

Package ‘Cormotif’

October 9, 2015

Type Package

Title Correlation Motif Fit

Version 1.14.0

Date 2011-06-08

Author Hongkai Ji, Yingying Wei

Maintainer Yingying Wei <ywei@jhsph.edu>

Description It fits correlation motif model to multiple studies to
detect study specific differential expression patterns.

Depends R (>= 2.12.0), affy, limma

Imports affy, graphics, grDevices

License GPL-2

LazyLoad yes

biocViews Microarray, DifferentialExpression

NeedsCompilation no

R topics documented:

cormotif internal	2
cormotiffit	2
cormotiffitall	4
cormotiffitfull	5
cormotiffitsep	6
generank	8
plotIC	9
plotMotif	10
simudata2	11

Index

12

cormotif internal

Correlation Motif Internal functions

Description

These functions are not part of the package application programming interface and are not recommended to be used by the users.

Usage

```
modt.f0.loglike
modt.f1.loglike
cmfit
cmfitall
cmfitsep
cmfitfull
limmafifit
generatetype
```

References

Ji, H., Wei, Y.,(2011) Correlation Motif. Unpublished

cormotiffit

Correlation Motif Fit

Description

This function fits the Correlation Motif model to multiple expression studies. It gives the fitted values for the probability distribution of each motif, the fitted values of the given correlation matrix and the posterior probability for each gene to be differentially expressed in each study.

Usage

```
cormotiffit(exprs,groupid,compid,K=1, tol=1e-3, max.iter=100, BIC=TRUE)
```

Arguments

exprs	a matrix, the expression data after normalization that is on log2 scale, each row of the matrix corresponds to a gene and each column of the matrix corresponds to a sample array.
groupid	the group label for each sample array, two arrays in the same study with same experiment condition(<i>e.g. control</i>) have the same groupid.
compid	the study design and comparison matrix, each row of the matrix corresponds to one study with the first column being the first experiment condition and the second column being the second experiment condition.

K	a vector, each element specifying the number of motifs a model wants to fit.
tol	the relative tolerance level of error.
max.iter	maximum number of iterations.
BIC	default is BIC=TRUE, selecting the model with the lowest BIC value among all fitted models; if BIC=FALSE, selecting the model with the lowest AIC value among all fitted models.

Details

For the i^{th} element of K , the function fits total number of $K[i]$ motifs to the data. Each gene can belong to one of the $K[i]$ possible motifs according to prior probability distribution, *motif.prior*. For genes in motif j , the probability that they are differentially expressed in study d is *motif.q(j, d)*. One should indicate the groupid and compid for each study clearly.

Value

bestmotif\$post	the posterior probability for each gene to be differentially expressed in each study for the best fitted model
bestmotif\$prior	fitted values of the probability distribution of different motifs for the best fitted model
bestmotif\$q	fitted values of the correlation motif matrix for the best fitted model
bestmotif\$loglike	log-likelihood of the best fitted model
bic	the BIC values of all fitted models
aic	the AIC values of all fitted models
loglike	log-likelihood of all fitted models

Author(s)

Hongkai Ji, Yingying Wei

References

Ji, H., Wei, Y.,(2011) Correlation Motif. Unpublished

Examples

```

data(simudata2)
n<-nrow(simudata2)
m<-ncol(simudata2)
#the expression data is from the second column to m
exprs.simu2<-as.matrix(simudata2[,2:m])

#prepare the group label for each sample array
data(simu2_groupid)

```

```
#prepare the design matrix for each group of samples
data(simu2_compgroup)

#fit 2 correlation motifs to the data
motif.fitted<-cormotiffit(exprs.simu2, simu2_groupid,simu2_compgroup,K=2)
```

cormotiffitall*All Studies Correlation Motif Fit*

Description

This function assumes that a gene is either differentially expressed in all studies or is not differentially expressed in any study. It gives the fitted values for the probability distribution of motif (0,0,...0) and motif (1,1,...,1), and the posterior probability for each gene to be differentially expressed in all studies.

Usage

```
cormotiffitall(exprs,groupid,compid, tol=1e-3, max.iter=100)
```

Arguments

<code>exprs</code>	a matrix, the expression data after normalization that is on log2 scale, each row of the matrix corresponds to a gene and each column of the matrix corresponds to a sample array.
<code>groupid</code>	the group label for each sample array, two arrays in the same study with same experiment condition(<i>e.g. control</i>) have the same groupid.
<code>compid</code>	the study design and comparison matrix, each row of the matrix corresponds to one study with the first column being the first experiment condition and the second column being the second experiment condition
<code>tol</code>	the relative tolerance level of error.
<code>max.iter</code>	maximum number of iterations.

Details

The difference between *cormotiffitall* and *cormotif(..., K = 2, ...)* is that *cormotiffitall* forces the motif to be one of the two patterns but *cormotiffit* allows motif patterns other than (0,...,0) and (1,..,1).

Value

<code>p.post</code>	the posterior probability for each gene to be differentially expressed
<code>motif.prior</code>	fitted values of the probability distribution of motif (0,0,...0) and motif (1,1,...,1)
<code>loglike</code>	log-likelihood of the fitted model

Author(s)

Hongkai Ji, Yingying Wei

References

Ji, H., Wei, Y.,(2011) Correlation Motif. Unpublished

Examples

```

data(simudata2)
n<-nrow(simudata2)
m<-ncol(simudata2)
#the expression data is from the second column to m
exprs.simu2<-as.matrix(simudata2[,2:m])

#prepare the group label for each sample array
data(simu2_groupid)

#prepare the design matrix for each group of samples
data(simu2_compgroup)

#fit the two motifs (0,0,...0) and (1,1,...,1) to the data
motif.fitted.all<-cormotiffitall(exprs.simu2, simu2_groupid,simu2_compgroup)

```

cormotiffitfull

*Full Model Motif Fit***Description**

This function fits the data to the model with all 2^D possible 0-1 patterns, where D is the number of studies.

Usage

```
cormotiffitfull(exprs,groupid,compid, tol=1e-3, max.iter=100)
```

Arguments

exprs	a matrix, the expression data after normalization that is on log2 scale, each row of the matrix corresponds to a gene and each column of the matrix corresponds to a sample array.
groupid	the group label for each sample array, two arrays in the same study with same experiment condition(<i>e.g.control</i>) have the same groupid.
compid	the study design and comparison matrix, each row of the matrix corresponds to one study with the first column being the first experiment condition and the second column being the second experiment condition
tol	the relative tolerance level of error.
max.iter	maximum number of iterations.

Details

The difference between *cormotiffitfull* and *cormotif(..., K = 2^D, ...)* is that *cormotiffitfull* forces motif to be one of the those 0-1 patterns. For *cormotiffit*, the motif does not necessarily to be of either 1 or 0, such as (0,1,...,0). It could be (0.9,0.4,...,0.2).

Value

<code>p.post</code>	the posterior probability for each gene to be differentially expressed.
<code>motif.prior</code>	fitted values of the probability distribution of the 2 ^D 0-1 motifs.
<code>loglike</code>	log-likelihood of the fitted model.

Author(s)

Hongkai Ji, Yingying Wei

References

Ji, H., Wei, Y.,(2011) Correlation Motif. Unpublished

Examples

```

data(simudata2)
n<-nrow(simudata2)
m<-ncol(simudata2)
#the expression data is from the second column to m
exprs.simu2<-as.matrix(simudata2[,2:m])

#prepare the group ID number for each sample array
data(simu2_groupid)

#prepare the design matrix for each group of samples
data(simu2_compgroup)

#fit 2^D 0-1 motifs to the data
motif.fitted.sep<-cormotiffitfull(exprs.simu2, simu2_groupid,simu2_compgroup)

```

Description

This function fits a mixture modified t-distribution model to each study seperately.

Usage

```
cormotiffitsep(exprs,groupid,compid, tol=1e-3, max.iter=100)
```

Arguments

exprs	a matrix, the expression data after normalization that is on log2 scale, each row of the matrix corresponds to a gene and each column of the matrix corresponds to a sample array.
groupid	the group label for each sample array, two arrays in the same study with same experiment condition(<i>e.g. control</i>) have the same groupid.
compid	the study design and comparison matrix, each row of the matrix corresponds to one study with the first column being the first experiment condition and the second column being the second experiment condition
tol	the relative tolerance level of error.
max. iter	maximum number of iterations.

Value

p.post	the posterior probability for each gene to be differentially expressed.
motif.prior	fitted values of the probability for genes to be differentially expressed in each study, a $1 \times D$ vector, where D is the number of studies
loglike	log-likelihood of the fitted model.

Author(s)

Hongkai Ji, Yingying Wei

References

Ji, H., Wei, Y.,(2011) Correlation Motif. Unpublished

Examples

```

data(simudata2)
n<-nrow(simudata2)
m<-ncol(simudata2)
#the expression data is from the second column to m
exprs.simu2<-as.matrix(simudata2[,2:m])

#prepare the group ID number for each sample array
data(simu2_groupid)

#prepare the design matrix for each group of samples
data(simu2_compgroup)

#fit separate models to each study
motif.fitted.sep<-cormotiffitsep(exprs.simu2, simu2_groupid,simu2_compgroup)

```

generank	<i>Rank genes based on statistics</i>
----------	---------------------------------------

Description

This function rank the genes according to the decreasing order of the given statistics.

Usage

```
generank(x)
```

Arguments

- x A $G * D$ matrix of statistics, the number of rows is the number of genes and the number of columns is the number of studies.

Details

The function returns a $G * D$ matrix of index of top ranked genes in each study according to the decreasing order of statistics in that study.

Author(s)

Hongkai Ji, Yingying Wei

Examples

```

data(simudata2)
n<-nrow(simudata2)
m<-ncol(simudata2)
#the expression data is from the second column to m
exprs.simu2<-as.matrix(simudata2[,2:m])

#prepare the group ID number for each sample array
data(simu2_groupid)

#prepare the design matrix for each group of samples
data(simu2_compgroup)

#fit 2 correlation motif to the data
motif.fitted<-cormotiffit(exprs.simu2, simu2_groupid,simu2_compgroup,K=2)
#give the gene index list according to the decreasing order of
#posterior probability for a gene to be differentially expressed in each study
generank(motif.fitted$bestmotif$p.post)

```

plotIC*BIC and AIC plot*

Description

This function plots BIC and AIC values for all fitted motif models.

Usage

```
plotIC(fitted_cormotif)
```

Arguments

fitted_cormotif

The object obtained from cormotifit.

Details

The left graph is the BIC plot and the right graph is the AIC plot.

Author(s)

Hongkai Ji, Yingying Wei

References

Ji, H., Wei, Y.,(2011) Correlation Motif. Unpublished

Examples

```
data(simudata2)
n<-nrow(simudata2)
m<-ncol(simudata2)
#the expression data is from the second column to \eqn{m}
exprs.simu2<-as.matrix(simudata2[,2:m])

#prepare the group ID number for each sample array
data(simu2_groupid)

#prepare the design matrix for each group of samples
data(simu2_compgroup)

#fit 2 correlation motif to the data
motif.fitted<-cormotifit(exprs.simu2, simu2_groupid,simu2_compgroup,K=2)

plotIC(motif.fitted)
```

<i>plotMotif</i>	<i>Correlation Motif plot</i>
------------------	-------------------------------

Description

This function plots the Correlation Motif patterns and the associated prior probability distributions.

Usage

```
plotMotif(fitted_cormotif,title="")
```

Arguments

<i>fitted_cormotif</i>	The object obtained from cormotiffit.
<i>title</i>	The title for the graph.

Details

Each row in both graphs corresponds to one motif pattern. The left graph shows the correlation motif pattern. The grey color scale of cell (k, d) indicates the probability that motif k is differentially expressed in study d . Each row of the bar chart corresponds to the motif pattern in the same row of the left pattern graph. The length of the bar in the bar chart shows the number of genes of the given pattern in the dataset, which is equal to $motif.fitted\$bestmotif\$motif.prior$ multiplying the number of total genes.

Author(s)

Hongkai Ji, Yingying Wei

References

Ji, H., Wei, Y.,(2011) Correlation Motif. Unpublished

Examples

```
data(simudata2)
n<-nrow(simudata2)
m<-ncol(simudata2)
#the expression data is from the second column to m
exprs.simu2<-as.matrix(simudata2[,2:m])

#prepare the group ID number for each sample array
data(simu2_groupid)

#prepare the design matrix for each group of samples
data(simu2_compgroup)

#fit 2 correlation motif to the data
```

```
motif.fitted<-cormotiffit(exprs.simu2, simu2_groupid,simu2_compgroup,K=2)
plotMotif(motif.fitted)
```

simudata2*Example dataset for Cormotif*

Description

Here we present three files needed for the various Correlation Motif fit functions.

Details

simudata2 are combined from four studies sharing the same 3,000 genes, each having two experiment conditions and three samples for each condition. simudata2 saves the expression values for all genes and all sample arrays on log2 scale; simu2_groupid prepares the group label for each sample; and simu2_compgroup describes the study design

References

Ji, H., Wei, Y.,(2011) Correlation Motif. Unpublished

Index

*Topic **correlation motif fit**

 cormotiffit, 2
 cormotiffitfull, 5

 cmfit(cormotif internal), 2

 cmfitall(cormotif internal), 2

 cmfitfull(cormotif internal), 2

 cmfitsep(cormotif internal), 2

 cormotif internal, 2

 cormotiffit, 2

 cormotiffitall, 4

 cormotiffitfull, 5

 cormotiffitsep, 6

 generank, 8

 generatetype(cormotif internal), 2

 limmafit(cormotif internal), 2

 modt.f0.loglike(cormotif internal), 2

 modt.f1.loglike(cormotif internal), 2

 plotIC, 9

 plotMotif, 10

 simu2_compgroup(simudata2), 11

 simu2_groupid(simudata2), 11

 simudata2, 11