

iCARE (Individualized Coherent Absolute Risk Estimation) Package

April 27, 2020

Load the iCARE library

```
> library(iCARE)
```

Load the breast cancer data and set the seed.

```
> data("bc_data", package="iCARE")
> set.seed(50)
```

Example 1: SNP-only model

In this example, we will estimate the risk of breast cancer in ages 50-80. A SNP-only model is fit, with no specific genotypes supplied for estimation. The population disease rates are from SEER.

```
> res_snps_miss = computeAbsoluteRisk(model.snp.info = bc_72_snps,
+                                     model.disease.incidence.rates = bc_inc,
+                                     model.competing.incidence.rates = mort_inc,
+                                     apply.age.start = 50, apply.age.interval.length = 30,
+                                     return.refs.risk = TRUE)

Note: You did not provide apply.snp.profile. Will impute SNPs for 10000 people.
If require more, please provide apply.snp.profile input.
[1] "Note: As specified, the model does not adjust SNP imputations for family history."
    user   system elapsed
 19.742   0.172  19.923
```

Compute a summary of the risks.

```
> summary(res_snps_miss$refs.risk)
```

Min.	1st Qu.	Median	Mean	3rd Qu.	Max.
0.05745	0.08666	0.09494	0.09600	0.10422	0.15882

Next, suppose we want to predict risk for three specific women whom we have genotyped; we can then call:

```

> res_snps_dat = computeAbsoluteRisk(model.snp.info = bc_72_snps,
+                                     model.disease.incidence.rates = bc_inc,
+                                     model.competing.incidence.rates = mort_inc,
+                                     apply.age.start = 50, apply.age.interval.length = 30,
+                                     apply.snp.profile = new_snp_prof,
+                                     return.refs.risk = TRUE)

[1] "Note: As specified, the model does not adjust SNP imputations for family history."
    user   system  elapsed
0.348    0.000   0.348

> names(res_snps_dat)
[1] "risk"      "details"    "beta.used"  "refs.risk"

```

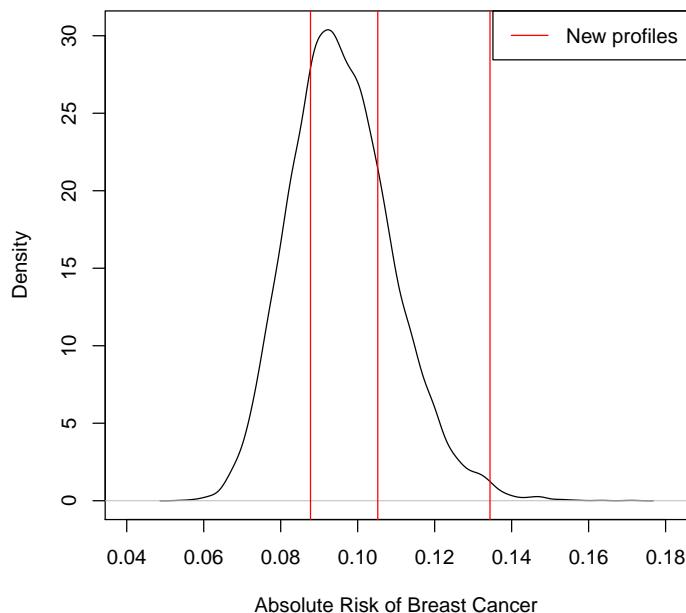
These results allow us to create a useful plot showing the distribution of risks in our reference dataset and to add the risks of the three women to see where they fall on the population distribution.

```

> plot(density(res_snps_dat$refs.risk),
+       xlim = c(0.04,0.18), xlab = "Absolute Risk of Breast Cancer",
+       main = "Referent SNP-only Risk Distribution: Ages 50-80 years")
> abline(v = res_snps_dat$risk, col = "red")
> legend("topright", legend = "New profiles", col = "red", lwd = 1)

```

Referent SNP-only Risk Distribution: Ages 50–80 years



Example 2: Breast cancer risk model with risk-factors and SNPs

In this example, we will estimate the risk of breast cancer in ages 50-80 by fitting a model with classical risk factors and 72 SNPs, with three specific covariate profiles supplied for estimation (with some missing data). More details on risk factors are available in the manual.

```
> res_covs_snps = computeAbsoluteRisk(model.formula = bc_model_formula,
+                                     model.cov.info = bc_model_cov_info,
+                                     model.snp.info = bc_72_snps,
+                                     model.log.RR = bc_model_log_or,
+                                     model.ref.dataset = ref_cov_dat,
+                                     model.disease.incidence.rates = bc_inc,
+                                     model.competing.incidence.rates = mort_inc,
+                                     model.bin.fh.name = "famhist",
+                                     apply.age.start = 50,
+                                     apply.age.interval.length = 30,
+                                     apply.cov.profile = new_cov_prof,
+                                     apply.snp.profile = new.snp_prof,
+                                     return.refs.risk = TRUE)

      user  system elapsed
1.308   0.236   1.544
```

In addition to summarizing and plotting the risk estimates, iCARE includes an option to view more detailed output, by calling:

```
> print(res_covs_snps$details)

  Int_Start Int_End Risk_Estimate rs616488 rs11552449 rs11249433 rs12405132
1       50     80    0.10240752      NA      NA      NA      NA
2       50     80    0.08994616      2       0      NA      NA
3       50     80    0.16910925      2       0       1       1
rs12048493 rs6678914 rs4245739 rs72755295 rs12710696 rs4849887 rs2016394
1        NA      0      0      0      0      0      0
2        NA      NA      NA      NA      1      1      0
3        1       1      1      0      2      0      0
rs1550623 rs16857609 rs6762644 rs4973768 rs12493607 rs6796502 rs9790517
1        0       0      0      1      1      0      1
2        0       2      1      1      1      1      2
3        0       0      0      2      1      0      1
rs6828523 rs10069690 rs13162653 rs2012709 rs10941679 rs10472076 rs1353747
1        0       1      2      0      0      2      0
2        0       0      1      0      0      1      1
3        0       0      1      0      0      0      1
rs7707921 rs1432679 rs11242675 rs204247 rs9257408 rs4593472 rs720475
1        0       1      2      0      0      1      1
2        0       0      1      2      1      1      0
3        1       2      1      2      1      1      0
rs9693444 rs13365225 rs6472903 rs2943559 rs13267382 rs11780156 rs1011970
```

1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0
2	0	0	1	0	2	1	1
3	1	1	0	0	1	0	0
	rs10759243	rs2380205	rs7072776	rs11814448	rs7904519	rs11199914	rs554219
1	0	2	2	0	0	1	1
2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	1	1	1	0	2	0	1
	rs75915166	rs11820646	rs12422552	rs17356907	rs1292011	rs11571833	rs2236007
1	0	1	1	0	1	0	1
2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	0	1	1	0	2	0	0
	rs2588809	rs999737	rs941764	rs11627032	rs17817449	rs11075995	rs13329835
1	0	0	1	0	1	1	1
2	1	0	0	1	1	1	0
3	0	0	1	0	0	1	1
	rs146699004	rs745570	rs527616	rs1436904	rs6507583	rs4808801	rs3760982
1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
2	1	2	0	0	0	1	1
3	1	2	1	1	0	1	1
	rs2284378	rs2823093	rs17879961	rs132390	rs6001930	famhist	menarche_dec parity
1	1	1	0	0	0	0	8 0
2	1	0	0	0	0	0	10 0
3	0	0	0	0	0	0	1 0
	birth_dec	agemeno_dec	height_dec	bmi_dec	rd_menohrt	rd2_everhrt_e	
1	2	2	6	10	1	0	
2	2	1	6	4	1	0	
3	1	7	1	10	1	0	
	rd2_everhrt_c	rd2_currhrt	alcoholtweek_dec	ever_smoke			
1	0	0		1	1		
2	0	0		6	0		
3	0	0		1	1		

Illustration of the validation component

We want to validate a model for predicting absolute risk of disease based on a combined model of classical risk factors and 72 SNPs using the nested case-control dataset.

The first step is to compute sampling weights. We fit a logistic regression model of inclusion depending on the case/control status, age of study entry and observed followup using the R function `glm`, as shown below:

```
> validation.cohort.data$inclusion = 0
> subjects_included = intersect(validation.cohort.data$id,
+                                 validation.nested.case.control.data$id)
> validation.cohort.data$inclusion[subjects_included] = 1
> validation.cohort.data$observed.followup =
+   validation.cohort.data$study.exit.age -
+   validation.cohort.data$study.entry.age
> selection.model = glm(inclusion ~ observed.outcome
+                         * (study.entry.age + observed.followup),
```

```

+
+           data = validation.cohort.data,
+           family = binomial(link = "logit"))
> validation.nested.case.control.data$sampling.weights =
+           selection.model$fitted.values[validation.cohort.data$inclusion == 1]

The next step is to call the ModelValidation function to implement the validation analysis.

> data = validation.nested.case.control.data
> risk.model = list(model.formula = bc_model_formula,
+                     model.cov.info = bc_model_cov_info,
+                     model.snp.info = bc_72_snps,
+                     model.log.RR = bc_model_log_or,
+                     model.ref.dataset = ref_cov_dat,
+                     model.ref.dataset.weights = NULL,
+                     model.disease.incidence.rates = bc_inc,
+                     model.competing.incidence.rates = mort_inc,
+                     model.bin.fh.name = "famhist",
+                     apply.cov.profile = data[,all.vars(bc_model_formula)[-1]],
+                     apply.snp.profile = data[,bc_72_snps$snp.name],
+                     n.imp = 5, use.c.code = 1, return.lp = TRUE,
+                     return.refs.risk = TRUE)
> output = ModelValidation(study.data = data,
+                           total.followup.validation = TRUE,
+                           predicted.risk.interval = NULL,
+                           iCARE.model.object = risk.model,
+                           number.of.percentiles = 10)

      user  system elapsed
135.943   0.120 139.200

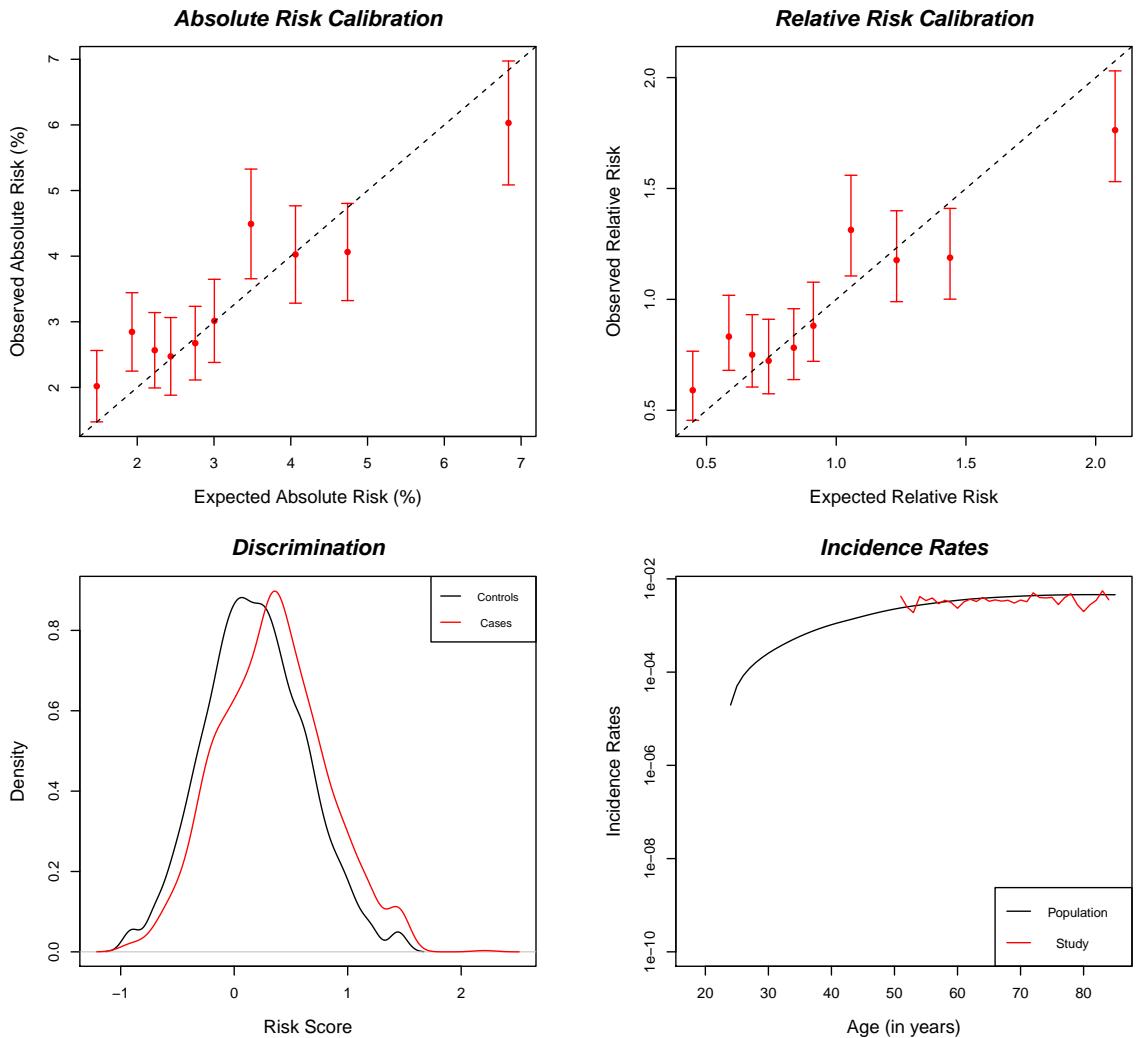
```

We can also produce a set of useful plots showing the results of the validation analysis.

```

> plotModelValidation(study.data = data, validation.results = output)
NULL

```



Dataset: Example Dataset

Model Name: Example Model

Risk Prediction Interval: Observed Followup

Number of subjects (cases): 5285 (1251)

Follow-up time (years) [mean,range]: [9.706 , (5 , 13)]

Baseline age (years) [mean,range]: [62.556 , (50 , 72)]

E/O [Estimate, 95% CI]: [0.967 , (0.908 , 1.03)]

Absolute Risk Calibration

HL Test, df: 25.925 , 10
p-value: 3.842949e-03

Relative Risk Calibration

Test, df: 35.528 , 9
p-value: 4.807e-05

Model Discrimination

AUC est: 0.587
95% CI: (0.568 , 0.605)

Session Information

```
> sessionInfo()

R version 4.0.0 (2020-04-24)
Platform: x86_64-pc-linux-gnu (64-bit)
Running under: Ubuntu 18.04.4 LTS

Matrix products: default
BLAS:    /home/biocbuild/bbs-3.11-bioc/R/lib/libRblas.so
LAPACK:  /home/biocbuild/bbs-3.11-bioc/R/lib/libRlapack.so

locale:
[1] LC_CTYPE=en_US.UTF-8        LC_NUMERIC=C
[3] LC_TIME=en_US.UTF-8        LC_COLLATE=C
[5] LC_MONETARY=en_US.UTF-8    LC_MESSAGES=en_US.UTF-8
[7] LC_PAPER=en_US.UTF-8       LC_NAME=C
[9] LC_ADDRESS=C                LC_TELEPHONE=C
[11] LC_MEASUREMENT=en_US.UTF-8 LC_IDENTIFICATION=C

attached base packages:
[1] stats      graphics   grDevices utils      datasets  methods   base

other attached packages:
[1] iCARE_1.16.0    Hmisc_4.4-0     ggplot2_3.3.0  Formula_1.2-3
[5] survival_3.1-12 lattice_0.20-41 gtools_3.8.2  plotrix_3.7-8

loaded via a namespace (and not attached):
[1] Rcpp_1.0.4.6      pillar_1.4.3     compiler_4.0.0
[4] RColorBrewer_1.1-2 base64enc_0.1-3   tools_4.0.0
[7] digest_0.6.25     rpart_4.1-15    checkmate_2.0.0
[10] htmlTable_1.13.3 lifecycle_0.2.0  tibble_3.0.1
[13] gtable_0.3.0     pkgconfig_2.0.3  png_0.1-7
[16] rlang_0.4.5      Matrix_1.2-18   rstudioapi_0.11
[19] xfun_0.13        gridExtra_2.3   stringr_1.4.0
[22] knitr_1.28       withr_2.2.0    dplyr_0.8.5
[25] cluster_2.1.0    htmlwidgets_1.5.1 vctrs_0.2.4
[28] grid_4.0.0       nnet_7.3-14    tidyselect_1.0.0
[31] data.table_1.12.8 glue_1.4.0     R6_2.4.1
[34] jpeg_0.1-8.1     foreign_0.8-79  latticeExtra_0.6-29
[37] purrrr_0.3.4     magrittr_1.5    htmltools_0.4.0
[40] backports_1.1.6   scales_1.1.0    ellipsis_0.3.0
[43] splines_4.0.0    assertthat_0.2.1 colorspace_1.4-1
[46] stringi_1.4.6    acepack_1.4.1   munsell_0.5.0
[49] crayon_1.3.4
```