# Package 'tradeSeq'

October 17, 2020

Type Package

Title trajectory-based differential expression analysis for sequencing

**Date** 2019-03-16 **Version** 1.2.01

Description tradeSeq provides a flexible method for fitting regression mod-

els that can be used to find genes that are differentially expressed along one or multiple lineages in a trajectory. Based on the fitted models, it uses a variety of tests suited to answer different questions of interest, e.g. the discovery of genes for which expression is associated with pseudotime, or which are differentially expressed (in a specific region) along the trajectory. It fits a negative binomial generalized additive model (GAM) for each gene, and performs inference on the parameters of the GAM.

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**Encoding** UTF-8 **LazyData** false

URL https://statomics.github.io/tradeSeq/index.html

**Depends** R (>= 3.6)

Collate 'AllGenerics.R' 'utils.R' 'associationTest.R' 'clusterExpressionPatterns.R' 'data.R' 'diffEndTest.R' 'earlyDETest.R' 'evaluateK.R' 'fitGAM.R' 'getSmootherPvalues.R' 'getSmootherTestStats.R' 'nknots.R' 'patternTest.R' 'plotGeneCount.R' 'plotSmoothers.R' 'predictCells.R' 'predictSmooth.R' 'startVsEndTest.R'

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Imports mgcv, edgeR, SingleCellExperiment, SummarizedExperiment, slingshot, magrittr, RColorBrewer, BiocParallel, Biobase, pbapply, ggplot2, princurve, methods, S4Vectors, tibble, dplyr, monocle, igraph, clusterExperiment

Suggests knitr, rmarkdown, cowplot, tidyr, testthat, covr

VignetteBuilder knitr

**biocViews** Clustering, Regression, TimeCourse, DifferentialExpression, GeneExpression, RNASeq, Sequencing, Software, SingleCell, Transcriptomics, MultipleComparison, Visualization

BugReports https://github.com/statOmics/tradeSeq/issues

2 associationTest

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## R topics documented:

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## Description

This test assesses whether average gene expression is associated with pseudotime.

celltype 3

#### Usage

```
associationTest(models, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'SingleCellExperiment'
associationTest(models, global = TRUE, lineages = FALSE, l2fc = 0)
## S4 method for signature 'list'
associationTest(models, global = TRUE, lineages = FALSE, l2fc = 0)
```

#### **Arguments**

models The fitted GAMs, typically the output from fitGAM.

... parameters including:

global If TRUE, test for all lineages simultaneously.

lineages If TRUE, test for all lineages independently.

12fc The log2 fold change threshold to test against. Note, that this will affect both

the global test and the pairwise comparisons.

#### Value

A matrix with the wald statistic, the number of degrees of freedom and the p-value associated with each gene for all the tests performed. If the testing procedure was unsuccessful, the procedure will return NA.

## **Examples**

celltype

A vector defining cell types, used in the package vignette.

## Description

This object contains a vector that define the cell type for each cell in the data described in Paul et al. (2015).

## Usage

celltype

## Format

An object of class character of length 2660.

#### **Details**

#' @references Franziska Paul, Yaara Arkin, Amir Giladi, DiegoAdhemar Jaitin, Ephraim Kenigsberg, Hadas KerenShaul, Deborah Winter, David Lara-Astiaso, Meital Gury, Assaf Weiner, Eyal David, Nadav Cohen, FeliciaKathrineBratt Lauridsen, Simon Haas, Andreas Schlitzer, Alexander Mildner, Florent Ginhoux, Steen Jung, Andreas Trumpp, BoTorben Porse, Amos Tanay, and Ido Amit. Transcriptional Heterogeneity and Lineage Commitment in Myeloid Progenitors. Cell, 163(7):1663–1677, 12 2015. ISSN 0092-8674. doi: 10.1016/J.CELL.2015.11.013. URL https://www.sciencedirect.com/ii/S0092867415014932?via

cluster Expression Patterns

Cluster gene expression patterns.

## **Description**

Cluster genes in clusters that have similar expression patterns along all lineages in the trajectory. By default, this function uses the clusterExperiment package to do the clustering. If another clustering method is of interest, one can extract fitted values to use for clustering, see details in the vignette.

```
## S4 method for signature 'SingleCellExperiment'
clusterExpressionPatterns(
 models,
 nPoints,
 genes,
 reduceMethod = "PCA",
 nReducedDims = 10,
 minSizes = 6,
 ncores = 1,
  random.seed = 176201,
  verbose = TRUE,
)
## S4 method for signature 'list'
clusterExpressionPatterns(
 models,
 nPoints,
 genes,
  reduceMethod = "PCA",
 nReducedDims = 10,
 minSizes = 6,
 ncores = 1,
  random.seed = 176201,
  verbose = TRUE,
)
```

countMatrix 5

#### **Arguments**

models The fitted GAMs, typically the output from fitGAM.

nPoints The number of points to use for clustering the expression patterns.

genes A numerical or character vector specifying the genes from models that should

be clustered.

reduceMethod Dimensionality reduction method used before running the clustering methods.

Passed to RSEC. Defaults to PCA.

nReducedDims Number of dimensions kept after reduceMethod. Passed to RSEC.

minSizes Minimum size of clusters. Passed to RSEC.

ncores Number of cores to use. Passed to RSEC

random. seed Passed to RSEC verbose Passed to RSEC

... Additional arguments to be passed to RSEC.

#### **Details**

This method adopts the RSEC function from the clusterExperiment package to perform consensus clustering.

#### Value

A list containing the scaled fitted values yhatScaled(for plotting) and a ClusterExperiment object, containing the clustering results.

## **Examples**

```
data(gamList, package = "tradeSeq")
clusterExpressionPatterns(gamList, 200, seq_len(11))
```

countMatrix

A count matrix, used in the package vignette.

## Description

This object contains the gene expression counts from the data described in Paul et al. (2015).

#### Usage

countMatrix

#### **Format**

An object of class dgCMatrix with 240 rows and 2660 columns.

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#### **Details**

#' @references Franziska Paul, Yaara Arkin, Amir Giladi, DiegoAdhemar Jaitin, Ephraim Kenigsberg, Hadas KerenShaul, Deborah Winter, David Lara-Astiaso, Meital Gury, Assaf Weiner, Eyal David, Nadav Cohen, FeliciaKathrineBratt Lauridsen, Simon Haas, Andreas Schlitzer, Alexander Mildner, Florent Ginhoux, Steen Jung, Andreas Trumpp, BoTorben Porse, Amos Tanay, and Ido Amit. Transcriptional Heterogeneity and Lineage Commitment in Myeloid Progenitors. Cell, 163(7):1663–1677, 12 2015. ISSN 0092-8674. doi: 10.1016/J.CELL.2015.11.013. URL https://www.sciencedirect.com/ii/S0092867415014932?via

crv

A SlingshotDataset object, used in the package vignette.

#### **Description**

This dataset contains the Slingshot trajectory from the data described in Paul et al. (2015).

#### Usage

crv

#### **Format**

An object of class SlingshotDataSet of length 1.

#### References

Franziska Paul, Yaara Arkin, Amir Giladi, DiegoAdhemar Jaitin, Ephraim Kenigsberg, Hadas KerenShaul, Deborah Winter, David Lara-Astiaso, Meital Gury, Assaf Weiner, Eyal David, Nadav Cohen, FeliciaKathrineBratt Lauridsen, Simon Haas, Andreas Schlitzer, Alexander Mildner, Florent Ginhoux, Steen Jung, Andreas Trumpp, BoTorben Porse, Amos Tanay, and Ido Amit. Transcriptional Heterogeneity and Lineage Commitment in Myeloid Progenitors. Cell, 163(7):1663–1677, 12 2015. ISSN 0092-8674. doi: 10.1016/J.CELL.2015.11.013. URL https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/ii/S0092867415014932?via

diffEndTest

Perform statistical test to check for DE between final stages of every lineage.

#### **Description**

Assess differential expression between the average expression at the end points of lineages of a trajectory.

```
diffEndTest(models, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'SingleCellExperiment'
diffEndTest(models, global = TRUE, pairwise = FALSE, 12fc = 0)
## S4 method for signature 'list'
diffEndTest(models, global = TRUE, pairwise = FALSE, 12fc = 0)
```

earlyDETest 7

#### **Arguments**

models	The fitted GAMs, typically the output from fitGAM.
	parameters including:
global	If TRUE, test for all pairwise comparisons simultaneously.
pairwise	If TRUE, test for all pairwise comparisons independently.
12fc	The log2 fold change threshold to test against. Note, that this will affect both the global test and the pairwise comparisons.

#### **Details**

The 12fc argument allows to test against a particular fold change threshold. For example, if the interest lies in discovering genes that are differentially expressed with an absolute log2 fold change cut off above 1, i.e. a fold change of at least 2, then one can test for this by setting 12fc=1 as argument to the function.

#### Value

A matrix with the wald statistic, the number of df and the p-value associated with each gene for all the tests performed. Also, for each possible pairwise comparision, the observed log fold changes. If the testing procedure was unsuccessful, the procedure will return NA test statistics, fold changes and p-values.

## **Examples**

```
data(gamList, package = "tradeSeq")
diffEndTest(gamList, global = TRUE, pairwise = TRUE)
```

earlyDETest

Perform test of early differences between lineages

## **Description**

Perform test of differential expression patterns between lineages in a user-defined region based on the knots of the smoothers.

```
earlyDETest(models, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'SingleCellExperiment'
earlyDETest(
  models,
  global = TRUE,
  pairwise = FALSE,
  knots = NULL,
  nPoints = 2 * nknots(models),
  l2fc = 0,
  eigenThresh = 0.01
)
```

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```
## S4 method for signature 'list'
earlyDETest(
  models,
  global = TRUE,
  pairwise = FALSE,
  knots = NULL,
  nPoints = 2 * nknots(models),
  l2fc = 0,
  eigenThresh = 0.01
)
```

#### **Arguments**

models The fitted GAMs, typically the output from fitGAM.

... parameters including:

global If TRUE, test for all pairwise comparisons simultaneously.

pairwise If TRUE, test for all pairwise comparisons independently.

knots A vector of length 2 specifying the knots before and after the region of interest.

nPoints The number of points to be compared between lineages. Defaults to twice the

number of knots

12fc The log2 fold change threshold to test against. Note, that this will affect both

the global test and the pairwise comparisons.

eigenThresh Eigenvalue threshold for inverting the variance-covariance matrix of the coef-

ficients to use for calculating the Wald test statistics. Lower values are more lenient to adding more information but also decrease computational stability. This argument should in general not be changed by the user but is provided for back-compatability. Set to 1e-8 to reproduce results of older version of 'trade-

Seq'.

#### **Details**

To help the user in choosing which knots to use when defining the branching, the plotGeneCount function has a models optional parameter that can be used to visualize where the knots are.

#### Value

A matrix with the wald statistic, the number of df and the p-value associated with each gene for all the tests performed. Also, for each possible pairwise comparision, the observed log fold changes. If the testing procedure was unsuccessful, the procedure will return NA test statistics, fold changes and p-values.

```
data(gamList, package = "tradeSeq")
earlyDETest(gamList, knots = c(1, 2), global = TRUE, pairwise = TRUE)
```

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evaluateK

Evaluate the optimal number of knots required for fitGAM.

## **Description**

Evaluate the optimal number of knots required for fitGAM.

Evaluate an appropriate number of knots.

## Usage

```
evaluateK(counts, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'matrix'
evaluateK(
  counts,
  k = 3:10,
  nGenes = 500,
  sds = NULL,
  pseudotime = NULL,
  cellWeights = NULL,
  plot = TRUE,
  U = NULL
  weights = NULL,
  offset = NULL,
  aicDiff = 2,
  verbose = TRUE,
  control = mgcv::gam.control(),
  sce = FALSE,
  family = "nb",
)
```

#### **Arguments**

counts	The count matrix, genes in rows and cells in columns.
	parameters including:
k	The range of knots to evaluate. '3:10' by default.
nGenes	The number of genes to use in the evaluation. Genes will be randomly selected. 500 by default.
sds	Slingshot object containing the lineages.
pseudotime	a matrix of pseudotime values, each row represents a cell and each column represents a lineage.
cellWeights	a matrix of cell weights defining the probability that a cell belongs to a particular lineage. Each row represents a cell and each column represents a lineage.
plot	Whether to display diagnostic plots. Default to TRUE.
U	The design matrix of fixed effects. The design matrix should not contain an intercept to ensure identifiability.

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weights	Optional: a matrix of weights with identical dimensions as the counts matrix. Usually a matrix of zero-inflation weights.
offset	Optional: the offset, on log-scale. If NULL, TMM is used to account for differences in sequencing depth, see fitGAM.
aicDiff	Used for selecting genes with significantly varying AIC values over the range of evaluated knots to make the barplot output. Default is set to 2, meaning that only genes whose AIC range is larger than 2 will be used to check for the optimal number of knots through the barplot visualization that is part of the output of this function.
verbose	logical, should progress be verbose?
control	Control object for GAM fitting, see mgcv::gam.control().
sce	Logical, should a SingleCellExperiment object be returned?
family	The distribution assumed, currently only "nb" (negative binomial) is supported.

#### Value

A plot of average AIC value over the range of selected knots, and a matrix of AIC values for the selected genes (rows) and the range of knots (columns).

#### **Examples**

fitGAM fitGAM

## Description

This fits the NB-GAM model as described in Van den Berge et al.[2019]. There are two ways to provide the required input in fitGAM. See Details and the vignette.

```
fitGAM(counts, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'matrix'
fitGAM(
   counts,
   sds = NULL,
   pseudotime = NULL,
   cellWeights = NULL,
   U = NULL,
   genes = seq_len(nrow(counts)),
   weights = NULL,
```

fitGAM

```
offset = NULL,
  nknots = 6,
  verbose = TRUE,
  parallel = FALSE,
  BPPARAM = BiocParallel::bpparam(),
  control = mgcv::gam.control(),
  sce = TRUE,
  family = "nb"
## S4 method for signature 'dgCMatrix'
fitGAM(
  counts,
  sds = NULL,
  pseudotime = NULL,
  cellWeights = NULL,
  U = NULL
  genes = seq_len(nrow(counts)),
  weights = NULL,
  offset = NULL,
  nknots = 6,
  verbose = TRUE,
  parallel = FALSE,
  BPPARAM = BiocParallel::bpparam(),
  control = mgcv::gam.control(),
  sce = TRUE,
  family = "nb"
)
## S4 method for signature 'SingleCellExperiment'
fitGAM(
  counts,
  U = NULL,
  genes = seq_len(nrow(counts)),
  weights = NULL,
  offset = NULL,
  nknots = 6,
  verbose = TRUE,
  parallel = FALSE,
  BPPARAM = BiocParallel::bpparam(),
  control = mgcv::gam.control(),
  sce = TRUE,
  family = "nb"
## S4 method for signature 'CellDataSet'
fitGAM(
  counts,
  U = NULL,
  genes = seq_len(nrow(counts)),
  weights = NULL,
  offset = NULL,
```

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```
nknots = 6,
verbose = TRUE,
parallel = FALSE,
BPPARAM = BiocParallel::bpparam(),
control = mgcv::gam.control(),
sce = TRUE,
family = "nb"
)
```

## Arguments

counts	The count matrix of expression values, with genes in rows and cells in columns. Can be a matrix or a sparse matrix.
	parameters including:
sds	an object of class SlingshotDataSet, typically obtained after running Slingshot. If this is provided, pseudotime and cellWeights arguments are derived from this object.
pseudotime	A matrix of pseudotime values, each row represents a cell and each column represents a lineage.
cellWeights	A matrix of cell weights defining the probability that a cell belongs to a particular lineage. Each row represents a cell and each column represents a lineage. If only a single lineage, provide a matrix with one column containing all values of 1.
U	The design matrix of fixed effects. The design matrix should not contain an intercept to ensure identifiability.
genes	The genes on which to run fitGAM. Default to all the genes. If only a subset of the genes is indicated, normalization will be done using all the genes but the smoothers will be computed only for the subset.
weights	A matrix of weights with identical dimensions as the counts matrix. Usually a matrix of zero-inflation weights.
offset	The offset, on log-scale. If NULL, TMM is used to account for differences in sequencing depth., see edgeR::calcNormFactors. Alternatively, this may also be a vector with length equal to the number of cells.
nknots	Number of knots used to fit the GAM. Defaults to 6. It is recommended to use the 'evaluateK' function to guide in selecting an appropriate number of knots.
verbose	Logical, should progress be printed?
parallel	Logical, defaults to FALSE. Set to TRUE if you want to parallellize the fitting.
BPPARAM	object of class bpparamClass that specifies the back-end to be used for computations. See bpparam in BiocParallel package for details.
control	Variables to control fitting of the GAM, see gam.control.
sce	Logical: should output be of SingleCellExperiment class? This is recommended to be TRUE. If sds argument is specified, it will always be set to TRUE
family	The assumed distribution for the response. Is set to "nb" by default.

## **Details**

fitGAM supports four different ways to input the required objects:

gamList 13

• "Count matrix, matrix of pseudotime and matrix of cellWeights." Input count matrix using counts argument and pseudotimes and cellWeights as a matrix, with number of rows equal to number of cells, and number of columns equal to number of lineages.

- "Count matrix and Slingshot input."Input count matrix using counts argument and Slingshot object using sds argument.
- "SingleCellExperiment Object after running slingshot on the object." Input SingleCellExperiment Object using counts argument.
- "CellDataSet object after running the orderCells function." Input CellDataSet Object using counts argument.

#### Value

If sce=FALSE, returns a list of length equal to the number of genes (number of rows of counts). Each element of the list is either a gamObject if the fiting procedure converged, or an error message. If sce=TRUE, returns a singleCellExperiment object with the tradeSeq results stored in the rowData, colData and metadata.

## **Examples**

gamList

A list of GAM models, used to demonstrate the various tests.

## **Description**

A list of 11 gamObject obtained by fitting 10 genes on 15 cells randomly assigned to lineages with random pseudotimes.

#### Usage

gamList

## **Format**

Can be re-obtained by runing the code in the example section of fitGAM.

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 ${\tt getSmootherPvalues}$ 

Get smoother p-value as returned by mgcv.

## **Description**

Return smoother p-values from the mgcv package.

## Usage

```
getSmootherPvalues(models)
```

#### **Arguments**

models

the GAM models, typically the output from fitGAM. Note that this function only works when models is a list.

#### Value

a matrix with the p-value associated with each lineage's smoother. The matrix has one row per gene where the fitting procedure converged.

#### **Examples**

```
data(gamList, package = "tradeSeq")
getSmootherPvalues(gamList)
```

getSmootherTestStats Get smoother Chi-squared test statistics.

#### **Description**

Return test statistics from the mgcv package.

#### Usage

```
getSmootherTestStats(models)
```

## **Arguments**

models

the GAM models, typically the output from fitGAM. Note that this function only works when models is a list.

## Value

a matrix with the wald statistics associated with each lineage's smoother. The matrix has one row per gene where the fitting procedure converged.

```
data(gamList, package = "tradeSeq")
getSmootherPvalues(gamList)
```

nknots 15

nknots

knots

## **Description**

Get the number of knots used for the fit

## Usage

```
nknots(models, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'SingleCellExperiment'
nknots(models)
## S4 method for signature 'list'
nknots(models)
```

## Arguments

```
models The fitted GAMs, typically the output from fitGAM.
... parameters including:
```

#### Value

A numeric, the number of nknots

## **Examples**

```
data(gamList, package = "tradeSeq")
nknots(gamList)
```

patternTest

Assess differential expression pattern between lineages.

## Description

Assess differences in expression patterns between lineages.

```
patternTest(models, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'list'
patternTest(
  models,
  global = TRUE,
  pairwise = FALSE,
  nPoints = 2 * nknots(models),
  l2fc = 0,
  eigenThresh = 0.01
```

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```
## S4 method for signature 'SingleCellExperiment'
patternTest(
  models,
  global = TRUE,
  pairwise = FALSE,
  nPoints = 2 * nknots(models),
  12fc = 0,
  eigenThresh = 0.01
)
```

#### **Arguments**

models The fitted GAMs, typically the output from fitGAM.

... parameters including:

global If TRUE, test for all pairwise comparisons simultaneously.

pairwise If TRUE, test for all pairwise comparisons independently.

nPoints The number of points to be compared between lineages. Defaults to twice the

number of knots

12fc The log2 fold change threshold to test against. Note, that this will affect both

the global test and the pairwise comparisons.

eigenThresh Eigenvalue threshold for inverting the variance-covariance matrix of the coef-

ficients to use for calculating the Wald test statistics. Lower values are more lenient to adding more information but also decrease computational stability. This argument should in general not be changed by the user but is provided for back-compatability. Set to 1e-8 to reproduce results of older version of 'trade-

Seq'.

## Value

A matrix with the wald statistic, the number of df and the p-value associated with each gene for all the tests performed. Also, for each possible pairwise comparision, the observed log fold changes. If the testing procedure was unsuccessful, the procedure will return NA test statistics, fold changes and p-values.

## **Examples**

```
data(gamList, package = "tradeSeq")
patternTest(gamList, global = TRUE, pairwise = TRUE)
```

plotGeneCount

Plot gene expression in reduced dimension.

## **Description**

Plot the gene in reduced dimensional space.

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#### Usage

```
plotGeneCount(
   curve,
   counts = NULL,
   gene = NULL,
   clusters = NULL,
   models = NULL,
   title = NULL
)
```

#### **Arguments**

curve	A SlingshotDataSet object. The output from trajectory inference using Slingshot.
counts	The count matrix, genes in rows and cells in columns.
gene	The name of gene for which you want to plot the count or the row number of that gene in the count matrix. Alternatively, one can specify the clusters argument.
clusters	The assignation of each cell to a cluster. Used to color the plot. Either clusters or gene and counts must be supplied.
models	The fitted GAMs, typically the output from fitGAM. Used to display the knots.
title	Title for the plot.

## **Details**

If both gene and clusters arguments are supplied, the plot will be colored according to gene count level.

## Value

```
A ggplot object
```

```
set.seed(97)
library(slingshot)
data(crv, package="tradeSeq")
data(countMatrix, package="tradeSeq")
rd <- slingshot::reducedDim(crv)
cl <- kmeans(rd, centers = 7)$cluster
lin <- slingshot::getLineages(rd, clusterLabels = cl, start.clus = 4)
crv <- slingshot::getCurves(lin)
counts <- as.matrix(countMatrix)
gamList <- fitGAM(counts = counts,
    pseudotime = slingPseudotime(crv, na = FALSE),
    cellWeights = slingCurveWeights(crv))
plotGeneCount(crv, counts, gene = "Mpo")</pre>
```

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plotSmoothers

Plot the log-transformed counts and the fitted values for a particular gene along all lineages

## Description

Plot the smoothers estimated by tradeSeq.

## Usage

```
plotSmoothers(models, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'gam'
plotSmoothers(
  models,
  nPoints = 100,
  1wd = 2,
  size = 2/3,
  xlab = "Pseudotime",
  ylab = "Log(expression + 1)",
  border = TRUE,
  alpha = 1,
  sample = 1
)
## S4 method for signature 'SingleCellExperiment'
plotSmoothers(
  models,
  counts,
  gene,
  nPoints = 100,
  1wd = 2,
  size = 2/3,
  xlab = "Pseudotime",
  ylab = "Log(expression + 1)",
  border = TRUE,
  alpha = 1,
  sample = 1
```

## Arguments

models	Either the SingleCellExperiment object obtained after running fitGAM, or the specific GAM model for the corresponding gene, if working with the list output of tradeSeq.
	parameters including:
nPoints	The number of points used to extraplolate the fit. Defaults to 100.
lwd	Line width of the smoother. Passed to geom_line.
size	Character expansion of the data points. Passed to geom_point.

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xlab x-axis label. Passed to labs. ylab y-axis label. Passed to labs.

border Logical: should a white border be drawn around the mean smoother.

alpha Numeric between 0 and 1, determines the transparancy of data points, see scale\_color\_viridis\_d.

sample Numeric between 0 and 1, use to subsample the cells when there are too many

so that it can plot faster.

counts The matrix of gene expression counts.

gene Gene name or row in count matrix of gene to plot.

#### Value

A ggplot object

## **Examples**

```
data(gamList, package = "tradeSeq")
plotSmoothers(gamList[[4]])
```

predictCells

predictCells

#### **Description**

Get fitted values for each cell.

## Usage

```
predictCells(models, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'SingleCellExperiment'
predictCells(models, gene)
## S4 method for signature 'list'
predictCells(models, gene)
```

#### **Arguments**

models Either the SingleCellExperiment object obtained after running fitGAM, or the

specific GAM model for the corresponding gene, if working with the list output

of tradeSeq.

... parameters including:

gene Gene name of gene for which to extract fitted values.

#### Value

A vector of fitted values.

```
data(gamList, package = "tradeSeq")
predictCells(models = gamList, gene = 1)
```

20 sds

## **Description**

Get smoothers estimated by tradeSeq along a grid. This function does not return fitted values but rather the predicted mean smoother, for a user-defined grid of points.

## Usage

```
predictSmooth(models, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'SingleCellExperiment'
predictSmooth(models, gene, nPoints = 100)
## S4 method for signature 'list'
predictSmooth(models, gene, nPoints = 100)
```

## **Arguments**

models	Either the SingleCellExperiment object obtained after running fitGAM, or the specific GAM model for the corresponding gene, if working with the list output of tradeSeq.
	parameters including:
gene	Either a vector of gene names or an integer vector, corresponding to the row(s) of the gene(s).
nPoints	The number of points used to create the grid along the smoother for each lineage. Defaults to 100.

#### Value

A matrix with estimated averages.

## **Examples**

```
data(gamList, package = "tradeSeq")
predictSmooth(models = gamList, gene = 1)
```

sds

A SlingshotDataset object, used in the package unit tests.

## **Description**

This dataset contains the toy example from the Slingshot R package vignette.

## Usage

sds

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#### **Format**

An object of class SlingshotDataSet of length 1.

#### **Source**

https://bioconductor.org/packages/release/bioc/html/slingshot.html

startVsEndTest

Perform statistical test to check for DE between starting point and the end stages of every lineage

## **Description**

This function assesses differential expression between the average expression of the start and end points of a lineage.

## Usage

```
startVsEndTest(models, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'SingleCellExperiment'
startVsEndTest(
  models,
  global = TRUE,
  lineages = FALSE,
  pseudotimeValues = NULL,
  12fc = 0
)
## S4 method for signature 'list'
startVsEndTest(
  models,
  global = TRUE,
  lineages = FALSE,
  pseudotimeValues = NULL,
  12fc = 0
)
```

#### **Arguments**

models The fitted GAMs, typically the output from fitGAM.
... parameters including:
global If TRUE, test for all lineages simultaneously.
lineages If TRUE, test for all lineages independently.
pseudotimeValues

A vector of length 2, specifying two pseudotime values to be compared against each other, for every lineage of the trajectory. @details Note that this test assumes that all lineages start at a pseudotime value of zero, which is the starting point against which the end point is compared.

12fc

The log2 fold change threshold to test against. Note, that this will affect both the global test and the pairwise comparisons.

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## Value

A matrix with the wald statistic, the number of df and the p-value associated with each gene for all the tests performed. Also, for each possible pairwise comparision, the observed log fold changes. If the testing procedure was unsuccessful, the procedure will return NA test statistics, fold changes and p-values.

```
data(gamList, package = "tradeSeq")
startVsEndTest(gamList, global = TRUE, lineages = TRUE)
```

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