# Package 'CoGAPS'

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Title Coordinated Gene Activity in Pattern Sets

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**Description** Coordinated Gene Activity in Pattern Sets (CoGAPS) infers biological processes which are active in individual gene sets from corresponding microarray measurements. CoGAPS achieves this inference by combining a MCMC matrix decomposition algorithm (GAPS) with a novel statistic inferring activity on gene sets.

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SystemRequirements GAPS-JAGS (==1.0.2)

**Depends** R (>= 2.9.0), R.utils (>= 1.2.4), gplots (>= 2.8.0)

Imports graphics, grDevices, methods, stats, utils

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biocViews GeneExpression, Microarray, Bioinformatics

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AGS

Simulated amplitude matrix with gene set activity.

## Description

Simulated amplitude matrix specifying activity in two gene sets (gs).

## Usage

AGS

## Format

Matrix of 30 rows by 3 columns with simulated amplitude matrix.

calcCoGAPSStat CoGAPS gene set statistic

## Description

Computes the p-value for the association of underlying patterns from microarray data to activity in gene sets.

## Usage

calcCoGAPSStat(Amean, Asd, GStoGenes, numPerm=500)

## calcCoGAPSStat

#### Arguments

Amean	Sampled mean value of the amplitude matrix A. row.names(Amean) must correspond to the gene names contained in GStoGenes.
Asd	Sampled standard deviation of the amplitude matrix A.
GStoGenes	List or data frame containing the genes in each gene set. If a list, gene set names are the list names and corresponding elements are the names of genes contained in each set. If a data frame, gene set names are in the first column and corresponding gene names are listed in rows beneath each gene set name.
numPerm	Number of permuations used for the null distribution in the gene set statistic. (optional; default=500)

#### Details

This script links the patterns identified in the columns of P to activity in each of the gene sets specified in GStoGenes using a novel z-score based statistic developed in Ochs et al. (2009). Specifically, the z-score for pattern p and gene set  $G_i$  containing G total genes is given by

$$Z_{i,p} = \frac{1}{G} \sum_{ginG_i} A_{gp} / \sigma_{gp}$$

, where g indexes the genes in the set and  $\sigma_{gp}$  is the standard deviation of  $A_{gp}$  obtained from MCMC sampling. CoGAPS then uses the specified numPerm random sample tests to compute a consistent p value estimate from that z score.

#### Value

A list containing:

GSUpreg	p-values for upregulation of each gene set in each pattern.
GSDownreg	p-values for downregulation of each gene set in each pattern.
GSActEst	p-values for activity of each gene set in each pattern.

## Author(s)

Elana J. Fertig <ejfertig@jhmi.edu>

## References

M.F. Ochs, L. Rink, C. Tarn, S. Mburu, T. Taguchi, B. Eisenberg, and A.K. Godwin. (2009) Detection and treatment-induced changes in signaling pathways in gastrointestinal stromal tumors using transcriptomic data. Cancer Research, 69:9125-9132.

## See Also

CoGAPS, GAPS

CoGAPS

#### Description

Runs the CoGAPS algorithm to infer underlying patterns in microarray data and their association to activity in gene sets.

## Usage

## Arguments

data	The matrix of m genes by n arrays of expression data. The input can be either the data matrix itself or the file containing this data. If the latter, CoGAPS will read in the data using read.table(data, sep=sep, header=T, row.names=1).
unc	The matrix of m genes by n arrays of uncertainty (standard deviation) for the expression data. The input can be either a file containing the uncertainty (using the format from data), a matrix containing the uncertainty, or a constant value. If unc is a constant value, it can represent either a constant uncertainty or a constant percentage of the values in data as determined by isPercentError.
GStoGenes	List or data frame containing the genes in each gene set. If a list, gene set names are the list names and corresponding elements are the names of genes contained in each set. If a data frame, gene set names are in the first column and corresponding gene names are listed in rows beneath each gene set name.
numPatterns	Number of patterns into which the data will be decomposed. Must be less than the number of genes and number of arrays in the data.
outputDir	Directory to which to output result and diagnostic files created by CoGAPS. (Use "" to output results to the current directory).
outputBase	Prefix for all result and diagnostic files created by CoGAPS (optional; default="")
sep	Text delimiter for tables in data and unc (if specified in file) and any output tables (optional; default="\t")
isPercentError	Boolean indicating whether constant value in unc is the value of the uncertainty or the percentage of the data that is the uncertainty.
MaxAtomsA	Maximum number of atoms in the atomic domain used for the prior of the amplitude matrix in the decomposition (see Sibisi and Skilling, 1997). The default value will typically be sufficient for most applications (optional; default=\$2^32\$).
alphaA	Sparsity parameter reflecting the expected number of atoms per element of the amplitude matrix in the decomposition. To enforce sparsity, this parameter should typically be less than one. (optional; default=0.01)

MaxAtomsP	Maximum number of atoms in the atomic domain used for the prior of the pat- tern matrix in the decomposition (see Sibisi and Skilling, 1997). The default value will typically be sufficient for most applications (optional; default=\$2^32\$).
alphaP	Sparsity parameter reflecting the expected number of atoms per element of the pattern matrix in the decomposition. To enforce sparsity, this parameter should typically be less than one. (optional; default=0.01)
SAIter	Number of burn-in iterations for the MCMC matrix decomposition (optional; default=1000000000)
iter	Number of iterations to represent the distribution of amplitude and pattern ma- trices with the MCMC matrix decomposition (optional; default=500000000)
thin	Double whose integer part represents the number of iterations at which the sam- ples are kept and decimal part provides an identifier for the output files from this implementation of CoGAPS. If thin is an integer or not specified, this decimal file identifier is assigned randomly. (optional; default=-1; code assigns number of iterations kept to be iter/1000 and file identifier to be runif(1))
nPerm	Number of permuations used for the null distribution in the gene set statistic. (optional; default=500)
verbose	Boolean which specifies the amount of output to the user about the progress of the program. (optional; default=TRUE)
plot	Boolean which specifies whether plots representing the resulting amplitude and pattern matrices should be made. (optional; default=FALSE)
keepChain	Boolean which specifies if chain values of <b>A</b> and <b>P</b> are saved in outputDir (optional; default=FALSE).

## Details

CoGAPS first decomposes the data matrix using GAPS, **D**, into a basis of underlying patterns and then determines the gene set activity in each of these patterns.

The GAPS decomposition is achieved by finding amplitude and pattern matrices (A and P, respectively) for which

$$\mathbf{D} = \mathbf{AP} + \Sigma,$$

where  $\Sigma$  is the matrix of uncertainties given by unc. The matrices **A** and **P** are assumed to have the atomic prior described in Sibisi and Skilling (1997) and are found with MCMC sampling implemented within JAGS.

Then, the patterns identified in the columns of  $\mathbf{P}$  are linked to activity in each of the gene sets specified in GStoGenes using a novel z-score based statistic developed in Ochs et al. (2009). Specifically, the z-score for pattern p and gene set  $G_i$  containing G total genes is given by

$$Z_{i,p} = \frac{1}{G} \sum_{gin\mathcal{G}_{i}} \frac{\mathbf{A}_{gp}}{Asd_{gp}},$$

where g indexes the genes in the set and  $Asd_{gp}$  is the standard deviation of  $A_{gp}$  obtained from MCMC sampling. CoGAPS then uses the specified nPerm random sample tests to compute a consistent p value estimate from that z score. Note that the data from Ochs et al. (2009) are provided with this package in GIST\_TS\_20084.RData and TFGSList.RData are also provided with this package for further validation with nIter=5e+07.

#### Value

A list containing:

D	Microarray data matrix.
Sigma	Data matrix with uncertainty of D.
Amean	Sampled mean value of the amplitude matrix A.
Asd	Sampled standard deviation of the amplitude matrix A.
Pmean	Sampled mean value of the pattern matrix <b>P</b> .
Psd	Sampled standard deviation of the pattern matrix <b>P</b> .
meanMock	Mock data obtained from matrix decomposition for sampled mean values (= Amean $\%*\%$ Pmean).
meanChi2	$\chi^2$ value for the sampled mean values (Amean and Pmean) of the matrix decomposition.
GSUpreg	p-values for upregulation of each gene set in each pattern.
GSDownreg	p-values for downregulation of each gene set in each pattern.
GSActEst	p-values for activity of each gene set in each pattern.

#### Note

Running GAPS will create the folder ouptutDir, create diagnostic files with  $\chi^2$  and number of atoms, files with the mean and standard deviation of **A** and **P**, files with p-values for upregulation/downregulation/activity of each gene set, and optionally values of **A** and **P** from the MCMC chain.

## Author(s)

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## References

M.F. Ochs, L. Rink, C. Tarn, S. Mburu, T. Taguchi, B. Eisenberg, and A.K. Godwin. (2009) Detection and treatment-induced changes in signaling pathways in gastrointestinal stromal tumors using transcriptomic data. Cancer Research, 69:9125-9132.

M. Plummer. (2003) JAGS: A program for analysis of Bayesian graphical models using Gibbs sampling. In K. Hornik, F. Leisch, and A. Zeileis, editors, Proceedings of the Third International Workshop on Distributed Statistical Computing, Vienna, Austria.

S. Sibisi and J. Skilling. (1997) Prior distributions on measure space. Journal of the Royal Statistical Society, B, 59:217-235.

## See Also

GAPS, calcCoGAPSStat

#### computeGeneGSProb

#### Examples

```
## Not run:
## Load data
data(EasySimGS)
## Run the CoGAPS matrix decomposition
nIter <- 5e+05
results <- CoGAPS(data=DGS, unc=0.01, isPercentError=FALSE,
GStoGenes=gs,
numPatterns=3,
SAIter = 2*nIter, iter = nIter,
outputDir='GSResults', plot=TRUE)
```

## End(Not run)

computeGeneGSProb CoGAPS gene membership statistic

#### Description

Computes the p-value for gene set membership using the CoGAPS-based statistics developed in Fertig et al. (2012). This statistic refines set membership for each candidate gene in a set specified in GSGenes by comparing the inferred activity of that gene to the average activity of the set. Specifically, we compute the following summary statistic for each gene g that is a candidate member of gene set G:

$$S_{g,G} = \left(\sum_{p} -\log(Pr_{G,p})Pw[p](A_{gp}/\sigma_{gp})\right) / \sum_{p} -\log(Pr_{G,p})Pw[p],$$

where p indexes each of the patterns,  $Pr_{G,p}$  is the probability that gene set G is upregulated computed with calcCoGAPSStat,  $A_{gp}$  is the mean amplitude matrix from the GAPS matrix factorization, Pw[p] is a prior weighting for each pattern based upon the context to which that pattern relates, and  $\sigma_{gp}$  is the standard deviation of the amplitude matrix. P-values are formulated from a permutation test comparing the value of  $S_{g,G}$  for genes in GSGenes relative to the value of  $S_{g,G}$  numPerm random gene sets with the same number of targets.

#### Usage

computeGeneGSProb(Amean, Asd, GSGenes, Pw=rep(1,ncol(Amean)),numPerm=500,PwNull=F)

#### Arguments

Amean	Sampled mean value of the amplitude matrix <b>A</b> . row.names(Amean) must correspond to the gene names contained in GStoGenes.
Asd	Sampled standard deviation of the amplitude matrix A.
GSGenes	Vector containing the prior estimate of members of the gene set of interest.

Pw	Vector containing the weight to assign each pattern in the gene statistic assumed to be computed from the association of the pattern with samples in a given context (optional: default=1 giving all patterns equal weight).
numPerm	Number of permuations used for the null distribution in the gene set statistic. (optional; default=500)
PwNull	Logical value. If TRUE, use pattern weighting in Pw when computing the null distribution for the statistic. If FALSE, do not use the pattern weighting so that the null is context independent. (optional; default=F)

#### Value

A vector of length GSGenes containing the p-values of set membership for each gene containined in the set specified in GSGenes.

## Author(s)

Elana J. Fertig <ejfertig@jhmi.edu>

## References

E.J. Fertig, A.V. Favorov, and M.F. Ochs (2013) Identifying context-specific transcription factor targets from prior knowledge and gene expression data. 2012 IEEE Nanobiosciences.

#### See Also

calcCoGAPSStat

## Examples

```
## Not run:
*****
# Simulated data in Fertig et al. (2012) #
*****
## Load data
data(TFSimData)
## Run the CoGAPS matrix decomposition
nIter <- 5e+07
results <- GAPS(data=TFGeneReg$D,</pre>
              unc=0.1*pmax(TFGeneReg$M,1),
              isPercentError=FALSE,
              numPatterns=4,
              SAIter = 2*nIter, iter = nIter,
              outputDir='GSResults')
# compute the probablity of membership of each gene in each set
TFtargets <- lapply(TFGeneReg$TFGeneReg,names)</pre>
TFGenesP <- lapply(TFtargets, function(x){</pre>
  computeGeneGSProb(Amean=results$Amean, Asd=results$Asd, GSGenes=x)
```

DGS

})

```
*****
# Results for GIST data in Fertig et al. (2012) #
****
# load the data
data('GIST_TS_20084')
data('TFGSList')
# define transcription factors of interest based on Ochs et al. (2009)
TFs <- c("c.Jun", 'NF.kappaB', 'Smad4', "STAT3", "Elk.1", "c.Myc", "E2F.1",</pre>
        "AP.1", "CREB", "FOXO", "p53", "Sp1")
# run the GAPS matrix factorization
nIter <- 5e7
GISTResults <- GAPS(data=GIST.D, unc=GIST.S,
                  numPatterns=5, outputDir = 'GISTGSCoGAPS',
                  isPercentError=F, SAIter=2*nIter, iter=nIter)
# set membership statistics
permTFStats <- list()</pre>
for (tf in TFs) {
    genes <- levels(tf2ugFC[,tf])</pre>
    genes <- genes[2:length(genes)]</pre>
    permTFStats[[tf]] <- computeGeneTFProb(Amean = GISTResults$Amean,</pre>
                                         Asd = GistResults$Asd, genes)
}
## End(Not run)
```

DGS

Simulated gene expresssion data.

#### Description

Gene expression data simulated from 3 known true patterns (PGS) with activity in two gene sets (gs) specified in the simulated amplitude (AGS).

#### Usage

DGS

## Format

Matrix of 30 rows by 25 columns of simulated expression measurements.

## Description

Decomposes microarray data into underlying patterns and corresponding amplitude.

## Usage

```
GAPS(data, unc, outputDir, outputBase="", sep="\t", isPercentError=FALSE,
    numPatterns, MaxAtomsA=2^32, alphaA=0.01, MaxAtomsP=2^32, alphaP=0.01,
    SAIter=1000000000, iter = 500000000, thin=-1, verbose=TRUE,
    keepChain=FALSE)
```

## Arguments

data	The matrix of m genes by n arrays of expression data. The input can be either the data matrix itself or the file containing this data. If the latter, GAPS will read in the data using read.table(data, sep=sep, header=T, row.names=1).
unc	The matrix of m genes by n arrays of uncertainty (standard deviation) for the expression data. The input can be either a file containing the uncertainty (using the format from data), a matrix containing the uncertainty, or a constant value. If unc is a constant value, it can represent either a constant uncertainty or a constant percentage of the values in data as determined by isPercentError.
numPatterns	Number of patterns into which the data will be decomposed. Must be less than the number of genes and number of arrays in the data.
outputDir	Directory to which to output result and diagnostic files created by GAPS. (Use "" to output results to the current directory).
outputBase	Prefix for all result and diagnostic files created by GAPS (optional; default="")
sep	Text delimiter for tables in data and unc (if specified in file) and any output tables (optional; default="\t")
isPercentError	Boolean indicating whether constant value in unc is the value of the uncertainty or the percentage of the data that is the uncertainty.
MaxAtomsA	Maximum number of atoms in the atomic domain used for the prior of the amplitude matrix in the decomposition (see Sibisi and Skilling, 1997). The default value will typically be sufficient for most applications (optional; default=\$2^32\$).
alphaA	Sparsity parameter reflecting the expected number of atoms per element of the amplitude matrix in the decomposition. To enforce sparsity, this parameter should typically be less than one. (optional; default=0.01)
MaxAtomsP	Maximum number of atoms in the atomic domain used for the prior of the pat- tern matrix in the decomposition (see Sibisi and Skilling, 1997). The default value will typically be sufficient for most applications (optional; default=\$2^32\$).

## GAPS

alphaP	Sparsity parameter reflecting the expected number of atoms per element of the pattern matrix in the decomposition. To enforce sparsity, this parameter should typically be less than one. (optional; default=0.01)
SAIter	Number of burn-in iterations for the MCMC matrix decomposition (optional; default=1000000000)
iter	Number of iterations to represent the distribution of amplitude and pattern ma- trices with the MCMC matrix decomposition (optional; default=500000000)
thin	Double whose integer part represents the number of iterations at which the samples are kept and decimal part provides an identifier for the output files from this implementation of GAPS. If thin is an integer or not specified, this decimal file identifier is assigned randomly. (optional; default=-1; code assigns number of iterations kept to be iter/10000 and file identifier to be runif(1))
verbose	Boolean which specifies the amount of output to the user about the progress of the program. (optional; default=TRUE)
keepChain	Boolean which specifies if chain values of $A$ and $P$ are saved in outputDir (optional; default=FALSE).

## Details

The decomposition in GAPS is achieved by finding amplitude and pattern matrices (A and P, respectively) for which

 $\mathbf{D} = \mathbf{A}\mathbf{P} + \boldsymbol{\Sigma}$ 

, where  $\Sigma$  is the matrix of uncertainties given by unc. The matrices A and P are assumed to have the atomic prior described in Sibisi and Skilling (1997) and are found with MCMC sampling implemented within JAGS.

#### Value

A list containing:

D	Microarray data matrix.
Sigma	Data matrix with uncertainty of D.
Amean	Sampled mean value of the amplitude matrix A.
Asd	Sampled standard deviation of the amplitude matrix A.
Pmean	Sampled mean value of the pattern matrix <b>P</b> .
Psd	Sampled standard deviation of the pattern matrix <b>P</b> .
meanMock	Mock data obtained from matrix decomposition for sampled mean values (= Amean $\%*\%$ Pmean).
meanChi2	$\chi^2$ value for the sampled mean values (Amean and Pmean) of the matrix decomposition.

## Note

Running GAPS will create the folder ouptutDir, create diagnostic files with  $\chi^2$  and number of atoms, files with the mean and standard deviation of A and P, and optionally values of A and P from the MCMC chain.

#### Author(s)

Elana J. Fertig <ejfertig@jhmi.edu>

#### References

M. Plummer. (2003) JAGS: A program for analysis of Bayesian graphical models using Gibbs sampling. In K. Hornik, F. Leisch, and A. Zeileis, editors, Proceedings of the Third International Workshop on Distributed Statistical Computing, Vienna, Austria.

S. Sibisi and J. Skilling. (1997) Prior distributions on measure space. Journal of the Royal Statistical Society, B, 59:217-235.

#### See Also

CoGAPS

#### Examples

## End(Not run)

GIST.D

Sample GIST gene expression data from Ochs et al. (2009).

#### Description

Gene expression data from gastrointestinal stromal tumor cell lines treated with Gleevec.

## Usage

```
GIST_TS_20084
```

## Format

Matrix with 1363 genes by 9 samples of mean gene expression data.

#### GIST.S

## References

Ochs, M., Rink, L., Tarn, C., Mburu, S., Taguchi, T., Eisenberg, B., and Godwin, A. (2009). Detection of treatment-induced changes in signaling pathways in gastrointestinal stromal tumors using transcriptomic data. Cancer Res, 69(23), 9125-9132.

GIST.S

Sample GIST gene expression data from Ochs et al. (2009).

## Description

Standard deviation of gene expression data from gastrointestinal stromal tumor cell lines treated with Gleevec.

#### Usage

GIST\_TS\_20084

#### Format

Matrix with 1363 genes by 9 samples containing standard deviation (GIST.S) of the gene expression data.

## References

Ochs, M., Rink, L., Tarn, C., Mburu, S., Taguchi, T., Eisenberg, B., and Godwin, A. (2009). Detection of treatment-induced changes in signaling pathways in gastrointestinal stromal tumors using transcriptomic data. Cancer Res, 69(23), 9125-9132.

gs

Simulated gene sets.

## Description

Simulated gene sets.

#### Usage

gs

## Format

List containing simulated genes regulated in "gs1" and "gs2".

ModSim.D

## Description

Gene expression data simulated from 3 known true patterns (ModSim.P.true).

## Usage

ModSim

## Format

Matrix of 25 rows by 20 columns of simulated expression measurements.

ModSim.P.true *Simulated gene expresssion data*.

## Description

Known true patterns used to simulate gene expression data (ModSim.D).

#### Usage

ModSim

#### Format

Matrix of 3 rows by 20 columns containing true patterns used to simulate gene expression data.

PGS

Simulated pattern matrix.

## Description

Simulated true patterns for gene expression with activity in two gene sets (gs).

## Usage

PGS

## Format

Matrix of 3 rows by 25 columns containing simulated patterns.

plotGAPS

## Description

Plots the A and P matrices obtained from the GAPS matrix decomposition.

#### Usage

```
plotGAPS(A, P, outputPDF="")
```

## Arguments

A	The amplitude matrix A obtained from GAPS.
Р	The pattern matrix <b>P</b> obtained from GAPS.
outputPDF	Name of an pdf file to which the results will be output. (Optional; default="" will output plots to screen).

## Note

If the plot option is true in CoGAPS, this function will be called automatically to plot results to the screen.

#### Author(s)

Elana J. Fertig <efertig@jhmi.edu>

#### See Also

CoGAPS

plotSmoothPatterns Plot loess smoothed CoGAPS patterns

## Description

Plots the sampled mean value of the pattern matrix  $\mathbf{P}$  obtained from the CoGAPS matrix factorization vs. a specificed X value for each sample in the columns of  $\mathbf{P}$ . Lines plot loess normalized values of  $\mathbf{P}$  vs specified X variables.

## Usage

plotSmoothPatterns(P, x=NULL, breaks=NULL, breakStyle=T, orderP=!all(is.null(x)), plotPTS=F, pointCo

## Arguments

Р	A [p, M] pattern matrix (P.mean) obtained from the CoGAPS matrix factorization.
x	A [M, 1] matrix of values for the X axis for each of the corresponding M columns of P. (Optional: Default: $x=1:M$ )
breaks	A vector of X values at which breaks in plotting should occur. Loess lines fit to data will start and stop at breaks. (Optional: Default: no breaks). May also be specified as an integer to determine the number of equal groups into which to divide the data.
breakStyle	A logical vector. If TRUE, the corresponding break will start a new plot on the row for each pattern. If FALSE, a vertical line will demarcate the break point. (Optional: Defaults to all hard breaks). Note, if one logical value is used, that value will determine the break type at each break point.
orderP	A logical value. If TRUE, vertical ordering of patterns will be determined in order of the value of x at which they peak. If FALSE, vertical ordering will be determined by the rows in the P matrix. (Optional: Default: FALSE)
plotPTS	A logical value. If TRUE, plot will include points for each value of the P matrix in addition to the loess smoothed curve. If FALSE, only the loess smoothed values of P will be plotted. (Optional: Default: FALSE)
pointCol	Color of points of the P matrix plotted when plotPTS=TRUE. (Optional: Default: black)
lineCol	Color of loess smoothed values of the P matrix. (Optional: Default: grey)
add	A logical value. If TRUE, plot will be added to existing graphics device. If FALSE, will create a new graphics device. (Optional: Default: FALSE)
	Additional arguments to plotting functions.

#### Author(s)

Genevieve Stein-O'Brien <gsteino1@jhmi.edu>

## See Also

CoGAPS

## Examples

```
## Not run:
# create simulated data
P <- rbind(1:10 + rnorm(10), seq(from=10,to=1) + rnorm(10))
# saved as PDF since figure margins are often too large for the null device with this function
# and the null device may also have trouble with the overlay
pdf('Test.pdf', width=10)
plotSmoothPatterns(P=P, x=rep(seq(from=1,to=10,by=2),each=2), breaks=3, breakStyle=c(F,T,T), plotPTS=T)
```

# demonstrating the overlay of the plot

## ReadCoGAPSResults

plotSmoothPatterns(P=P, x=rep(seq(from=1,to=10,by=2),each=2), breaks=c(0.992,3.660,6.340,9.010), breakStyle=c( dev.off()

## End(Not run)

ReadCoGAPSResults Parse results saved to output folder after CoGAPS simulations

## Description

Read all instances of CoGAPS simulations in a specified directory.

## Usage

ReadCoGAPSResults(path=getwd(), output.list=TRUE)

## Arguments

path	Directory containing all results from the CoGAPS simulation (optional; defaults to current working directory).
output.list	Boolean specifying whether each simulation should be output as a list element or as rows/columns appended to the appropriate matrices (optional; defaults to list output).

## Value

A list containing:

A.mean	Mean amplitude matrix of each simulation as a list (output.list=T) or a matrix (output.list=F).
A.sd	Standard deviation of the amplitude matrix of each simulation as a list (out-put.list=T) or a matrix (output.list=F).
P.mean	Mean pattern matrix of each simulation as a list (output.list=T) or a matrix (output.list=F).
P.sd	Standard deviation of the pattern matrix of each simulation as a list (output.list=T) or a matrix (output.list=F).
М	Mock data (noise filtered data) for each simulation generated from A.mean %*% P.mean for each simulation as a list (output.list=T) or a matrix (output.list=F).

reorderByPatternMatch Match two sets of patterns found with CoGAPS

#### Description

Matches two sets of pattern matrices (of the same size) found with CoGAPS. Matches are identified by finding identifying subsequently decreasing correlations between patterns in the respective matrices.

## Usage

```
reorderByPatternMatch(P, matchTo)
```

#### Arguments

Р	Pattern matrix for which rows will be arranged to match the matrix in matchTo
matchTo	Pattern matrix to which P is matched.

#### Value

Pattern matrix derived from reordering columns of P

tf2ugFC

Gene sets defined by transcription factors defined from TRANSFAC.

#### Description

List of genes contained in gastrointestinal stromal tumor cell line measurements that are regulated by transcription factors in the TRANSFAC database. Used for the gene set analysis in Ochs et al. (2009).

#### Usage

TFGSList

## Format

Data.frame containing genes (rows) regulated by each transcription factor (columns).

## References

Ochs, M., Rink, L., Tarn, C., Mburu, S., Taguchi, T., Eisenberg, B., and Godwin, A. (2009). Detection of treatment-induced changes in signaling pathways in gastrointestinal stromal tumors using transcriptomic data. Cancer Res, 69(23), 9125-9132.

TFGeneReg

#### Description

Simulated data and components used to generate it resulting from the differential activity of four simulated gene sets (TFGeneReg\$TFGeneReg) in different samples (TFGeneReg\$P).

#### Usage

TFGeneReg

#### Format

A list containing: A: Matrix of 100 rows and 4 columns representing the simulated amplitude matrix for activity of each of the four simulated gene sets in each pattern. D: Matrix of 100 rows and 20 columns containing simulated data generated with M + 0.1\*pmax(TFGeneReg\$M,1)\*matrix(rnorm(length(TFGeneReg\$M) M: Matrix of 100 rows and 20 columns containing noise-free simulated data generated with TFGeneReg\$A %\*% TFGeneReg\$P. P: Matrix of 4 columns and 20 columns representing relative activity of each of the four gene sets in TFGeneReg\$TFGeneReg in each of the 20 samples. TFGeneReg: List containing genes and relative activity for each of four gene sets used to formulate the amplitude matrix TFGeneReg\$A.

### References

EJ Fertig, AV Favorov, and Ochs MF (2012) Identifying context-specific transcription factor targets from prior knowledge and gene expression data. 2012 IEEE International Conference on Bioinformatics and Biomedicine.

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