWSeq](#)

**Usage**

```
data(slbpWindows)
```

**Format**

```
data.frame;
```

**Examples**

```
data(slbpWindows)
head(slbpWindows)
```

SLBP\_K562\_w50s20

*ENCODE eCLIP data for SLBP in K562, low count filtered*

### Description

This is ENCODE eCLIP data which was quantified by htseq-clip in sliding-windows of max. length 50nt, the step size was 20. This is not ideal data for DEWSeq since it is lacking replicates, however was small enough for the inclusion of the package.

### Usage

```
data(SLBP_K562_w50s20)
```

### Format

An object of class "DESeq";

### Examples

```
data(SLBP_K562_w50s20)
SLBP_K562_w50s20
```

toBED

*windows/regions to BED*

### Description

given output of [extractRegions](#), [resultsDEWSeq](#) and significance thresholds, extract significant windows, create regions by merging adjacent significant windows. Finally, write the output as a BED file for visualization.

### Usage

```
toBED(
  windowRes,
  regionRes,
  fileName,
  padjCol = "padj",
  padjThresh = 0.05,
  log2FoldChangeCol = "log2FoldChange",
  log2FoldChangeThresh = 1,
  trackName = "sliding windows",
  description = "sliding windows"
)
```

**Arguments**

windowRes	data.frame, output from <code>resultsDEWSeq</code>
regionRes	data.frame, output from <code>extractRegions</code>
fileName	character, filename to save BED output
padjCol	character, name of the adjusted pvalue column (default: padj)
padjThresh	numeric, threshold for p-adjusted value (default: 0.05)
log2FoldChangeCol	character, name of the log2foldchange column (default: log2FoldChange)
log2FoldChangeThresh	numeric, threshold for log2foldchange value (default:1)
trackName	character, name of this track, for visualization
description	character, description of this track, for visualization

**Value**

write to file

**Examples**

```
data(slbpRegions)
data(slbpWindows)
outFile <- tempfile('SLBP_visualization.bed')
# the results are written to a temp file in this example
toBED(slbpWindows,slbpRegions,outFile,padjCol='pSlidingWindows.adj')
```

topWindowStats	<i>stats for the top windows in each region</i>
----------------	---

**Description**

given window results and normalized counts, combine significant overlapping windows into regions and for each region, pick two candidate windows:

1. with highest log2FoldChange and
2. with highest normalized mean in treatment samples (see parameter `treatmentCols`)

Return a data.frame with region information and stats, and for the selected windows, the following information:

- `unique_id` of the window
- start and end co-ordinates
- `log2FoldChange`
- normalized mean expression in treatment and control samples and
- individual normalized expression in replicates

## Usage

```
topWindowStats(
  windowRes,
  padjCol = "padj",
  padjThresh = 0.05,
  log2FoldChangeCol = "log2FoldChange",
  log2FoldChangeThresh = 1,
  start0based = TRUE,
  normalizedCounts,
  treatmentCols,
  treatmentName = "treatment",
  controlName = "control",
  op = "max"
)
```

## Arguments

windowRes	<code>data.frame</code> , output from <a href="#">resultsDEWSeq</a>
padjCol	character, name of the adjusted pvalue column (default: padj)
padjThresh	numeric, threshold for p-adjusted value (default: 0.05)
log2FoldChangeCol	character, name of the log2foldchange column (default: log2FoldChange)
log2FoldChangeThresh	numeric, threshold for log2foldchange value (default:1)
start0based	logical, TRUE (default) or FALSE. If TRUE, then the start positions in windowRes is considered to be 0-based
normalizedCounts	<code>data.frame</code> or <code>matrix</code> , normalized read counts per window. <code>rownames(normalizedCounts)</code> and <code>unique_id</code> column from <code>windowRes</code> must match see <a href="#">counts</a> , <a href="#">vst</a> or <a href="#">rlog</a>
treatmentCols	character vector, column names in <code>normalizedCounts</code> for treatment/case samples. The remaining columns in the <code>data.frame</code> will be considered control samples
treatmentName	character, treatment name, see Details (default: treatment)
controlName	character, control name, see Details (default: control)
op	character, can be one of <code>max</code> (default) or <code>min</code> . <code>max</code> returns windows with maximum <code>log2FoldChange</code> and mean normalized expression in the <code>treatmentCols</code> columns, <code>min</code> returns windows with minimum <code>log2FoldChange</code> and mean normalized expression

## Details

The output `data.frame` of this function has the following columns:

- `chromosome`: chromosome name
- `gene_id`: gene id
- `gene_name`: gene name

- gene\_region: gene region
- gene\_type: gene type annotation
- regionStartId: unique\_id of the left most window, where a enriched region begins
- region\_begin: start position of the enriched region
- region\_end: end position of the enriched region
- region\_length: length of the enriched region
- strand: strand info
- Nr\_of\_region: number of the current region
- Total\_nr\_of\_region: total number of regions
- log2FoldChange\_min: min. log 2 fold change in the region
- log2FoldChange\_mean: average log 2 fold change in the region
- log2FoldChange\_max: max. log 2 fold change in the region
- unique\_id.log2FCWindow: unique\_id of the window with largest log2FoldChange
- begin.log2FCWindow: start position of the window with largest log2FoldChange
- end.log2FCWindow: end of the window with largest log2FoldChange
- log2FoldChange.log2FCWindow: log2FoldChange of the window with largest log2FoldChange
- treatmentName.mean.log2FCWindow: mean of the normalized expression of the treatment samples for log2FCWindow, names in treatmentCols are used to calculate mean and treatmentName is from the parameter treatmentName
- controlName.mean.log2FCWindow: mean of the normalized expression of the control samples for log2FCWindow, colnames(normalizedCounts) not found in treatmentCols are used to calculate mean and controlName is from the parameter controlName
- the next columns will be normalized expression values of the log2FCWindow from individual treatment and control samples.
- unique\_id.meanWindow: unique\_id of the window with largest mean in all treatment samples from treatmentCols
- begin.meanWindow: start position of the mean window
- end.meanWindow: end position of the mean window
- log2FoldChange.meanWindow:log2FoldChange of the mean window
- treatmentName.mean.meanWindow: mean of the normalized expression of the treatment samples for meanWindow, names in treatmentCols are used to calculate mean and treatmentName is from the parameter treatmentName
- controlName.mean.meanWindow: mean of the normalized expression of the control samples for log2FCWindow, colnames(normalizedCounts) not found in treatmentCols are used to calculate mean and controlName is from the parameter controlName
- the next columns will be normalized expression values of the meanWindow from individual treatment and control samples

**Value**

data.frame

**Examples**

```
data(slpbWindows)
data(slpbVst)
slpbList <- topWindowStats(slpbWindows,padjCol = 'pSlidingWindows.adj',
normalizedCounts = slpbVst, treatmentCols = c('IP1','IP2'),
treatmentName = 'SLBP',controlName = 'SMI')
```

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