Package 'cytomapper'

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Title Visualization of highly multiplexed imaging cytometry data in R

Description Highly multiplexed imaging cytometry acquires the single-cell expression of selected proteins in a spatially-resolved fashion. These measurements can be visualized across multiple length-scales. First, pixel-level intensities represent the spatial distributions of feature expression with highest resolution. Second, after segmentation, expression values or cell-level metadata (e.g. cell-type information) can be visualized on segmented cell areas. This package contains functions for the visualization of multiplexed read-outs and cell-level information obtained by multiplexed imaging cytometry. The main functions of this package allow 1. the visualization of pixel-level information across multiple channels and 2. the display of cell-level information (expression and/or metadata) on segmentation masks.

License GPL (>= 2)

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CytoImageList-class S4 class for list of images

Description

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This class facilitates the handling of multiple one- or multi-channel images. It inherits from SimpleList setting elementType="Image". Therefore, each slot contains an either one- or multi-dimensional array in form of an Image object.

Usage

CytoImageList(...)

Arguments

. . A list of images (or coercible to a list) or individual images

Details

Similar to the Image class, the first two dimensions of each entry indicate the spatial dimension of the image. These can be different for each entry. The third dimension indicates the number of channels per Image. Each entry in the CytoImageList class object must contain the same number of channels. Here, each channel represents pixel values indicating measurement intensities or in case of segmentation masks the cells' ID. The CytoImageList class therefore only supports a Grayscale colormode (see colormode) representation of each individual image.

The class further contains an elementMetadata slot that stores image-level meta information. This slot should be accessed using the mcols accessor function.

Value

A CytoImageList object

Restrictions on entry names

The CytoImageList class only supports unique entry names to avoid duplicated images. Names of a CytoImageList object can be get and set via names(x), where x is a CytoImageList object. Furthermore, only named or unnamed CytoImageList objects are allowed. Partially named objects causing empty or NA names return an error.

Coercion

Coercion to and from list, SimpleList and List:

as.list(x), as(x, "SimpleList"), as(x, "SimpleList"): Coercion from a CytoImageList object x
as(x, "CytoImageList"): Coercion from a list, SimpleList or List object x to anCytoImageList
object

Looping

While lapply and mapply return regular list objects, endoapply and mendoapply return CytoImageList objects.

Author(s)

```
Nils Eling (<nils.eling@dqbm.uzh.ch>)
```

See Also

```
Image, for further image analysis tools.

SimpleList, for basics functions to handle SimpleList objects

?loadImages, for reading images into a CytoImageList object

?"CytoImageList-naming", for setting and getting image and channel names

?"CytoImageList-subsetting", for subsetting and accessor functions
```

Examples

```
# Creation of CytoImageList
u <- matrix(rbinom(100, 10, 0.5), ncol=10, nrow=10)
v <- matrix(rbinom(100, 10, 0.5), ncol=10, nrow=10)
IL1 <- CytoImageList(image1 = Image(u), image2 = Image(v))
# Coercion
as.list(IL1)
as(IL1, "SimpleList")
as(list(image1 = Image(u), image2 = Image(v)), "CytoImageList")</pre>
```

CytoImageList-manipulation

Manipulating CytoImageList objects

Description

Methods to change pixel values in CytoImageList objects. In the following sections, object is a CytoImageList object containing one or multiple channels.

Value

A CytoImageList object containing the manipulated Images.

Image scaling

In some cases, images need to be scaled by a constant (e.g. $2^16-1 = 65535$) value to revert them back to the original pixel values after reading them in.

scaleImages(object, value) Scales all images in the CytoImageList object by value.

Image normalization

Linear scaling of the intensity values of each Image contained in a CytoImageList object to a specific range. Images can either be scaled to the minimum/maximum value per channel or across all channels (default separateChannels = TRUE). Also, images can be scaled to the minimum/maximum value per image or across all images (default separateImages = FALSE). The latter allows the visual comparison of intensity values across images.

To clip the images before normalization, the inputRange can be set.

```
normalize(object, separateChannels = TRUE, separateImages = FALSE, ft = c(0,1), inputRange = NULL):
```

```
object: A CytoImageList object
```

separateChannels: Logical if pixel values should be normalized per channel (default) or across all channels.

separateImages: Logical if pixel values should be normalized per image or across all images (default).

ft: Numeric vector of 2 values, target minimum and maximum intensity values after normalization (see normalize).

inputRange: Numeric vector of 2 values, sets the absolute clipping range of the input intensity values (see normalize).

Author(s)

```
Nils Eling (<nils.eling@dqbm.uzh.ch>)
```

See Also

normalize for details on Image normalization

CytoImageList-naming 5

```
x <- normalize(x, inputRange = c(0, 0.9))
plotPixels(x, colour_by = c("H3", "CD99"))

# Normalizing per image
x <- normalize(pancreasImages, separateImages = TRUE)
plotPixels(x, colour_by = c("H3", "CD99"))</pre>
```

CytoImageList-naming Getting and setting the channel and image names

Description

Methods to get and set the names of individual channels or the names of individual images.

Setting and getting the channel names

In the following code, x is a CytoImageList object containing one or multiple channels. The channel names can be replaced by value, which contains a character vector of the same length as the number of channels in the images.

channelNames(x) Returns the names of all channels stored in x

channelNames(x) <- value Replaces the channel names of x with values. For this, value needs to have the same length as the number of channels in x

Setting and getting the image names

Here, x is a CytoImageList object. The element names can be replaced by value, which contains a character vector of the same length as the number of images. In case of the CytoImageList object, elements are always images.

names(x) Returns the names of all images stored in x

names(x) <- value Replaces the image names of x with value. For this, value needs to have the same length as x

Author(s)

```
Nils Eling (<nils.eling@dqbm.uzh.ch>)
```

```
data("pancreasImages")

# Get channel and image names
channelNames(pancreasImages)
names(pancreasImages)

# Set channel and image names
channelNames(pancreasImages) <- paste0("marker", 1:5)
names(pancreasImages) <- paste0("image", 1:3)</pre>
```

CytoImageList-subsetting

General subsetting methods for CytoImageList objects

Description

These getter and setter functions are used to extract, replace and merge entries in a CytoImageList object.

Arguments

x, y CytoImageList objects

i integer, logical, character or vector of such indicating which element(s) to re-

place or extract

value a CytoImageList or Image object

Value

A CytoImageList object

Setting and getting images

Functions to extract and replace elements (= images) of a CytoImageList object. In the following code, x is a CytoImageList object. The parameter i indicates the element(s) of x that should be returned or replaced. Replacement is done by value, which takes a CytoImageList or Image object. If length(i) > 0, value has to be a CytoImageList object of length(i), otherwise value allows a CytoImageList object of length 1 or an Image object. If an Image object is provided, only the image entry in the CytoImageList object is replaced, not the corresponding elementMetadata entry.

```
getImages(x, i) Returns image(s) indicated by i of the CytoImageList object x
setImages(x, i) <- value Replaces the image(s) indicated by i of the CytoImageList object x
with value. For this, value needs to have the same length as i</pre>
```

These setter and getter functions are the recommended way of extracting and replacing images in a CytoImageList object. Alternatively, the standard operations via `[`, `[[`, `[<-` and `[[<-` can be performed (see ?List for S4Vectors subsetting functionality). However, these operations do not change element names during replacment calls. The setImages() function makes sure that element names are replaced if value is named or if i is a character or vector of characters.

Getting and setting channels

Functions to extract and replace channels of a CytoImageList object. Here, x is a CytoImageList object. The parameter i indicates the channels of x that should be returned or replaced. Replacement is done by value, which takes a CytoImageList object. The CytoImageList object value needs to have the same length as x. Furthermore, the number of channels in value should be identical to length(i).

```
getChannels(x, i) Returns channel(s) indicated by i of the CytoImageList object x
setChannels(x, i) <- value Replaces the channel(s) indicated by i of the CytoImageList object
    x with value. For this, value needs to have the same length as i and the same number of
    channels as length(i).</pre>
```

The setChannels() setter function does not allow adding new channels to the CytoImageList object. For this operation, the mergeChannels function was implemented (see below).

Merging images

Merging images is possible by merging two or more CytoImageList objects via:

c(x, y) Returns an composite CytoImageList object with elements of both CytoImageList objects x and y. More than two CytoImageList objects can be merged in that way.

Merging channels

Merging channels is possible via:

mergeChannels(x, y): Returns a CytoImageList in which the channels of the CytoImageList object y have been appended to the channels of the CytoImageList object x. Only channels of two CytoImageList objects can be merged in that way.

Author(s)

```
Nils Eling (<nils.eling@dqbm.uzh.ch>)
```

```
data("pancreasImages")
# Get images
getImages(pancreasImages, 1)
getImages(pancreasImages, "E34_imc")
getImages(pancreasImages, 1:2)
getImages(pancreasImages, c("E34_imc", "G01_imc"))
getImages(pancreasImages, grepl("E34_imc", names(pancreasImages)))
# Set images
setImages(pancreasImages, 1) <- pancreasImages[1]</pre>
setImages(pancreasImages, "J02_imc") <- pancreasImages[1]</pre>
setImages(pancreasImages, "J02_imc") <- NULL</pre>
# Get channels
getChannels(pancreasImages, 1)
getChannels(pancreasImages, "CD99")
getChannels(pancreasImages, c("CD99", "PIN"))
# Set channels
channel1 <- getChannels(pancreasImages, 1)</pre>
setChannels(pancreasImages, 1) <- channel1</pre>
channelPIN <- getChannels(pancreasImages, "PIN")</pre>
setChannels(pancreasImages, "CD8a") <- channelPIN</pre>
setChannels(pancreasImages, "CD8a") <- NULL</pre>
# Merge images
data("pancreasImages")
c(pancreasImages[c(1,3)], pancreasImages[2])
# Merge channels
channel12 <- getChannels(pancreasImages, c(1,2))</pre>
channel34 <- getChannels(pancreasImages, c(3,4))</pre>
```

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mergeChannels(channel12, channel34)

loadImages

Read images into CytoImageList object

Description

Function to read in single- or multi-channel images from a specified path or file. The function returns a CytoImageList object containing one image per slot. Supported file extensions are: '.tiff', '.png', '.jpeg', '.jpg'.

Usage

```
loadImages(x, pattern = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

x The function takes a variety of possible character inputs:

A single file Full path and file name of an individual image file.

A path A path to where image files are located.

A vector of files A character vector where each entry represents an individual

file.

pattern Character inputs of the following form:

A single character A pattern to search for in the specified path (regular expres-

sions are supported).

A character vector Unique entries are matched against file names in the spec-

ified path.

... arguments passed to the readImage function.

Value

A CytoImageList object

Loading specific images

This function loads images via the readImage function and stores them in a CytoImageList object. In the simplest case, x is an image file name. If x is a path, the pattern argument can be used to select image names with certain patterns. For convenience, pattern also takes a vector of characters (e.g. a colData entry in a SingleCellExperiment object) to select by unique image names. Furthermore, a vector of image names can be provided to read in multiple images.

Author(s)

```
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Nicolas Damond (<nicolas.damond@dqbm.uzh.ch>)
```

See Also

readImage, for reading in individual images.

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Examples

pancreasImages

Example CytoImageList object of image files

Description

This CytoImageList object contains multi-channel stacks of three images acquired by imaging mass cytometry. Each channel represents the pixel-intensities of each of the 5 measured proteins. The data is part of a imaging mass cytometry study on the progression of Type 1 diabetes and contains pancreas cells.

Usage

 $\verb"pancreasImages"$

Format

A CytoImageList object containing 3 Image objects with 5 channels each. Channel names can be accessed via ?channelNames.

References

Damond, N. et al., A Map of Human Type 1 Diabetes Progression by Imaging Mass Cytometry, Cell Metabolism 29:3, 2019

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pancreasMasks

Example CytoImageList object of segmentation masks

Description

This CytoImageList object contains single-channel images representing the segmentation masks after preprocessing of imaging mass cytometry data. The data is part of a imaging mass cytometry study on the progression of Type 1 diabetes and contains pancreas cells.

Usage

pancreasMasks

Format

A CytoImageList object containing 3 Image objects with 1 channel each. These images are the result to segmentation and associated to the images stored in the pancreasImages object. Pixel values indicate the numeric cell identifier while a value of 0 represents the image background.

References

Damond, N. et al., A Map of Human Type 1 Diabetes Progression by Imaging Mass Cytometry, Cell Metabolism 29:3, 2019

pancreasSCE

Example SingleCellExperiment object

Description

This SingleCellExperiment object contains the expression values of 5 proteins (rows) from 362 cells (columns) across 3 images. The data is part of a imaging mass cytometry study on the progression of Type 1 diabetes and therefore contains pancreas cells.

Usage

pancreasSCE

Format

A SingleCellExperiment object containing the raw and arcsinh-transformed mean pixel counts per cell as well as associated cell- and protein-specific metadata. Row names represent the names of the target proteins and column names represent the image name and cell id of each cell.

colData Cell-specific metadata where rownames represent the image name and cell id. It containins the

- 1. image number (ImageNb),
- 2. cell number/identifier (CellNb),
- 3. spatial position on the image (Pos_X, Pos_Y),
- 4. the associated image name (ImageName, see ?"pancreasImages"),

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- 5. the associated mask name (MaskName, see ?"pancreasMasks"),
- 6. a arbitrary cell-type label (CellType)
- 7. a logical (Pattern) indicating exocrine cells

rowData Protein-specific metadata where rownames represent the names of the target proteins. It contains the

- 1. channel number (frame),
- 2. metal tag of the antibody (MetalTag)
- 3. Target (the expanded name of the targeted protein)
- 4. clean_Target (the abbreviated name of the targeted protein)

assays List of protein expression counts containing:

- 1. the raw expression counts (counts): mean pixel value per cell and protein
- 2. arcsinh-transformed raw expression counts using a co-factor of 1 (exprs)

References

Damond, N. et al., A Map of Human Type 1 Diabetes Progression by Imaging Mass Cytometry, Cell Metabolism 29:3, 2019

plotCells

Function to visualize cell-level information on segmentation masks

Description

This function takes a SingleCellExperiment and CytoImageList object containing segmentation masks to colour cells by marker expression or metadata.

Usage

```
plotCells(
  mask,
  object = NULL,
  cell_id = NULL,
  img_id = NULL,
  colour_by = NULL,
  outline_by = NULL,
  exprs_values = "counts",
  colour = NULL,
  ...
)
```

mask object.

Arguments

mask a CytoImageList containing single-channel Image objects (see section 'Segmentation mask object' below).

object a SingleCellExperiment object.

cell_id character specifying the colData(object) entry, in which the integer cell IDs are stored. These IDs should match the integer pixel values in the segmentation

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img_id	character specifying the colData(object) and mcols(mask) entry, in which the image IDs are stored (see section 'Linking the SingleCellExperiment and CytoImageList object' below)
colour_by	character or character vector specifying the features (rownames(object)) or metadata (colData(object) entry) used to colour individual cells. Cells can be coloured by single colData(object) entries or by up to six features.
outline_by	single character indicating the colData(object) entry by which to outline individual cells.
exprs_values	single character indicating which assay(object) entry to use when visualizing feature counts.
colour	a list with names matching the entries to colour_by and/or outline_by. When setting the colour for continous features, at least two colours need to be provided indicating the colours for minimum and maximum values. When colouring discrete vectors, a colour for each unique entry needs to be provided (see section 'Setting the colours' and examples)
	Further arguments passed to ?"plotting-param"

Value

a list if return_images and/or return_plot is TRUE (see ?"plotting-param").

- plot: a single plot object (display = "all") or a list of plot objects (display = "single")
- images: a SimpleList object containing three-colour Image objects.

Segmentation mask object

In the plotCells function, mask refers to a CytoImageList object that contains a single or multiple segmentation masks in form of individual Image objects. The function assumes that each object in the segmentation mask is a cell. The key features of such masks include:

- each Image object contains only one channel
- pixel values are integers indicating the cells' IDs or 0 (background)

Linking SingleCellExperiment and CytoImageList objects

To colour individual cells contained in the segmentation masks based on features and metadata stored in the SingleCellExperiment object, an img_id and cell_id entry needs to be provided. Image IDs are matched between the SingleCellExperiment and CytoImageList object via entries to the colData(object)[,img_id] and the mcols(mask)[,img_id] slots. Cell IDs are matched between the SingleCellExperiment and CytoImageList object via entries to colData(object)[,cell_id] and the integer values of the segmentation masks.

Setting the colours

By default, features and metadata are coloured based on internally-set colours. To set new colours, a list object must be provided. The names of the object must correspond to the entries to colour_by and/or outline_by. When setting the colours for continous expression values or continous metadata entries, a vector of at least two colours need to be specified. These colours will be passed onto colorRampPalette for interpolation. Discrete metadata entries can be coloured by specifying a named vector in which each entry corresponds to a unique entry to the metadata vector.

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Subsetting the CytoImageList object

The CytoImageList object can be subsetted before calling the plotCells function. In that case, only the selected images are displayed.

Subsetting the SingleCellExperiment object

The SingleCellExperiment object can be subsetted before calling the plotCells function. In that case, only cells contained in the SingleCellExperiment object are coloured/outlined.

Colour scaling

When colouring features using the plotCells function, colours are scaled between the minimum and maximum per feature across the full assay contained in the SingleCellExperiment object. When subsetting images, cell-level expression is not scaled across the subsetted images but the whole SingleCellExperiment object. To avoid this, the SingleCellExperiment object can be subsetted to only contain the cells that should be displayed before plotting.

Author(s)

```
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Nicolas Damond (<nicolas.damond@dqbm.uzh.ch>)
```

See Also

For further plotting parameters see ?"plotting-param"

```
data(pancreasMasks)
data(pancreasSCE)
# Visualize the masks
plotCells(pancreasMasks)
# Colour the masks based on averaged expression
plotCells(pancreasMasks, object = pancreasSCE, img_id = "ImageNb",
            cell_id = "CellNb", colour_by = c("CD99", "CDH"))
# Colour the masks based on metadata
plotCells(pancreasMasks, object = pancreasSCE, img_id = "ImageNb",
            cell_id = "CellNb", colour_by = "CellType")
# Outline the masks based on metadata
plotCells(pancreasMasks, object = pancreasSCE, img_id = "ImageNb",
            cell_id = "CellNb", colour_by = "CD99",
            outline_by = "CellType")
# Colour the masks based on arcsinh-transformed expression
plotCells(pancreasMasks, object = pancreasSCE, img_id = "ImageNb",
            cell_id = "CellNb", colour_by = "CD99",
            exprs_values = "exprs")
# Subset the images
cur_images <- getImages(pancreasMasks, 1:2)</pre>
plotCells(cur_images, object = pancreasSCE, img_id = "ImageNb",
```

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plotPixels

Function to visualize pixel-level information of multi-channel images

Description

This function takes a CytoImageList object to colour pixels by marker expression. Additionally, a SingleCellExperiment object and CytoImageList object containing segmentation masks can be provided to outline cells based on metadata.

Usage

```
plotPixels(
   image,
   object = NULL,
   mask = NULL,
   cell_id = NULL,
   img_id = NULL,
   colour_by = NULL,
   outline_by = NULL,
   bcg = NULL,
   colour = NULL,
   ...
)
```

Arguments

image	a CytoImageList object containing single or multi-channel Image objects (see details below).
object	an optional SingleCellExperiment object.
mask	an optional CytoImageList object containing segmentaion masks in form of single-channel Image objects (see details below)
cell_id	character specifying the colData(object) entry, in which the integer cell IDs are stored. These IDs should match the integer pixel values in the segmentation mask object.
img_id	character specifying the colData(object), mcols(image) and mcols(mask) entry, in which the image IDs are stored (see section 'Linking the SingleCellExperiment and CytoImageList objects' below)
colour_by	character or character vector specifying the features (contained in channelNames(image)) used to colour individual cells. Pixels can be coloured by up to six features.

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outline_by single character indicating the colData(object) entry by which to outline individual cells

a list with names matching the entries to colour_by. Each entry contains a numeric vector of three entries:

1. brightness value added to the specified channel

- 2. contrast value multiplied with the specified channel
- 3. gamma value (channel is exponentiated by this value)

Default is c(0,1,1).

colour a list with names matching the entries to colour_by and/or outline_by. When

setting the colour for continous features, at least two colours need to be provided indicating the colours for minimum and maximum values. When outlining by discrete values, a colour for each unique entry needs to be provided (see section

'Setting the colours' and examples)

... Further arguments passed to ?"plotting-param"

Value

bcg

a list if return_images and/or return_plot is TRUE (see ?"plotting-param").

- plot: a single plot object (display = "all") or a list of plot objects (display = "single")
- images: a SimpleList object containing three-colour Image objects.

Multi-channel image and segmentation mask objects

In the plotPixels function, image refers to a CytoImageList object that contains a single or multiple single- or multi-channel Image objects. Up to six channels can be overlayed to generate a composite image. When outlining cells, a SingleCellExperiment object and CytoImageList object containing segmentation masks must be provided. The function assumes that each object in the segmentation mask is a cell. The key features of such segmentation masks include:

- each Image object contains only one channel
- pixel values are integers indicating the cells' IDs

Linking SingleCellExperiment and CytoImageList objects

To outline individual cells contained in the segmentation masks based on metadata stored in the SingleCellExperiment object, an img_id and cell_id entry needs to be provided. Image IDs are matched between the SingleCellExperiment and CytoImageList objects via entries to the colData(object)[,img_id], mcols(image)[,img_id] and the mcols(image)[,img_id] slots. Cell IDs are matched between the SingleCellExperiment and CytoImageList object via entries to colData(object)[,cell_id] and the integer values of the segmentation masks.

Setting the colours

By default, features and metadata are coloured based on internally-set colours. To set new colours, a list object must be provided. The names of the object must correspond to the entries to colour_by and/or outline_by. When setting the colours for continous expression values or continous metadata entries, a vector of at least two colours need to be specified. These colours will be passed onto colorRampPalette for interpolation. Cells can be outlined by discrete metadata entries when specifying a named vector in which each entry corresponds to a unique entry to the metadata vector.

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Subsetting the CytoImageList objects

The CytoImageList object(s) can be subsetted before calling the plotPixels function. In that case, only the selected images are displayed.

Subsetting the SingleCellExperiment object

The SingleCellExperiment object can be subsetted before calling the plotPixels function. In that case, only cells contained in the SingleCellExperiment object are outlined.

Colour scaling

When plotting pixel intensities, colours are scaled to the minimum and maximum per channel across all images that are being displayed. Therefore, when subsetting images, displayed intensities might change. However, the colour legend will display the correct numeric minimum and maximum pixel intensity across all displayed images per channel.

Author(s)

```
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Nicolas Damond (<nicolas.damond@dqbm.uzh.ch>)
```

See Also

For further plotting parameters see ?"plotting-param". For instructions on how to normalize images see normalize.

```
data(pancreasMasks)
data(pancreasImages)
data(pancreasSCE)
# Visualize the images - by default the first channel
plotPixels(pancreasImages)
# Colour the channels
plotPixels(pancreasImages, colour_by = c("CD99", "CDH"))
# Outline the cells based on metadata
plotPixels(pancreasImages, object = pancreasSCE, mask = pancreasMasks,
            img_id = "ImageNb", cell_id = "CellNb",
            colour_by = c("CD99", "CDH"), outline_by = "CellType")
# Enhance individual channels
plotPixels(pancreasImages, colour_by = c("CD99", "CDH"),
            bcg = list(CD99 = c(0, 2, 1)))
# Subset the images
cur_images <- getImages(pancreasImages, 1:2)</pre>
plotPixels(cur_images, colour_by = c("CD99", "CDH"))
# Set colour
plotPixels(pancreasImages, colour_by = c("CD99", "CDH"),
            colour = list(CD99 = c("black", "green"),
                            CDH = c("black", "blue")))
```

plotting-param

Further plotting parameters for the cytomapper package

Description

The plotCells and plotPixels functions share a number of parameter that can be set to change the visual representation of plotted images.

Arguments

missing_colour a single character specifying a valid colour. Cells that are not contained in the $Single Cell Experiment\ object\ will\ be\ coloured\ based\ on\ {\tt missing_colour}.\ In$ the plotPixels function, missing_colour defines the outline of the cells if outline_by is not set.

background_colour

(only plotCells) a single character specifying a valid colour that is set as the background of the image.

scale_bar

a list specifying features of the scale bar. One or multiple of the following entries are supported:

- length: numeric length in pixels (default 20% of the largest image width).
- label: single character specifying the scale bar label.
- cex: numeric value indicating the size of the scale bar label.
- lwidth: numeric value indicating the line width of the scale bar in pixels. By default, the line width is adjusted relative to the maximum height of the images.
- colour: single character specifying the colour of scale bar and label (default "white").
- position: position of scale bar. Supported values: "topleft", "topright", "bottomleft", "bottomright" (default "bottomright").
- margin: vector of two numeric entries specifying the x and y margin between image boundary and the scale bar (default c(10,10)).
- frame: either "all" to display scale bar on all images or a single number specifying the image for which the scale bar should be displayed (default "all").

Plotting of the scale bar is suppressed if set to NULL.

image_title

a list specifying features of the image titles. One or multiple of the following entries are supported:

- text: character vector of image titles. Same length as the CytoImageList
- position: single character specifying the position of the title. Supported entries: "top", "bottom", "topleft", "bottomleft", "topright", "bottomright" (default "top").
- colour: single character specifying the colour of image title (default "white").
- margin: vector of two numeric entries specifying the x and y margin between image boundary and the image title (default c(10,10)).

• font: numeric entry specifying the font of the image title (default 1, see par for details)

• cex: numeric value indicating the size of the image title.

Plotting of the image title is suppressed if set to NULL.

save_plot

a list specifying how to save the plot. One or multiple of the following entries are supported:

- filename: single character specifying a valid file name. The file extension specifies the format in which the file is saved. Supported formats are: jpeg, tiff and png. If display = "single", each image will be written in an individual file. The file names obtain a "_x" ending where x indicates the position of the image in the CytoImageList object or "legend".
- scale: by default the height and width of the saved image is defined by the maximum image size times the number of rows and number of columns. This resolution is often not sufficient to clearly display the text. The scale parameter can be set to increase the resolution of the image while keeping the text size constant (default 1 but can be increased for optimal results).

return_plot

logical indicating whether to return the plot (see recordPlot for more infos).

return_images

logical indicating whether to return the coloured images in form of a SimpleList object. Each entry to this list is a three-colour Image object. However, the image title and scale bar are not retained.

legend

a list specifying features of the legend. One or multiple of the following entries are supported:

- colour_by.title.font: numeric entry specifying the font of the legend title for features specified by colour_by.
- colour_by.title.cex: numeric entry specifying the size of the legend title for features specified by colour_by.
- colour_by.labels.cex: numeric entry specifying the size of the legend labels for features specified by colour_by.
- colour_by.legend.cex: (only discrete features) numeric entry specifying the size of the legend for features specified by colour_by.
- outline_by.title.font: numeric entry specifying the font of the legend title for features specified by outline_by.
- outline_by.title.cex: numeric entry specifying the size of the legend title for features specified by outline_by.
- outline_by.labels.cex: numeric entry specifying the size of the legend labels for features specified by outline_by.
- outline_by.legend.cex: (only discrete features) numeric entry specifying the size of the legend for features specified by outline_by.
- margin: numeric value indicating the margin (in pixels) between the legends and the outer boundary (default 2)

Plotting of the legend is suppressed if set to NULL.

margin

numeric value indicating the gap (in pixels) between individual images (default 0).

display

one of two possible values: "all" or "single". When set to "all", all images are displayed at once in a grid-like fashion. When set to "single", individual images are plotted in single graphics devices. The second option is useful when saving individual images in pdf format or when displaying in Rmarkdown files.

scale logical indicating whether to scale each feature individually to its minimum/maximum

across the SingleCellExperiment object (see plotCells) or across all displayed images (see plotCells). If set to FALSE each value is displayed relative to the

maximum of all selected features.

interpolate a logical indicating whether to apply linear interpolation to the image when

drawing (see rasterImage) (default TRUE).

Value

a list if return_images and/or return_plot is TRUE.

- plot: a single plot object (display = "all") or a list of plot objects (display = "single")
- images: a SimpleList object containing three-colour Image objects.

Author(s)

```
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```

See Also

plotCells and plotPixels for the main plotting functions

```
data("pancreasImages")
data("pancreasMasks")
data("pancreasSCE")
# Setting missing colour
plotCells(pancreasMasks, missing_colour = "blue")
# Setting background colour
plotCells(pancreasMasks, background_colour = "blue")
# Setting the scale bar
plotCells(pancreasMasks, scale_bar = list(length = 10,
                                         cex = 2,
                                         lwidth = 10,
                                         colour = "red",
                                         position = "bottomleft",
                                         margin = c(5,5),
                                         frame = 3))
# Setting the image title
plotCells(pancreasMasks,
            image_title = list(text = c("image1", "image2", "image3"),
                                position = "topleft",
                                colour = "blue",
                                margin = c(0,5),
                                font = 2,
                                 cex = 2))
# Return plot
cur_out <- plotPixels(pancreasImages, return_plot = TRUE)</pre>
```

```
cur_out$plot
# Return images
cur_out <- plotPixels(pancreasImages, return_images = TRUE)</pre>
cur_out$images
# Setting the legend
plotCells(pancreasMasks, object = pancreasSCE,
            img_id = "ImageNb", cell_id = "CellNb",
            colour_by = c("CD99", "CDH"),
            outline_by = "CellType",
            legend = list(colour_by.title.font = 0.5,
                        colour_by.title.cex = 0.5,
                        colour_by.labels.cex = 0.5,
                        outline_by.legend.cex = 0.5,
                        margin = 0))
# Setting the margin between images
plotPixels(pancreasImages, margin = 3)
# Displaying individual images
plotPixels(pancreasImages, display = "single")
# Supress scaling
plotPixels(pancreasImages, colour_by = c("CD99", "PIN"),
            scale = TRUE)
plotPixels(pancreasImages, colour_by = c("CD99", "PIN"),
            scale = FALSE)
# Suppress interpolation
plotPixels(pancreasImages, colour_by = c("CD99", "PIN"),
            interpolate = TRUE)
plotPixels(pancreasImages, colour_by = c("CD99", "PIN"),
            interpolate = FALSE)
```

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