## Package 'methInheritSim'

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```
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methInheritSim-package

methInheritSim: Simulating Whole-Genome Inherited Bisulphite Sequencing Data

## Description

This package generates simulations of multigeneration of bisulfite data using a real control dataset.

## Author(s)

Pascal Belleau, Astrid Deschênes and Arnaud Droit

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## See Also

• runSim for simulating a multigeneration methylation experiment with inheritance

calculateNbDiffCase

Calculate the number of differentially methylated cases.

## **Description**

Identify the number of differentially methylated cases.

## Usage

```
calculateNbDiffCase(nbCase, propDiff, propDiffSd)
```

## **Arguments**

nbCase a positive integer, the number of cases.

propDiff a double superior to 0 and inferior or equal to 1, the mean value for the propor-

tion of samples that will have, for a specific position, differentially methylated

values. It can be interpreted as the penetrance.

propDiffSd a non-negative double, the standard deviation associated to the propDiff

#### Value

a integer, the number of differentially methylated cases.

## Author(s)

Pascal Belleau, Astrid Deschenes

```
## Fix seed to have reproducible results
set.seed(3122)
## Obtained the number of differential cases
methInheritSim:::calculateNbDiffCase(nbCase = 8,
    propDiff = 0.8, propDiffSd = 0.2)
```

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createSampleID

Generate the samples ID for the simulated dataset.

## **Description**

Generate the samples ID for the simulated dataset. The standard format of the samples ID is: "F[Number for the generation]\_[Number for the sample] \_[OC for case or C for control]"

## Usage

```
createSampleID(nbGeneration, nbSample)
```

#### **Arguments**

nbGeneration a positive integer, the number of generations simulated.

nbSample a positive integer, the number of controls (CTRL) and cases in the simulated

dataset.

#### Value

a list containing a list of sample ID for each generation.

#### Author(s)

Pascal Belleau, Astrid Deschenes

## **Examples**

```
## Create sample ID
methInheritSim:::createSampleID(nbGeneration = 3, nbSample = 6)
```

 ${\tt dataSimExample}$ 

A list containing methylation information used by some internal functions (for demo purpose.

## Description

A list containing methylation information used by some internal functions (for demo purpose.

## Usage

```
data(dataSimExample)
```

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#### **Format**

a list containing:

• stateInfo a GRanges, a synthetic chromosome as generated by getSyntheticChr function.

- stateDiff a list containing:
  - stateDiff a vector of integer (0 and 1) with length corresponding the length of stateInfo. The vector indicates, using 1, the positions where the CpG sites are differentially methylated.
  - stateInherite a vector of integer (0 and 1) with length corresponding the length of stateInfo. The vector indicates, using 1, the positions where the CpG values are inherited.
- treatment a vector of integer (0 and 1) with length corresponding the number of samples. The vector indicates which samples are control (0) which samples are case (1).
- sample.id a list of 3 list. Each entry of the list correspond to one generation (first entry = first generation, etc..). Each list contains a list of 12 entries each containing a string of character, the name of the sample.

#### Value

a list containing:

- stateInfo a GRanges, a synthetic chromosome as generated by getSyntheticChr function.
- stateDiff a list containing:
  - stateDiff a vector of integer (0 and 1) with length corresponding the length of stateInfo. The vector indicates, using 1, the positions where the CpG sites are differentially methylated.
  - stateInherite a vector of integer (0 and 1) with length corresponding the length of stateInfo. The vector indicates, using 1, the positions where the CpG values are inherited.
- treatment a vector of integer (0 and 1) with length corresponding the number of samples. The vector indicates which samples are control (0) which samples are case (1).
- sample.id a list of 3 list. Each entry of the list correspond to one generation (first entry = first generation, etc..). Each list contains a list of 12 entries each containing a string of character, the name of the sample.

#### See Also

• runSim for running a simulation analysis using methylKit info as input

```
## Loading dataset
data(dataSimExample)

## Identify differentially methylated sites and among those, the ones
## that are inherited
methInheritSim:::getDiffMeth(stateInfo = dataSimExample$stateInfo,
```

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```
rateDiff = 0.2, minRate = 0.3,propInherite = 0.3)
```

estBetaAlpha

Estimate the alpha parameter of a Beta distribution

## Description

Estimate the alpha parameter from the mean and the variance of a Beta distribution.

## Usage

```
estBetaAlpha(meanCtrl, varCtrl, minVal = 1e-06)
```

## Arguments

meanCtrl a double, the mean of the controls (CTRL) at a specific CpG site.

varCtrl a double, the variance of the controls (CTRL) at a specific CpG site.

minVal a double, the minimum value accepted for the mean value. If meanCtrl is

smaller than minVal, then minVal is used in the calculation of the alpha param-

eter. Default: 1e-06.

#### Value

a double, the alpha parameter of a Beta distribution.

## Author(s)

Pascal Belleau, Astrid Deschenes

```
## Estimate alpha parameters with mean = 0.5 and variance = 0.1
methInheritSim:::estBetaAlpha(meanCtrl = 0.5, varCtrl = 0.1)
```

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estBetaBeta	Estimate the beta parameter of a beta distribution	

## **Description**

Estimate the beta parameter from the mean and the variance of a beta distribution.

#### Usage

```
estBetaBeta(meanCtrl, varCtrl, minVal = 1e-06)
```

## Arguments

meanCtrl a double, the mean of the controls (CTRL) at a specific CpG site.

varCtrl a double, the variance of the controls (CTRL) at a specific CpG site.

minVal a double, the minimum value accepted for the mean value. If meanCtrl is

smaller than minVal, then minVal is used in the calculation of the beta paramter.

Default: 1e-06.

#### Value

a double, the beta parameter of a Beta distribution.

## Author(s)

Pascal Belleau, Astrid Deschenes

## **Examples**

```
## Estimate beta parameters with mean = 0.5, variance = 0.1
methInheritSim:::estBetaBeta(meanCtrl=0.5, varCtrl=0.1)
```

fixSeed

Fix seed value.

## Description

Fix seed value when specified value is -1.

## Usage

fixSeed(vSeed)

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## **Arguments**

vSeed a integer, a seed used when reproducible results are needed. When a value

inferior or equal to zero is given, a random integer is used.

#### Value

a double, the seed value.

## Author(s)

Pascal Belleau, Astrid Deschenes

## **Examples**

```
## Return vSeed value when value is not -1
methInheritSim:::fixSeed(vSeed = 10)

## Return new value when value is -1
methInheritSim:::fixSeed(vSeed = -1)
```

getDiffCase

Get the C/T proportion at a selected site, differentially methylated or not, for all cases

## Description

Simulate the proportion of C/T for each case at a selected site, differentially methylated or not.

## Usage

```
getDiffCase(ctrlMean, ctrlVar, selectedAsDM, nbCase, sDiff, nbDiffCase)
```

## **Arguments**

ctrlMean a double, the mean of the CTRL at the site.
ctrlVar a double, the variance of the CTRL at the site.

selectedAsDM a integer, 1 if the site is selected as differentially methylated, otherwise 0.

nbCase a integer, the number of cases.

sDiff a non-negative double included in [0,1], the proportion of C/T for a case differ-

entially methylated that follows a beta distribution where the mean is shifted of

vDiff from the CTRL distribution.

nbDiffCase an integer, the number of cases differentially methylated.

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#### Value

a vector containing 3 + nbCase entries of type double:

- The mean proportion of C/T of the differentially methylated cases
- The number of cases simulated using shifted distribution
- The number of cases simulated using the control distribution
- The proportion of C/T for each case

#### Author(s)

Pascal Belleau, Astrid Deschenes

#### **Examples**

```
## Fix seed to obtain replicable results
set.seed(2010)

## Get the proportion of C/T for each case at a specific site.
methInheritSim:::getDiffCase(ctrlMean = 0.9814562, ctrlVar =
0.0003607153, selectedAsDM = 0, nbCase=6, sDiff = 0.8,
nbDiffCase = round(6 * 0.9))
```

getDiffMeth

Identify differentially methylated sites and among those, the ones that are inherited.

## Description

Identify the site positions where the cases are differentially methylated and, among those, the one that are inherited.

## Usage

```
getDiffMeth(stateInfo, rateDiff, minRate, propInherite, c = 1, b = -0.1,
  endLength = 1000)
```

## **Arguments**

stateInfo

a GRanges that contains the CpG (or methylated sites). The GRanges have four metadata from the real dataset:

- chrOri, the chromosome from the real dataset
- startOri, the position of the site in the real dataset
- meanCTRL, the mean of the control in the real dataset
- varCTRL, the variance of the control in the real dataset

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rateDiff	a positive double inferior to 1, the mean of the chance that a site is differentially methylated.
minRate	a non-negative double inferior to 1, the minimum rate for differentially methylated sites.
propInherite	a non-negative double inferior or equal to 1, the proportion of differentially methylated regions that are inherated.
c	a positive double, a factor in the formula to compute the probabylity of site to be diffentially methylated in a differentially methylated region. The probability formula of site in differentially methylated region is $c * \exp(b * \log(distance with the preceding sites))$ Default: 1.0.
b	a negative double, a factor in the formula to compute the probabylity of site to be diffentially methylated in a differentially methylated region. The probability formula of site in differentially methylated region is $c * \exp(b * \log(distance with the preceding sites))$ . Default: $-1e-01$ .
endLength	a positive integer, when the distance with the preceding sites in a differentially methylated region is larger than endLength, the differentially methylated region is finished. Default: 1000.

#### Value

a list containing the 2 following elements:

- stateDiff a vector of integer (0 and 1) with length corresponding the length of stateInfo. The vector indicates, using 1, the positions where the CpG sites are differentially methylated.
- stateInherite a vector of integer (0 and 1) with length corresponding the length of stateInfo. The vector indicates, using 1, the positions where the CpG values are inherited.

#### Author(s)

Pascal Belleau, Astrid Deschenes

```
## Load dataset containing a list of objects used by
## methInheritSim internal functions
data(dataSimExample)

## Identify differentially methylated sites and among those, the ones
## that are inherited
methInheritSim:::getDiffMeth(stateInfo =
    dataSimExample$stateInfo, rateDiff = 0.3, minRate = 0.3,
    propInherite = 0.3)
```

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getSim	Simulate the proportion of C/T at each site of synthetic CHR for each control and case

## Description

For each control and case, generate the proportion of C/T at each of the synthetic CHR.

## Usage

```
getSim(nbCtrl, nbCase, generation, stateInfo, stateDiff, stateInherite,
  diffValue, propDiff, propDiffsd, propInheritance, propHetero)
```

## **Arguments**

nbCtrl	a positive integer, the number of controls.
nbCase	a positive integer, the number of cases.
generation	a positive integer, the number of generations.
stateInfo	a GRanges object, the synthetic chromosome generated by getSyntheticChr function.
stateDiff	a vector of integer (0 and 1) with length corresponding the length of stateInfo. The vector indicates, using a 1, the positions where the CpG sites are differentially methylated.
stateInherite	a vector of integer (0 and 1) with length corresponding the length of stateInfo. The vector indicates, using a 1, the positions where the CpG values are inherited.
diffValue	a non-negative double between between [0,1], the proportion of C/T for a case differentially methylated following a beta distribution where the mean is shifted of diffValue from the CTRL distribution.
propDiff	a double superior to 0 and inferior or equal to 1, the mean value for the proportion of samples that will have, for a specific position, differentially methylated values. It can be interpreted as the penetrance.
propDiffsd	a non-negative double, the standard deviation associated to the propDiff.
propInheritance	
	a non-negative double between [0,1], the proportion of case that inherite differentially methylated sites.
propHetero	a non-negative double between [0,1], the reduction of vDiff for the second and following generations.

## Value

a GRangesList, the object contains information about the simulation. The file have four metadata related to the real dataset:

• meanDiff, the means of the shifted distribution.

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- meanCTRL, the means of the control distribution.
- partitionCase, the number of cases simulated using the shifted distribution.
- partitionCtrl, the number of cases simulated using the control distribution and a metadata for each cases and controls the proportion of C/T.

## Author(s)

Pascal Belleau, Astrid Deschenes

## **Examples**

```
## Fix seed to have reproducible results
set.seed(312)
## Load dataset
data("samplesForChrSynthetic")
## Generate a stateInfo object using samples
stateInformation <- methInheritSim:::getSyntheticChr(methInfo =</pre>
    samplesForChrSynthetic, nbBlock = 1, nbCpG = 3)
## Generate a stateDiff and stateInherite objects with length corresponding
## to nbBlock * nbCpG from stateInformation
stateDiff <-c(1, 0, 1)
stateInherite <- c(1, 0, 0)
## Create a simulation using stateInformation, stateDiff and stateInherite
methInheritSim:::getSim(nbCtrl = 3, nbCase = 2, generation = 3,
    stateInfo = stateInformation, stateDiff = stateDiff,
   stateInherite = stateInherite, diffValue = 10,
   propDiff = 0.8, propDiffsd = 0.2, propInheritance = 0.8,
   propHetero = 0.1)
```

getSyntheticChr

Create a synthetic chromosome with the CTRL genome

## **Description**

Create a synthetic chromosome with the sampling of a specified number of blocks and a specified number of consecutive CpG.

## Usage

```
getSyntheticChr(methInfo, nbBlock, nbCpG)
```

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## Arguments

methInfo is object of class methylBase, the CpG information from controls (CTRL) that

will be used to create the sythetic chromosome. The object can also contain

information from cases but only the controls will be used.

nbBlock a positive integer, the number of blocks used for sampling.

nbCpG a integer, the number of consecutive CpG positions used for sampling from

methInfo.

#### Value

a GRanges object, the synthetic chromosome.

#### Author(s)

Pascal Belleau

## **Examples**

```
## Load methyl information
data(samplesForChrSynthetic)
## Ensure results are reproducible
set.seed(32)
## Create synthetic chromosome
methInheritSim:::getSyntheticChr(methInfo = samplesForChrSynthetic,
nbBlock = 10, nbCpG = 20)
```

run0nEachSynCHR

Simulate a multigeneration methylation experiment with inheritance on each synthetic chromosome.

## Description

Simulate a multigeneration methylation case versus control experiment with inheritance relation using a real control dataset.

## Usage

```
runOnEachSynCHR(methData, nbSynCHR, nbSimulation, nbBlock, nbCpG, nbGeneration,
  vNbSample, vpDiff, vpDiffsd, vDiff, vInheritance, rateDiff, minRate,
  propInherite, propHetero, keepDiff, outputDir, fileID, minReads, maxPercReads,
  meanCov, context, assembly, saveGRanges, saveMethylKit, runAnalysis, nbCores,
  vSeed)
```

#### **Arguments**

methData an object of class methylBase, the CpG information from controls (CTRL) that

will be used to create the synthetic chromosome. The methData object can also

contain information from cases but only the controls are used.

nbSynCHR a positive integer, the number of distinct synthetic chromosomes that will be

generated.

nbSimulation a positive integer, the number of simulations generated for each parameter

(vNbSample, vpDiff, vDiff and vInheritance). The total number of simula-

tion is nbSimulation \* length(vNbSample) \* length(vpDiff) \* length(vInheritance))

nbBlock a positive integer, the number of blocks used for sampling.

nbCpG a positive integer, the number of consecutive CpG positions used for sampling

from methInfo.

nbGeneration a positive integer, the number of generations simulated.

vNbSample a vector of distinct positive integer, the number of controls (CTRL) and cases

in the simulated dataset. In the simulated dataset, the number of CTRL equals the number of cases. The number of CTRL do not need to be equal to the number

of Case in the real methData dataset.

vpDiff a vector of distinct double superior to 0 and inferior or equal to 1, the mean

value for the proportion of samples that will have, for a specific position, differentially methylated values. It can be interpreted as the penetrance. Note that

vpDiff and vpDiffsd must be the same length.

vpDiffsd a vector of a non-negative double, the standard deviation associated to the

vpDiff. Note that vpDiff and vpDiffsd must be the same length.

vDiff a vector of distinct non-negative double included in [0,1], the proportion of

C/T for a case differentially methylated that follows a beta distribution where

the mean is shifted by vDiff from the CTRL distribution.

vInheritance a vector of distinct non-negative double included in [0,1], the proportion of

cases that inherits differentially methylated sites.

rateDiff a positive double inferior to 1, the mean of the chance that a site is differentially

methylated.

minRate a non-negative double inferior to 1, the minimum rate for differentially methy-

lated sites.

propInherite a non-negative double inferior or equal to 1, the proportion of differentially

methylated regions that are inherated.

propHetero a non-negative double between [0,1], the reduction of vDiff for the second and

following generations.

keepDiff a logical, when TRUE, the differentially methylated sites will be the same for all

simulated datasets. Datasets generated using differents parameter values from vector parameters (vpDiff, vDiff and vInheritance) wil all have the same

differentially methylated sites.

outputDir a string of character or NULL, the path where the files created by the function

will be saved. When NULL, the files are saved in a directory called "outputDir"

that is located in the current directory.

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fileID

a string of character, a identifiant that will be included in each output file name. Each output file name is composed of those elements, separated by "\_":

- a type name, ex: methylGR, methylObj, etc..
- a fileID
- the chromosome number, a number between 1 and nbSynCHR
- the number of samples, a number in the vNbSample vector
- the mean proportion of samples that has, for a specific position, differentially methylated values, a number in the vpDiff vector
- the proportion of C/T for a case differentially methylated that follows a shifted beta distribution, a number in the vDiff vector
- the proportion of cases that inherits differentially sites, a number in the vInheritance vector
- the identifiant for the simulation, a number between 1 and nbSimulation
- the file extension ".rds"

minReads

a positive integer, sites and regions having lower coverage than this count are discarded. The parameter corresponds to the lo.count parameter in the methylKit package.

maxPercReads

a double between [0,100], the percentile of read counts that is going to be used as upper cutoff. Sites and regions having higher coverage than maxPercReads are discarded. This parameter is used for both CpG sites and tiles analysis. The parameter correspond to the hi.perc parameter in the methylKit package.

meanCov

a positive integer, the mean of the coverage at the simulated CpG sites.

context

a string of character, the short description of the methylation context, such as "CpG", "CpH", "CHH", etc..

assembly

a string of character, the short description of the genome assembly, such as "mm9", "hg18", etc..

saveGRanges

a logical, when true, the package save two files type. The first generate for each simulation contains a list. The length of the list corresponds to the number of generation. The generation are stored in order (first entry = first generation, second entry = second generation, etc..). All samples related to one generations are contained in a GRangesList. The GRangeaList store a list of GRanges. Each GRanges stores the raw mehylation data of one sample. The second file a numeric vector denoting controls and cases (a file is generates by entry in the vector parameters vNbSample).

saveMethylKit

a logical, when TRUE, for each simulations save a file contains a list. The length of the list corresponds to the number of generation. The generation are stored in order (first entry = first generation, second entry = second generation, etc..). All samples related to one generations are contained in a S4 methylRawList object. The methylRawList object contains two Slots: 1. treatment: A numeric vector denoting controls and cases. 2. .Data: A list of methylRaw objects. Each object stores the raw methylation data of one sample.

runAnalysis

a logical, if TRUE, two files are saved for each simulation:

• 1. The first file is the methylObj... file formated with the methylkit package in a S4 methylBase object (using the methylKit functions: filterByCoverage, normalizeCoverage and unite).

• 2. The second file contains a S4 calculateDiffMeth object generated using the methylKit functions calculateDiffMeth on the first file.

nbCores a positive integer, the number of cores used when creating the simulated datasets.

Default: 1 and always 1 for Windows.

vSeed a integer, a seed used when reproducible results are needed. When a value

inferior or equal to zero is given, a random integer is used. .

#### Value

0 indicating that the function have been successful.

#### Author(s)

Pascal Belleau, Astrid Deschenes

```
## Load dataset containing methyl information
data(samplesForChrSynthetic)
## Set the output directory where files will be created
temp_dir <- "test_runOnEachSynCHR"</pre>
## Create directory
if(!dir.exists(temp_dir)) {
    dir.create(temp_dir, showWarnings = TRUE)
## Create 2 simulated dataset (nbSimulation = 2)
## over 3 generations (nbGenration = 3) with
## 6 cases and 6 controls (nNbsample = 6) using only one set
## of parameters (vpDiff = 0.9, vpDiffsd = 0.1, vDiff = 0.8)
methInheritSim:::runOnEachSynCHR(methData = samplesForChrSynthetic,
   nbSynCHR = 1, nbSimulation = 2, nbBlock = 10, nbCpG = 20,
   nbGeneration = 3, vNbSample = c(6), vpDiff = c(0.9), vpDiffsd = c(0.1),
   vDiff = c(0.8), vInheritance = c(0.5), propInherite = 0.3,
    rateDiff = 0.3, minRate = 0.2, propHetero = 0.5, keepDiff = FALSE,
    outputDir = temp_dir, fileID = "F1", minReads = 10,
   maxPercReads = 99.9, meanCov = 80, context = "CpG", assembly="Rnor_5.0",
   saveGRanges = FALSE, saveMethylKit = FALSE,
    runAnalysis = FALSE, nbCores = 1, vSeed = 32)
## Delete the output directory and its content
if (dir.exists(temp_dir)) {
    unlink(temp_dir, recursive = TRUE, force = FALSE)
}
```

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runSim	Simulate a multigeneration methylation experiment with inheritance
	Similare a managementation membranes experiment with internatione

## **Description**

Simulate a multigeneration methylation case versus control experiment with inheritance relation using a real control dataset.

The simulation can be parametrized to fit different models. The number of cases and controls, the proportion of the case affected by the treatment (penetrance), the effect of the treatment on the mean of the distribution, the proportion of sites inherited, the proportion of the differentially methylated sites from the precedent generation inherited, etc..

The function simulates a multigeneration dataset like a bisulfite sequencing experiment. The simulation includes the information about control and case for each generation. Simulation dataset are saved in multiple files created in the directory specified by the user.

#### Usage

```
runSim(methData, nbSynCHR = 1, nbSimulation = 10, nbBlock = 100,
  nbCpG = 50, nbGeneration = 3, vNbSample = c(3, 6), vpDiff = c(0.9),
  vpDiffsd = c(0.1), vDiff = c(0.8), vInheritance = c(0.5),
  rateDiff = 0.01, minRate = 0.01, propInherite = 0.3, propHetero = 0.5,
  keepDiff = FALSE, outputDir = NULL, fileID = "s", minReads = 10,
  maxPercReads = 99.9, meanCov = 80, context = "CpG",
  assembly = "Rnor_5.0", saveGRanges = TRUE, saveMethylKit = TRUE,
  runAnalysis = FALSE, nbCores = 1, vSeed = -1)
```

#### **Arguments**

methData	an object of class methylBase, the CpG information from controls (CTRL) that will be used to create the synthetic chromosome. The methData object can also contain information from cases but only the controls are used.
nbSynCHR	a positive integer, the number of distinct synthetic chromosomes that will be generated. Default: 1.
nbSimulation	a positive integer, the number of simulations generated for each parameter (vNbSample, vpDiff, vDiff and vInheritance). The total number of simulation is nbSimulation * length(vNbSample) * length(vpDiff) * length(vInheritance)) Default: 10.
nbBlock	a positive integer, the number of blocks used for sampling. Default: 100.
nbCpG	a positive integer, the number of consecutive CpG positions used for sampling from methInfo. Default: 50.
nbGeneration	a positive integer, the number of generations simulated. Default: 3.
vNbSample	a vector of distinct positive integer, the number of controls (CTRL) and cases in the simulated dataset. In the simulated dataset, the number of CTRL equals the number of cases. The number of CTRL do not need to be equal to the number of Case in the real methData dataset. Default: c(3, 6).

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a vector of distinct double superior to 0 and inferior or equal to 1, the mean

vpDiff

value for the proportion of samples that will have, for a specific position, differentially methylated values. It can be interpreted as the penetrance. Note that vpDiff and vpDiffsd must be the same length. Default: c(0.9). vpDiffsd a vector of a non-negative double, the standard deviation associated to the vpDiff. Note that vpDiff and vpDiffsd must be the same length. Default: c(0.1).vDiff a vector of distinct non-negative double included in [0,1], the proportion of C/T for a case differentially methylated that follows a beta distribution where the mean is shifted by vDiff from the CTRL distribution. Default: c(0.8). vInheritance a vector of distinct non-negative double included in [0,1], the proportion of cases that inherits differentially methylated sites. Default: c(0.5). rateDiff a positive double inferior to 1, the mean of the chance that a site is differentially methylated. Default: 0.01. minRate a non-negative double inferior to 1, the minimum rate for differentially methylated sites. Default: 0.01. a non-negative double inferior or equal to 1, the proportion of differentially propInherite methylated regions that is inherited. Default: 0.3. propHetero a non-negative double between [0,1], the reduction of vDiff for the second and following generations. Default: 0.5. keepDiff a logical, when TRUE, the differentially methylated sites will be the same for all simulated datasets. Datasets generated using differents parameter values from vector parameters (vpDiff, vDiff and vInheritance) wil all have the same differentially methylated sites. Default: FALSE. outputDir a string of character or NULL, the path where the files created by the function will be saved. When NULL, the files are saved in a directory called "outputDir" that is located in the current directory. Default: NULL. fileID a string of character, a identifiant that will be included in each output file name. Each output file name is composed of those elements, separated by " ": • a type name, ex: methylGR, methylObj, etc.. • a fileID • the chromosome number, a number between 1 and nbSynCHR • the number of samples, a number in the vNbSample vector

- the mean proportion of samples that has, for a specific position, differentially methylated values, a number in the vpDiff vector
- the proportion of C/T for a case differentially methylated that follows a shifted beta distribution, a number in the vDiff vector
- the proportion of cases that inherits differentially sites, a number in the vInheritance vector
- the identifiant for the simulation, a number between 1 and nbSimulation
- the file extension ".rds"

Default: "s".

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minReads a positive integer, sites and regions having lower coverage than this count

are discarded. The parameter corresponds to the lo.count parameter in the

methylKit package. Default: 10.

maxPercReads a double between [0,100], the percentile of read counts that is going to be used

as upper cutoff. Sites and regions having higher coverage than maxPercReads are discarded. This parameter is used for both CpG sites and tiles analysis. The parameter correspond to the hi.perc parameter in the methylKit package.

Default: 99.9.

meanCov a positive integer, the mean of the coverage at the simulated CpG sites. De-

fault: 80.

context a string of character, the short description of the methylation context, such as

"CpG", "CpH", "CHH", etc.. Default: "CpG".

assembly a string of character, the short description of the genome assembly, such as

"mm9", "hg18", etc.. Default: "Rnor\_5.0".

saveGRanges a logical, when true, the package save two files type. The first generate for

each simulation contains a list. The length of the list corresponds to the number of generation. The generation are stored in order (first entry = first generation, second entry = second generation, etc..). All samples related to one generations are contained in a GRangesList. The GRangeaList store a list of GRanges. Each GRanges stores the raw mehylation data of one sample. The second file a numeric vector denoting controls and cases (a file is generates by

entry in the vector parameters vNbSample). Default: TRUE.

saveMethylKit a logical, when TRUE, for each simulations save a file contains a list. The

length of the list corresponds to the number of generation. The generation are stored in order (first entry = first generation, second entry = second generation, etc..). All samples related to one generations are contained in a S4 methylRawList object. The methylRawList object contains two Slots: 1. treatment: A numeric vector denoting controls and cases. 2. .Data: A list of methylRaw objects. Each object stores the raw methylation data of one sample.

Default: TRUE.

runAnalysis a logical, if TRUE, two files are saved for each simulation:

• 1. The first file is the methylObj... file formated with the methylkit package in a S4 methylBase object (using the methylKit functions: filterByCoverage, normalizeCoverage and unite).

• 2. The second file contains a S4 calculateDiffMeth object generated using the methylKit functions calculateDiffMeth on the first file.

Default: FALSE.

nbCores a positive integer, the number of cores used when creating the simulated datasets.

Default: 1 and always 1 for Windows.

vSeed a integer, a seed used when reproducible results are needed. When a value

inferior or equal to zero is given, a random integer is used. Default: -1.

#### Value

0 indicating that the function have been successful.

#### Author(s)

Pascal Belleau, Astrid Deschenes

#### See Also

the vignette for detail description of the files created by the simulation.

#### **Examples**

```
## Load dataset containing methyl information
data(samplesForChrSynthetic)
## Set the output directory where files will be created
temp_dir <- "test_runSim"</pre>
## Create 2 simulated dataset (nbSimulation = 2)
## over 3 generations (nbGenration = 3) with
## 6 cases and 6 controls (nNbsample = 6) using only one set
## of parameters (vpDiff = 0.9, vpDiffsd = 0.1, vDiff = 0.8)
runSim(methData = samplesForChrSynthetic, nbSynCHR = 1, nbSimulation = 2,
   nbGeneration = 3, nbBlock = 10, nbCpG = 20, vNbSample = c(6),
   vpDiff = c(0.9), vpDiffsd = c(0.1), vDiff = c(0.8),
   vInheritance = c(0.5), rateDiff = 0.3, minRate = 0.2,
   propInherite = 0.3, propHetero = 0.5, outputDir = temp_dir,
    fileID = "F", nbCores = 1, vSeed = 32)
## Delete the output directory and its content
if (dir.exists(temp_dir)) {
   unlink(temp_dir, recursive = TRUE, force = FALSE)
}
```

samplesForChrSynthetic

All samples information, formated by methylKit, in a methylBase format (for demo purpose).

## **Description**

The object is a methylBase. There is 12 samples (6 controls and 6 cases). Each sample information is stored in a methylRaw object.

## Usage

```
data(samplesForChrSynthetic)
```

#### **Format**

A methylBase object contains the information for one generation. Each sample information is stored in a methylRaw object. There is methylRaw objects (6 controls and 6 cases).

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#### **Details**

This dataset can be used to test the runSim function.

#### Value

A methylBase contains the information for one generation. Each sample information is stored in a methylRaw object. There is methylRaw objects (6 controls and 6 cases).

#### See Also

• runSim for running a simulation analysis using methylKit info as input

#### **Examples**

```
## Loading dataset
data(samplesForChrSynthetic)
## Set the output directory where files will be created
temp_dir <- "test_samplesForChrSynthetic"</pre>
## Create 4 simulated dataset (nbSimulation)
## over 3 generations (nbGenration = 3) with
## 6 cases and 6 controls (nNbsample = 6) using only one set
## of parameters (vpDiff = 0.85, vpDiffsd = 0.1, vDiff = 0.8)
runSim(outputDir = temp_dir, fileID = "F1", nbSynCHR = 1,
   methData = samplesForChrSynthetic, nbSimulation = 4,
   nbBlock = 10, nbCpG = 20,
   nbGeneration = 3, vNbSample = c(6), vpDiff = c(0.85),
   vpDiffsd = c(0.1), vDiff = c(0.8),
   vInheritance = c(0.5), propInherite = 0.3,
   rateDiff = 0.3, minRate = 0.2, propHetero = 0.5,
   nbCores = 1, vSeed = 32)
## Delete the output directory and its content
if (dir.exists(temp_dir)) {
    unlink(temp_dir, recursive = TRUE, force = FALSE)
}
```

saveData

Save data created during the simulation

## Description

Save data created during the simulation.

#### Usage

```
saveData(pathOut, extension, gRanges, methylData, methUnit, diffData,
saveGRanges, saveMethylKit, runAnalysis)
```

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#### **Arguments**

pathOut a string of character, the path where the files are saved.

extension a string of character representing the extension that will be given to the saved

files.

gRanges a list of methylRawList TODO

methylData a list of methylRawList, the results of the normalization of the coverage.

methUnit a list of methylBase, the results of the base filtering for all samples.

diffData a list of methylDiff, the results of the calculation of differential methylation

statistics.

saveGRanges a logical, when true, files containing GRangeaList are saved.
saveMethylKit a logical, when TRUE, files methylRawList object are saved.
runAnalysis a logical, when TRUE, two files related to the analysis are saved.

#### Value

0 indicating that the function has been successful.

#### Author(s)

Pascal Belleau, Astrid Deschenes

#### **Examples**

## TODO

simEachGeneration

Simulate a multigeneration methylation experiment with inheritance

#### **Description**

Simulate a multigeneration methylation case versus control experiment with inheritance relation using a real control dataset.

The simulation can be parametrized to fit different models. The number of cases and controls, the proportion of the case affected by the treatment (penetrance), the effect of the treatment on the mean of the distribution, the proportion of sites inherited, the proportion of the differentially methylated sites from the precedent generation inherited, etc..

The function simulates a multigeneration dataset like a bisulfite sequencing experiment. The simulation includes the information about control and case for each generation.

#### Usage

```
simEachGeneration(simulation, nbCtrl, nbCase, treatment, sample.id, generation,
   stateInfo, minReads, maxPercReads, context, assembly, meanCov, saveGRanges,
   saveMethylKit, runAnalysis)
```

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#### **Arguments**

nbCtrl a positive integer, the number of controls. a positive integer, the number of cases. nbCase a numeric vector denoting controls and cases treatment

sample.id a matrix the name of each samples for each generation (row) and each case and

control (column).

generation a positive integer, the number of generations simulated.

a GRanges that contains the CpG (or methylated sites). The GRanges have four stateInfo

metadata from the real dataset:

• chrOri a numeric, the chromosome from the real dataset

• startOri a numeric, the position of the site in the real dataset

• meanCTRL a numeric, the mean of the control in the real dataset

• varCTRL a numeric, the variance of the control in the real dataset.

minReads a positive integer, sites and regions having lower coverage than this count

are discarded. The parameter corresponds to the lo.count parameter in the

methylKit package.

maxPercReads a double between [0,100], the percentile of read counts that is going to be used

> as upper cutoff. Sites and regions having higher coverage than maxPercReads are discarded. This parameter is used for both CpG sites and tiles analysis. The

parameter correspond to the hi.perc parameter in the methylKit package.

a string of character, the short description of the methylation context, such as context

"CpG", "CpH", "CHH", etc..

assembly a string of character, the short description of the genome assembly, such as

"mm9", "hg18", etc..

meanCov a positive integer, the mean of the coverage at the simulated CpG sites.

saveGRanges a logical, when true, the package save two files type. The first generate for

> each simulation contains a list. The length of the list corresponds to the number of generation. The generation are stored in order (first entry = first generation, second entry = second generation, etc..). All samples related to one generations are contained in a GRangesList. The GRangeaList store a list of GRanges. Each GRanges stores the raw mehylation data of one sample. The second file a numeric vector denoting controls and cases (a file is generates by

entry in the vector parameters vNbSample).

saveMethylKit a logical, when TRUE, the package save a file contains a list. The length of

> the list corresponds to the number of generation. The generation are stored in order (first entry = first generation, second entry = second generation, etc..). All samples related to one generations are contained in a S4 methylRawList object. The methylRawList object contains two Slots: 1. treatment: A numeric vector denoting controls and cases. 2. .Data: A list of methylRaw objects.

Each object stores the raw methylation data of one sample.

a logical, if TRUE, two files are saved:

• 1. The first file is the methylObj... file formated with the methylkit package in a S4 methylBase object (with the methylKit functions: filterByCoverage, normalizeCoverage and unite).

runAnalysis

• 2. The second file contains a S4 calculateDiffMeth object generated with the methylKit functions calculateDiffMeth using the first file.

#### Value

0 indicating that the function has been successful.

#### Author(s)

Pascal Belleau, Astrid Deschenes

## **Examples**

```
## Load dataset
data("samplesForChrSynthetic")
data("dataSimExample")
## Generate a stateInfo object using samples
stateInformation <- methInheritSim:::getSyntheticChr(methInfo =</pre>
    samplesForChrSynthetic, nbBlock = 1, nbCpG = 3)
## Generate a stateDiff and stateInherite objects with length corresponding
## to nbBlock * nbCpG from stateInformation
stateDiff \leftarrow c(1, 0, 1)
stateInherite <- c(1, 0, 0)
## Create simulation
sim <- methInheritSim:::getSim(nbCtrl = 3, nbCase = 2,</pre>
   generation = 3, stateInfo = stateInformation, stateDiff = stateDiff,
   stateInherite = stateInherite, diffValue = 10,
   propDiff = 0.8, propDiffsd = 0.2, propInheritance = 0.8,
   propHetero = 0.1)
## TODO
methInheritSim:::simEachGeneration(simulation = sim,
nbCtr1 = 3, nbCase = 2, treatment = c(0,0,0,1,1),
sample.id = dataSimExample$sample.id,
generation = 3, stateInfo = stateInformation, minReads = 10,
maxPercReads = 99, context = "Cpg", assembly = "RNOR_5.0", meanCov = 80,
saveGRanges = FALSE, saveMethylKit = FALSE, runAnalysis = FALSE)
```

simInheritance

Simulate a multigenerational methylation experiment with inheritance

## **Description**

Simulate a multigenerational methylation case versus control experiment with inheritance relation using a real control dataset.

The simulation can be parametrized to fit different models. The number of cases and controls, the proportion of the case affected by the treatment (penetrance), the effect of the treatment on the mean of the distribution, the proportion of sites inherited, the proportion of the differentially methylated sites from the precedent generation inherited, etc..

The function simulates a multigeneration dataset like a bisulfite sequencing experiment. The simulation includes the information about control and case for each generation.

#### Usage

```
simInheritance(pathOut, pref, k, nbCtrl, nbCase, treatment, sample.id,
  generation, stateInfo, propDiff, propDiffsd, diffValue, propInheritance,
  rateDiff, minRate, propInherite, propHetero, minReads, maxPercReads, context,
  assembly, meanCov, diffRes, saveGRanges, saveMethylKit, runAnalysis)
```

#### **Arguments**

pathOut

a string of character or NULL, the path where the files created by the function will be saved. When NULL, the files are saved in the current directory.

pref

a string of character representing the parameters of specific simulation the string is composed of those elements, separated by "\_":

- a fileID
- the chromosome number, a number between 1 and nbSynCHR
- the number of samples, a number in the vNbSample vector
- the mean proportion of samples that has, for a specific position, differentially methylated values, a number in the vpDiff vector
- the proportion of C/T for a case differentially methylated that follows a shifted beta distribution, a number in the vDiff vector
- the proportion of cases that inherits differentially sites, a number in the vInheritance vector

k a positive integer, an ID for the current simulation.

nbCtrl a positive integer, the number of controls.

nbCase a positive integer, the number of cases.

treatment a vector of integer denoting controls and cases. The vector length must cor-

respond to the sum of cases and controls.

sample.id a matrix the name of each samples for each generation (row) and each case and

control (column).

generation a positive integer, the number of generations simulated.

 ${\tt stateInfo} \qquad \text{a GRanges that contains the $CpG$ (or methylated sites)}. \ \ {\tt The GRanges have four}$ 

metadata from the real dataset:

- chrOri a numeric, the chromosome from the real dataset
- startOri a numeric, the position of the site in the real dataset
- meanCTRL a numeric, the mean of the control in the real dataset
- varCTRL a numeric, the variance of the control in the real dataset.

propDiff a double superior to 0 and inferior or equal to 1, the mean value for the propor-

tion of samples that will have, for a specific position, differentially methylated

values. It can be interpreted as the penetrance.

propDiffsd a non-negative double, the standard deviation associated to the vpDiff. Note

that vpDiff and vpDiffsd must be the same length.

diffValue a non-negative double included in [0,1], the proportion of C/T for a case differ-

entially methylated that follows a beta distribution where the mean is shifted by

vDiff from the CTRL distribution.

propInheritance

a non-negative double included in [0,1], the proportion of cases that inherits

differentially methylated sites.

rateDiff a positive double inferior to 1, the mean of the chance that a site is differentially

methylated.

minRate a non-negative double inferior to 1, the minimum rate for differentially methy-

lated sites. Default: 0.01.

propInherite a non-negative double inferior or equal to 1, the proportion of differentially

methylated regions that are inherated.

propHetero a non-negative double between [0,1], the reduction of vDiff for the second and

following generations.

minReads a positive integer, sites and regions having lower coverage than this count

are discarded. The parameter corresponds to the lo.count parameter in the

methylKit package.

maxPercReads a double between [0,100], the percentile of read counts that is going to be used

as upper cutoff. Sites and regions having higher coverage than maxPercReads are discarded. This parameter is used for both CpG sites and tiles analysis. The

parameter correspond to the hi.perc parameter in the methylKit package.

context a string of character, the short description of the methylation context, such as

"CpG", "CpH", "CHH", etc..

assembly a string of character, the short description of the genome assembly, such as

"mm9", "hg18", etc..

meanCov a positive integer, the mean of the coverage at the simulated CpG sites.

diffRes a list with 2 entries:

• stateDiff a vector of integer (0 and 1) with length corresponding the length of stateInfo. The vector indicates, using a 1, the positions where the CpG sites are differentially methylated

the CpG sites are differentially methylated.

• stateInherite a vector of integer (0 and 1) with length corresponding the length of stateInfo. The vector indicates, using a 1, the positions

where the CpG values are inherited.

when is NULL generate a new ones with getDiffMeth.

saveGRanges

a logical, when true, the package save two files type. The first generate for each simulation contains a list. The length of the list corresponds to the number of generation. The generation are stored in order (first entry = first generation, second entry = second generation, etc..). All samples related to one generations are contained in a GRangesList. The GRangeaList store a list

of GRanges. Each GRanges stores the raw mehylation data of one sample. The second file a numeric vector denoting controls and cases (a file is generates by entry in the vector parameters vNbSample).

saveMethvlKit

a logical, when TRUE, the package save a file contains a list. The length of the list corresponds to the number of generation. The generation are stored in order (first entry = first generation, second entry = second generation, etc..). All samples related to one generations are contained in a S4 methylRawList object. The methylRawList object contains two Slots: 1. treatment: A numeric vector denoting controls and cases. 2. .Data: A list of methylRaw objects. Each object stores the raw methylation data of one sample.

runAnalysis

a logical, if TRUE, two files are saved:

- 1. The first file is the methylObj... file formated with the methylkit package in a S4 methylBase object (with the methylKit functions: filterByCoverage, normalizeCoverage and unite).
- 2. The second file contains a S4 calculateDiffMeth object generated with the methylKit functions calculateDiffMeth using the first file.

#### Value

0 indicating that the function has been successful.

#### Author(s)

Pascal Belleau, Astrid Deschenes

```
## Name of the directory that will contained the generated files
temp_dir <- "test_simInheritance"</pre>
## Load dataset
data(dataSimExample)
## Generate a stateDiff object with length corresponding to
## nbBlock * nbCpG from stateInformation
stateDiff <- list()</pre>
stateDiff[["stateDiff"]] <- c(1, 0, 1)</pre>
stateDiff[["stateInherite"]] <- c(1, 0, 0)</pre>
## Simulate multigenerational methylation experiment with inheritance
methInheritSim:::simInheritance(pathOut = temp_dir,
    pref = "S1_6_0.9_0.8_0.5", k = 1, nbCtrl = 6, nbCase = 6,
    treatment = dataSimExample$treatment,
    sample.id = dataSimExample$sample.id,
    generation = 3, stateInfo = dataSimExample$stateInfo[1:3],
    propDiff = 0.9, propDiffsd = 0.1, diffValue = 0.8,
    propInheritance = 0.5, rateDiff = 0.3, minRate = 0.3,
    propInherite = 0.3, propHetero = 0.5, minReads = 10, maxPercReads = 99,
    assembly="RNOR_5.0", context="Cpg", meanCov = 40, diffRes = stateDiff,
    saveGRanges = FALSE, saveMethylKit = FALSE, runAnalysis = FALSE)
```

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```
## Delete directory
if (dir.exists(temp_dir)) {
    unlink(temp_dir, recursive = TRUE, force = FALSE)
}
```

testIfAlreadyDone

Test if a specific simulation has already be done.

#### **Description**

Test if a specific simulation has already be done.

## Usage

```
testIfAlreadyDone(pathOut, preference, id, saveGRanges, saveMethylKit,
  runAnalysis)
```

## **Arguments**

pathOut a string of character, the path where the files are saved.

preference a string of character representing the parameters of specific simulation.

id a positive integer, a ID for the current simulation.

saveGRanges a logical, when true, files containing GRangeaList are saved.
saveMethylKit a logical, when TRUE, files methylRawList object are saved.
runAnalysis a logical, when TRUE, two files related to the analysis are saved.

## Value

logical indicating if the simulation has already done.

#### Author(s)

Pascal Belleau, Astrid Deschenes

```
## Return TRUE when the specified simulation has already be done;
## otherwise, return FALSE.
methInheritSim:::testIfAlreadyDone(pathOut = ".",
preference = "S1_6_0.9_0.8_0.5", id = 33,
saveGRanges = FALSE, saveMethylKit = FALSE, runAnalysis = FALSE)
```

validate Run Sim Double Parameters

Parameters validation for the runSim function. Only double parameters are validated.

## Description

Validation of all parameters needed by the public runSim function. Only double parameters are validated

## Usage

```
validateRunSimDoubleParameters(vpDiff, vpDiffsd, vDiff, vInheritance,
    propInherite, rateDiff, minRate, propHetero, maxPercReads)
```

## Arguments

vpDiff	a double superior to 0 and inferior or equal to 1, the mean value for the proportion of samples that will have, for a specific position, differentially methylated values. It can be interpreted as the penetrance.
vpDiffsd	a non-negative double, the standard deviation associated to the propDiff.
vDiff	a positive double between [0,1], the proportion of C/T for a case differentially methylated follow a beta distribution where the mean is shifted of $vDiff$ from the CTRL distribution
vInheritance	a positive double between $[0,1]$ , the proportion of cases that inherited differentially sites.
propInherite	a non-negative double inferior or equal to 1, the proportion of differentially methylated site are inherated
rateDiff	a positive double inferior to 1, the mean of the chance that a site is differentially methylated.
minRate	a non-negative double inferior to 1, the minimum rate of differentially methylated sites.
propHetero	a positive double between [0,1], the reduction of vDiff for the second and following generations.
maxPercReads	a double between [0,100], the percentile of read counts that is going to be used as upper cutoff. Bases ore regions having higher coverage than this percentile are discarded. Parameter used for both CpG sites and tiles analysis. The parameter correspond to the hi.perc parameter in the methylKit package.

## Value

0 indicating that the function has been successful.

## Author(s)

Pascal Belleau, Astrid Deschenes

## **Examples**

```
## The function returns 0 when all paramaters are valid
methInheritSim:::validateRunSimDoubleParameters(vpDiff =0.2,
vpDiffsd = 0.3, vDiff = 0.4, vInheritance = 0.2, propInherite = 0.5,
rateDiff = 0.2, minRate = 0.1, propHetero = 0.2, maxPercReads = 99.1)
```

validateRunSimIntegerParameters

Parameters validation for the runSim function. Only integer parameters are validated.

## **Description**

Validation of all parameters needed by the public runSim function. Only integer parameters are validated.

## Usage

```
validateRunSimIntegerParameters(nbSynCHR, nbSimulation, nbBlock, nbCpG,
vNbSample, nbGeneration, minReads, meanCov, nbCores, vSeed)
```

## Arguments

nbSynCHR	a positive integer, the number of distinct synthetic chromosomes that will be generated.
nbSimulation	a positive integer, the number of simulations for each parameter (vNbSample, vpDiff, vDiff and vInheritance).
nbBlock	a positive integer, the number of blocks used for sampling.
nbCpG	a positive integer, the number of consecutive $\ensuremath{CpG}$ positions used for sampling from methInfo.
vNbSample	a vector of positive integer, the number of methData (CTRL) and cases in the the simulation dataset. In the simulated dataset, the number of CTRL equals the number of Case. The number of CTRL do not need to be equal to the number of Case in the real dataset.
nbGeneration	a positive integer, the number of generations.
minReads	a positive integer Bases and regions having lower coverage than this count are discarded. The parameter correspond to the lo.count parameter in the methylKit package.
meanCov	a positive integer represent the mean of the coverage at the CpG site Default: 80.
nbCores	a positive integer, the number of cores to use when creating the simulated datasets. Default: 1 and always 1 for Windows.
vSeed	a integer, a seed used when reproducible results are needed. When a value inferior or equal to zero is given, a random integer is used. Default: -1.

#### Value

0 indicating that the function has been successful.

#### Author(s)

Pascal Belleau, Astrid Deschenes

## **Examples**

```
## The function returns 0 when all paramaters are valid
methInheritSim:::validateRunSimIntegerParameters(nbSynCHR = 1,
nbSimulation = 2, nbBlock = 10, nbCpG = 4, vNbSample = 10,
nbGeneration = 3, minReads = 10, meanCov = 80,
nbCores = 1, vSeed = -1)
```

validateRunSimLogicalParameters

Parameters validation for the runSim function. Only logical parameters are validated.

## **Description**

Validation of all parameters needed by the public runSim function. Only logical parameters are validated.

#### Usage

```
validateRunSimLogicalParameters(keepDiff, saveGRanges, saveMethylKit,
  runAnalysis)
```

## **Arguments**

keepDiff logical if true, the differentially methyled sites will be the same for each pa-

rameter (vpDiff, vDiff and vInheritance). Default: FALSE.

saveGRanges a logical, when true, the package save two files type. The first generate for

each simulation contains a list. The length of the list corresponds to the number of generation. The generation are stored in order (first entry = first generation, second entry = second generation, etc..). All samples related to one generations are contained in a GRangesList. The GRangeaList store a list of GRanges. Each GRanges stores the raw mehylation data of one sample. The second file a numeric vector denoting controls and cases (a file is generates by

entry in the vector parameters vNbSample).

saveMethylKit a logical, when TRUE, for each simulations save a file contains a list. The

length of the list corresponds to the number of generation. The generation are stored in order (first entry = first generation, second entry = second generation, etc..). All samples related to one generations are contained in a S4

methylRawList object. The methylRawList object contains two Slots: 1. treatment: A numeric vector denoting controls and cases. 2. .Data: A list of methylRaw objects. Each object stores the raw methylation data of one sample.

runAnalysis

a logical, if TRUE, two files are saved for each simulation:

- 1. The first file is the methylObj... file formated with the methylkit package in a S4 methylBase object (with the methylKit functions: filterByCoverage, normalizeCoverage and unite).
- 2. The second file contains a S4 calculateDiffMeth object generated with the methylKit functions calculateDiffMeth on the first file.

#### Value

0 indicating that the function has been successful.

#### Author(s)

Pascal Belleau, Astrid Deschenes

#### **Examples**

```
## Load dataset
data("samplesForChrSynthetic")
## The function returns 0 when all paramaters are valid
methInheritSim:::validateRunSimLogicalParameters(keepDiff = FALSE,
saveGRanges = TRUE, saveMethylKit = FALSE, runAnalysis = FALSE)
```

validateRunSimOtherParameters

Parameters validation for the runSim function. Only parameters other than double, integer and logical are validated.

## Description

Validation of all parameters needed by the public runSim function. Only parameters other than double, integer and logical are validated.

#### **Usage**

```
validateRunSimOtherParameters(outputDir, fileID, methData, context, assembly)
```

#### **Arguments**

outputDir

a string of character or NULL, the path where the files created by the function will be saved. When NULL, the files are saved in the current directory.

fileID

a string of character, a identifiant that will be included in each output file name. Each output file name is composed of those elements, separated by "\_":

- a type name, ex: methylGR, methylObj, etc..
- a fileID
- the chromosome number, a number between 1 and nbSynCHR
- the number of samples, a number in the vNbSample vector
- the mean proportion of samples that has, for a specific position, differentially methylated values, a number in the vpDiff vector
- the proportion of C/T for a case differentially methylated that follows a shifted beta distribution, a number in the vDiff vector
- the proportion of cases that inherits differentially sites, a number in the vInheritance vector
- the identifiant for the simulation, a number between 1 and nbSimulation
- the file extension ".rds"

methData

an object of class methylBase, the CpG information from controls (CTRL) that will be used to create the sythetic chromosome. The methData object can also contain information from cases but only the controls will be used.

context

a string of character, the methylation context string, ex: CpG,CpH,CHH, etc.

assembly

a string of character, the short description of the genome assembly. Ex: mm9,hg18 etc.

#### Value

0 indicating that the function has been successful.

#### Author(s)

Pascal Belleau, Astrid Deschenes

```
## Load dataset
data("samplesForChrSynthetic")
## The function returns 0 when all paramaters are valid
methInheritSim:::validateRunSimOtherParameters(
outputDir = "test", fileID = "test", methData = samplesForChrSynthetic,
context = "CpG", assembly = "Rnor_5.0")
```

validateRunSimParameters

Parameters validation for the runSim function.

## **Description**

Validation of all parameters needed by the public runSim function.

## Usage

validateRunSimParameters(vpDiff, vpDiffsd, vDiff, vInheritance, propInherite, rateDiff, minRate, propHetero, maxPercReads, nbSynCHR, nbSimulation, nbBlock, nbCpG, vNbSample, nbGeneration, minReads, meanCov, nbCores, vSeed, keepDiff, saveGRanges, saveMethylKit, runAnalysis, outputDir, fileID, methData, context, assembly)

## Arguments

vpDiff	a double superior to $\emptyset$ and inferior or equal to 1, the mean value for the proportion of samples that will have, for a specific position, differentially methylated values. It can be interpreted as the penetrance.
vpDiffsd	a non-negative double, the standard deviation associated to the propDiff.
vDiff	a positive double between [0,1], the proportion of C/T for a case differentially methylated follow a beta distribution where the mean is shifted of vDiff from the CTRL distribution
vInheritance	a positive double between $[0,1]$ , the proportion of cases that inherited differentially sites.
propInherite	a non-negative double inferior or equal to 1, the proportion of differentially methylated site are inherated
rateDiff	a positive double inferior to 1, the mean of the chance that a site is differentially methylated.
minRate	a non-negative double inferior to 1, the minimum rate of differentially methylated sites. $$
propHetero	a positive double between $[0,1]$ , the reduction of vDiff for the second and following generations.
maxPercReads	a double between [0,100], the percentile of read counts that is going to be used as upper cutoff. Bases ore regions having higher coverage than this percentile are discarded. Parameter used for both CpG sites and tiles analysis. The parameter correspond to the hi.perc parameter in the methylKit package.
nbSynCHR	a positive integer, the number of distinct synthetic chromosomes that will be generated.
nbSimulation	a positive integer, the number of simulations for each parameter (vNbSample, vpDiff, vDiff and vInheritance).
nbBlock	a positive integer, the number of blocks used for sampling.

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nbCpG a positive integer, the number of consecutive CpG positions used for sampling

from methInfo.

vNbSample a vector of positive integer, the number of methData (CTRL) and cases in the

the simulation dataset. In the simulated dataset, the number of CTRL equals the number of Case. The number of CTRL do not need to be equal to the number of

Case in the real dataset.

nbGeneration a positive integer, the number of generations.

minReads a positive integer Bases and regions having lower coverage than this count

are discarded. The parameter correspond to the lo.count parameter in the

 ${\tt methylKit}\ package.$ 

meanCov a positive integer represent the mean of the coverage at the CpG site Default:

80.

fileID

nbCores a positive integer, the number of cores to use when creating the simulated

datasets. Default: 1 and always 1 for Windows.

vSeed a integer, a seed used when reproducible results are needed. When a value

inferior or equal to zero is given, a random integer is used. Default: -1.

keepDiff logical if true, the differentially methyled sites will be the same for each pa-

rameter (vpDiff, vDiff and vInheritance). Default: FALSE.

saveGRanges a logical, when true, the package save two files type. The first generate for

each simulation contains a list. The length of the list corresponds to the number of generation. The generation are stored in order (first entry = first generation, second entry = second generation, etc..). All samples related to one generations are contained in a GRangesList. The GRangeaList store a list of GRanges. Each GRanges stores the raw mehylation data of one sample. The second file a numeric vector denoting controls and cases (a file is generates by

entry in the vector parameters vNbSample).

saveMethylKit a logical, when TRUE, for each simulations save a file contains a list. The

length of the list corresponds to the number of generation. The generation are stored in order (first entry = first generation, second entry = second generation, etc..). All samples related to one generations are contained in a S4 methylRawList object. The methylRawList object contains two Slots: 1. treatment: A numeric vector denoting controls and cases. 2. .Data: A list of

methylRaw objects. Each object stores the raw methylation data of one sample.

runAnalysis a logical, if TRUE, two files are saved for each simulation:

• 1. The first file is the methylObj... file formated with the methylkit package in a S4 methylBase object (with the methylKit functions: filterByCoverage,

 ${\tt normalizeCoverage} \ and \ {\tt unite}).$ 

- 2. The second file contains a S4 calculateDiffMeth object generated with

the methylKit functions calculateDiffMeth on the first file.

outputDir a string of character or NULL, the path where the files created by the function will be saved. When NULL, the files are saved in the current directory.

a string of character, a identifiant that will be included in each output file name. Each output file name is composed of those elements, separated by "\_":

• a type name, ex: methylGR, methylObj, etc..

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- a fileID
- the chromosome number, a number between 1 and nbSynCHR
- the number of samples, a number in the vNbSample vector
- the mean proportion of samples that has, for a specific position, differentially methylated values, a number in the vpDiff vector
- the proportion of C/T for a case differentially methylated that follows a shifted beta distribution, a number in the vDiff vector
- the proportion of cases that inherits differentially sites, a number in the vInheritance vector
- the identifiant for the simulation, a number between 1 and nbSimulation
- the file extension ".rds"

methData

an object of class methylBase, the CpG information from controls (CTRL) that will be used to create the sythetic chromosome. The methData object can also contain information from cases but only the controls will be used.

context

a string of character, the methylation context string, ex: CpG,CpH,CHH, etc.

assembly

a string of character, the short description of the genome assembly. Ex: mm9,hg18 etc.

#### Value

0 indicating that the function has been successful.

## Author(s)

Pascal Belleau, Astrid Deschenes

```
## Load dataset
data("samplesForChrSynthetic")

## The function returns 0 when all paramaters are valid
methInheritSim:::validateRunSimParameters(vpDiff =0.2,
vpDiffsd = 0.3, vDiff = 0.4, vInheritance = 0.2, propInherite = 0.5,
rateDiff = 0.2, minRate = 0.1, propHetero = 0.2, maxPercReads = 99.1,
nbSynCHR = 1, nbSimulation = 2, nbBlock = 10, nbCpG = 4, vNbSample = 10,
nbGeneration = 3, minReads = 10, meanCov = 80,
nbCores = 1, vSeed = -1, keepDiff = FALSE, saveGRanges = TRUE,
saveMethylKit = FALSE, runAnalysis = FALSE, outputDir = "test",
fileID = "test", methData = samplesForChrSynthetic,
context = "CpG", assembly = "Rnor_5.0")
```

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