

Package ‘rTANDEM’

October 9, 2013

Type Package

Title Encapsulate X!Tandem in R.

Version 1.0.1

Date 2013-07-26

SystemRequirements rTANDEM uses expat and pthread libraries. See the README file for details.

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Description This package encapsulate X!Tandem in R. In its most basic functionality, this package allows to call tandem(input) from R, just as tandem.exe /path/to/input.xml would be used to run X!Tandem from the command line. Classes are also provided for taxonomy and parameters objects and methods are provided to convert xml files to R objects and vice versa. This package is the first step in an attempt to provide a reliable workflow for proteomics analysis in R.

biocViews MassSpectrometry, Proteomics

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Imports methods

Depends XML, Rcpp, data.table (>= 1.8.8)

Suggests biomaRt

LinkingTo Rcpp

R topics documented:

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rTANDEM-package *An R encapsulation of X!TANDEM CYCLONE (2010.12.01.1)*

Description

X!Tandem is an open source software for protein identification from tandem mass spectrometry experiments, and rTANDEM is an R encapsulation of this software. As of now, rTANDEM provides a very basic encapsulation of X!Tandem: it has a function that takes as an argument the path to an X!Tandem style parameter file and return the path to an X!tandem style output file. The package also presents some function to transform parameters or results files into R objects and vice versa. We are planning to add functions for visualisation, data manipulation and conversion in a near future.

Details

Package:	rTANDEM
Type:	Package
Version:	0.99.4
Date:	2012-10-22
License:	Artistic License 1.0

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References

Robertson Craig and Ronald C. Beavis, TANDEM: matching proteins with mass spectra, Bioinformatics, 2004, 20 1466-7. <http://www.thegpm.org/tandem/>

Examples

```
# X!Tandem call style: we call tandem(input) on a single
# rTPParam object.

# We create rTPParam and from X!Tandem xml files
# located in the installation folder:
param <- GetParamFromXML(system.file("extdata/input.xml", package="rTANDEM"))

# We create a rTTaxo object and identify a database for yeast
taxonomy <- rTTaxo(
  taxon="yeast",
  format="peptide",
  URL= system.file("extdata/fasta/scd.fasta.pro", package="rTANDEM")
)

# We will adjust those two objects to use one another and to use,
# the path of some data and configuration files located
# in the installation folder:
param <- setParamValue(param, 'list path', 'taxony information', taxonomy)
param <- setParamValue(param, 'list path', 'default parameters',
  value=system.file("extdata/default_input.xml", package="rTANDEM"))
param <- setParamValue(param, 'spectrum', 'path',
  value=system.file("extdata/test_spectra.mgf", package="rTANDEM"))
param <- setParamValue(param, 'output', 'xsl path',
  value=system.file("extdata/tandem-input-style.xsl", package="rTANDEM"))
param <- setParamValue(param, 'output', 'path',
  value=paste(getwd(), "output.xml", sep="/"))

# This is the main command to run rTANDEM. The output will be
# written to a file in the working directory and the function
# returns the path to this file.
output.file <- tandem(param)
output.file
```

Description

The GetProteins, GetPeptides and GetDegeneracy functions are used to extract information from the rTANDEM result object.

Usage

```
GetProteins(results, log.expect=0, min.peptides=1L)
GetPeptides(protein.uid, results, expect=1, score=0)
GetDegeneracy(peptide.id, results)
```

Arguments

results	An object of the class rTResult that contains the result of an rTANDEM or X!Tandem analysis.
log.expect	X!Tandem provides a score of protein identification that is presented in terms of the log of the expect value of the identification. This score can be used as a threshold to discard low confidence identifications from the protein list.
expect	The expect value of peptide identification. This statistic can be used as a threshold to discard low confidence identifications from the peptide list.
min.peptides	The number of peptides involved in the identification of a given protein is computed. This number can be used as a threshold to discard identifications based on too few peptides from the protein list.
protein.uid	The tandem identifier of the protein (a numeric).
peptide.id	The tandem identifier of the peptide (a character).
score	The tandem score of the peptide identification. This score can be used as a threshold to discard low confidence identifications from the peptide list.

Value

GetProteins and GetDegeneracy return a data.table of proteins. GetPeptides returns a data.table of peptides with their ptm (post-translational modifications). Note that this table is generated through a merge of the peptide table and the ptm table: hence, if peptides has two ptm, it will occupy two rows in the resulting data.table.

Examples

```
# To show how to use the accessor functions, we need an rTANDEM result.
# We can produce one by running the example from the rTANDEM function,
# and reading it to R with GetResultsFromXML:
# output.file.path <- example(rTANDEM)

results <- GetResultsFromXML(output.file.path[[1]])

# To get a data.table of the proteins identified by at least 2 peptides
# and with an expect value of 0.05 or better:
proteins <- GetProteins(results, log.expect=-1.3, min.peptides=2)
proteins[, -c(4,5), with=FALSE] # Columns are removed for better display

# To get a list of the peptides used to identify the first protein
# (YCR012W, uid=576):
peptides <- GetPeptides(protein.uid="576", results)
peptides

# To get the list of proteins to which proteins a peptide belongs:
# (If a peptide belongs to more than one protein, it should not be
# used for quantification, as a biomarker or a MRM target.)
proteins.of.the.peptide <- GetDegeneracy(peptide.id="169.1.1",
results)
proteins.of.the.peptide[,label]
```

classes	<i>rTANDEM S3 and S4 classes</i>
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Description

The functions `rTPParam()` and `rTTaxo()` instantiate S3 object of respective class '`rTPParam`' and '`rTTaxo`', while `setParamValue()` helps set the value of a given parameter in an existing `rTPParam` object. '`rTPParam`' and '`rTTaxo`' are `data.frame` specifically structured to be used by the other functions of the `rTANDEM` package. `rTResult` is an S4 class structured to hold the results of the analysis.

Usage

```
rTPParam()
rTTaxo(taxon=NA, format=NA, URL=NA)
setParamValue(param, category, parameter, value)
```

Arguments

<code>param</code>	A <code>rTPParam</code> object.
<code>category</code>	The category of an x!tandem full parameter. For example ' <code>output</code> ' in " <code>output, histograms</code> " or ' <code>protein</code> ' in " <code>protein, cleavage site</code> ".
<code>parameter</code>	The specific parameter of an x!tandem full parameter. For example, ' <code>histograms</code> ' in " <code>output, histograms</code> ", or ' <code>cleavage site</code> ' in " <code>protein, cleavage site</code> ".
<code>value</code>	The value to be assigned to the full parameter of the <code>rTPParam</code> object.
<code>taxon</code>	An optional string or vector containing the name(s) of the taxa corresponding to the database files, for example, ' <code>yeast</code> ' or ' <code>Homo sapiens</code> '.
<code>format</code>	An optional string or vector containing the types of the database files: ' <code>peptide</code> ', ' <code>saps</code> ', ' <code>mods</code> ' or ' <code>spectrum</code> '.
<code>URL</code>	An optional string or vector containing the paths of the database files.

conversion	<i>Convert X!Tandem xml files to R objects and vice versa</i>
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Description

Functions like `GetTaxoFromXML("pathToXML")`, `GetParamFromXML("pathToXML")`, `GetResultsFromXML(pathToXML)` creates R object from X!Tandem-style xml files. The functions `WriteParamToXML(paramObject)` and `WriteTaxoToXML(paramObject)` will create an X!Tandem-style xml file from an R object.

Usage

```
GetTaxoFromXML(xml.file)
GetParamFromXML(xml.file)
GetResultsFromXML(xml.file)
WriteParamToXML(param, file, embeddedParam=c("write", "skip", "merge"),
embeddedTaxo=c("write", "skip") )
WriteTaxoToXML(taxo, file)
```

Arguments

xml.file	The path to the xml file that is to be read.
file	The name of the xml file that is to be created.
param	An object of class rTPParam that will be used to create the corresponding xml file.
taxo	A rTTaxo object whose content will be written to an xml file.
embeddedParam	The behaviour to adopt if a rTPParam object contains an embedded rTPParam object in the "list path, default parameters" slot. The option "merge" will merge the two objects together. The option "write" will call WriteParamToXML on the embedded rTPParam object and write it to the given file name plus suffixe "_default_param". It will then replace the embedded object by its path in the original object. The option "skip" will just ignore this slot.
embeddedTaxo	The behaviour to adopt if the rTPParam object contains an embedded rTTaxo object in the "list path, taxonomy information" slot. The option "write" will call WriteTaxoToXML on the object and write it to the input file name plus suffixe "_taxonomy". It will then replace the rTTaxo object by its path in the container rTPParam object. The option "skip" will just ignore this slot.

Value

'WriteParamToXML' and 'WriteTaxoToXML' have no return value: they are used for their side-effect of creating an xml file. 'GetTaxoFromXML' returns an object of the S3 class rTTaxo, 'GetParamFromXML' return an object of the S3 class rTPParam, and 'GetResultsFromXML' returns an object of the S4 class rTResult.

Examples

```
## Not run:
# To write a parameter or taxonomy object to a single xml file:
WriteParamToXML(parameter_object, file="parameter_file")
# Produces the file 'parameter_file'.

# To write a parameter object which has an embedded default
# parameter set to two xml files:
WriteParamToXML(parameter_object, file="param_file",
embeddedParam="write")
# Produces the files 'param_file' and 'param_file_default_param'.

# To write a parameter object that contains an embedded taxonomy to
```

```

# two different xml files:
WriteParamToXML(parameter_object, file="parameter_file",
embeddedTaxo="write")
# Produces the files 'parameter_file' and 'parameter_file_taxonomy'.

# To write a taxonomy object to a n xml file:
WriteTaxoToXML(taxonomy_object, file="taxonomy")
# Produces the file 'taxonomy'.

# To read a taxonomy file in R:
taxomy <- GetTaxoFromXML("taxonomy.xml")
# Read the xml file and create a taxonomy object of class rTTaxo.

# To read a parameter file in R:
param <- GetParamFromXML("parameters.xml")
# Read the xml file and create a parameter object of class rTPParam.

# To read a result file in R:
results <- GetResultsFromXML("output.xml")
# Read the output from X!Tandem and creates a R object of class
# rTResult.

## End(Not run)

```

rTResult-class *Class "rTResult"*

Description

A rTResult object is designed to contain the information of a X!Tandem analysis and allow data mining of this information.

Objects from the Class

Objects can be created by calls of the form `new("rTResult", ...)`.

Slots

```

result.file: Object of class "character" ~~
proteins: Object of class "data.table" ~~
peptides: Object of class "data.table" ~~
ptm: Object of class "data.table" ~~
used.parameters: Object of class "data.frame" ~~
unused.parameters: Object of class "vector" ~~
sequence.source.paths: Object of class "vector" ~~
estimated.false.positive: Object of class "integer" ~~

```

```

total.peptides.used: Object of class "integer" ~~
total.proteins.used: Object of class "integer" ~~
total.spectra.assigned: Object of class "integer" ~~
total.spectra.used: Object of class "integer" ~~
total.unique.assigned: Object of class "integer" ~~
start.time: Object of class "character" ~~
xtandem.version: Object of class "character" ~~
quality.values: Object of class "vector" ~~
nb.input.models: Object of class "integer" ~~
nb.input.spectra: Object of class "integer" ~~
nb.partial.cleavages: Object of class "integer" ~~
nb.point.mutations: Object of class "integer" ~~
nb.potential.C.terminii: Object of class "integer" ~~
nb.potential.N.terminii: Object of class "integer" ~~
nb.unanticipated.cleavages: Object of class "integer" ~~
initial.modelling.time.total: Object of class "numeric" ~~
initial.modelling.time.per.spectrum: Object of class "numeric" ~~
load.sequence.models.time: Object of class "numeric" ~~
refinement.per.spectrum.time: Object of class "numeric" ~~

```

Methods

No methods defined with class "rTResult" in the signature.

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Examples

```
showClass("rTResult")
```

tandem

Calls X!TANDEM CYCLONE (2011.12.01.1) from R objects or xml files

Description

The function `tandem(input)` takes a `rTPParam` object or the path of a parameter file as argument and calls X!Tandem on it. The function `rtandem(data.file, taxon, taxonomy, default.parameters)` is a wrapper that can be used to circumvent the need for a `rTPParam` input object (or of an xml input file).

Usage

```
tandem(input)
rtandem(data.file, taxon, taxonomy, default.parameters)
```

Arguments

<code>input</code>	A path to a X!Tandem style parameter file or a <code>rTPParam</code> object.
<code>data.file</code>	The path to the file containing the raw data to be analysed (in 'DTA', 'PKL' or 'MGF' format).
<code>taxon</code>	A string containing the taxon to be used for the analysis (e.g. "yeast" or "Homo sapiens").
<code>taxonomy</code>	Either a <code>rTTaxo</code> object or the path to a X!Tandem style taxonomy xml file.
<code>default.parameters</code>	Either a <code>rTPParam</code> object containing the default parameters to be used, or the path to a X!Tandem style default-parameters xml file.

Value

Both `tandem(input)` and `rtandem(data.file, taxon, taxonomy, default.parameters)` returns the path of the xml output file generated.

Author(s)

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References

Robertson Craig and Ronald C. Beavis, TANDEM: matching proteins with mass spectra, Bioinformatics, 2004, 20 1466-7. <http://www.thegpm.org/tandem/>

Examples

```
# X!Tandem call style: we call tandem(input) on a single
# rTPParam object.

# We create rTPParam from an X!Tandem xml file
# located in the installation folder:
param <- GetParamFromXML(system.file("extdata/input.xml", package="rTANDEM"))

# We create a rTTaxo object and identify a database for yeast
taxonomy <- rTTaxo(
  taxon="yeast",
  format="peptide",
  URL= system.file("extdata/fasta/scd.fasta.pro", package="rTANDEM")
)

# We will adjust those two objects to use one another and to use
# the path of some data and configuration files located
# in the installation folder:
param <- setParamValue(param, 'list path', 'taxonomy information', taxonomy)
param <- setParamValue(param, 'list path', 'default parameters',
  value=system.file("extdata/default_input.xml", package="rTANDEM"))
param <- setParamValue(param, 'spectrum', 'path',
  value=system.file("extdata/test_spectra.mgf", package="rTANDEM"))
param <- setParamValue(param, 'output', 'xsl path',
  value=system.file("extdata/tandem-input-style.xsl", package="rTANDEM"))
param <- setParamValue(param, 'output', 'path',
  value=paste(getwd(), "output.xml", sep="/"))

# This is the main command to run rTANDEM. The output will be
# written to a file in the working directory and the function
# returns the path to this file.
output.file <- tandem(param)
output.file
```

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