

Package ‘igblastr’

November 1, 2025

Title User-friendly R Wrapper to IgBLAST

Description The igblastr package provides functions to conveniently install and use a local IgBLAST installation from within R.
IgBLAST is described at <<https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/23671333/>>.
Online IgBLAST: <<https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/igblast/>>.

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URL <https://bioconductor.org/packages/igblastr>

BugReports <https://github.com/HyrienLab/igblastr/issues>

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edit_imgt_file.R igblast_info.R auxiliary-data-utils.R
install_igblast.R make_blastdbs.R create_region_db.R
create_germline_db.R create_c_region_db.R builtin_db-utils.R
list_germline_dbs.R list_c_region_dbs.R
install_IMGT_germline_db.R install_AIRR_germline_db.R
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augment_germline_db	<i>Add novel gene alleles to a germline db</i>
---------------------	--

Description

Three functions to add novel V, D, or J gene alleles to a germline db.

Note that these functions can also be used to combine germline databases from two different organisms. See "COMBINE GERMLINE DATABASES FROM TWO ORGANISMS" in the Examples section below for how to do this.

Usage

```
augment_germline_db_V(db_name, novel_alleles, destdir=".", overwrite=FALSE)
augment_germline_db_D(db_name, novel_alleles, destdir=".", overwrite=FALSE)
augment_germline_db_J(db_name, novel_alleles, destdir=".", overwrite=FALSE)
```

Arguments

db_name	A single string that is the name of the cached germline db that contains the set of gene alleles to augment. Use <code>list_germline_dbs()</code> to list the cached germline dbs. The exact function used (i.e. <code>augment_germline_db_V()</code> , <code>augment_germline_db_D()</code> , or <code>augment_germline_db_J()</code>) determines the set of alleles to augment (i.e. alleles from the V, D, or J region).
---------	---

novel_alleles	A single string that is the path to a FASTA file (possibly gz-compressed) where the novel alleles are stored. Alternatively, the novel alleles can be supplied as a <i>named</i> <code>DNAStringSet</code> object.
destdir	A single string that is the path to the "destination directory", that is, the directory where the augmented V-, D-, or J-region db is to be created. This directory will be created if it doesn't exist already. Note that, by default, the augmented region db will be created in the current directory.
overwrite	If the "destination directory" already contains a V-, D-, or J-region db, should it be overwritten?

Value

An invisible NULL.

See Also

- The `igblastn` function to run the `igblastn standalone executable` included in IgBLAST from R. This is the main function in the **igblastr** package.
- `list_germline_dbs` to list the cached germline dbs.
- IgBLAST is described at <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/23671333/>.

Examples

```
if (!has_igblast()) install_igblast()

query <- system.file(package="igblastr", "extdata",
                     "BCR", "heavy_sequences.fasta")

use_c_region_db("_IMGT.human.IGH+IGK+IGL.202412")

## -----
## USE HUMAN GERMLINE DATABASE FROM AIRR
## -----

use_germline_db("_AIRR.human.IGH+IGK+IGL.202410")

AIRR_df <- igblastn(query)

## -----
## ADD NOVEL V ALLELES
## -----

## 'fake_human_V_alleles.fasta' contains made-up novel V alleles:
## - 2 novel alleles for gene IGHV1-8: IGHV1-8*fake1, IGHV1-8*fake2
## - 1 novel allele for gene IGHV4-61: IGHV4-61*fake
my_novel_V_alleles <- system.file(package="igblastr", "extdata",
                                  "novel_germline_alleles",
                                  "fake_human_V_alleles.fasta")

## Take a quick look at these novel V alleles:
readDNAStringSet(my_novel_V_alleles)

## Create a new V germline database that combines the V alleles
## from _AIRR.human.IGH+IGK+IGL.202410 with our novel V alleles:
```

```

myVdb_path <- file.path(tempdir(), "myVdb")
augment_germline_db_V("_AIRR.human.IGH+IGK+IGL.202410",
                      my_novel_V_alleles,
                      destdir=myVdb_path)

## To use this new augmented V germline database with igblastn(),
## supply its path via the 'germline_db_V' argument:
AIRR_df2 <- igblastn(query, germline_db_V=myVdb_path)

## -----
## A QUICK COMPARISON BETWEEN 'AIRR_df' AND 'AIRR_df2'
## -----

## Index of rows where "v_call" has changed between 'AIRR_df'
## and 'AIRR_df2':
idx <- which(AIRR_df$v_call != AIRR_df2$v_call)
idx # 2 rows

AIRR_df[idx, c("v_call", "v_cigar", "v_identity")]

AIRR_df2[idx, c("v_call", "v_cigar", "v_identity")]

## Besides these 2 rows, all the other rows are the same:
stopifnot(all.equal(AIRR_df[-idx, ], AIRR_df2[-idx, ]))

## -----
## COMBINE GERMLINE DATABASES FROM TWO ORGANISMS
## -----

## The augment_germline_db_[VDJ]() functions can be used to combine
## germline databases from two different organisms. This can be useful
## for example when working with BCR sequences from mice that have been
## engineered to have both mouse and some human immunoglobulin genes.
##
## To create a hybrid human/mouse V germline database, we can either:
##
## (1) Add all (or a subset of) mouse V alleles to all human V alleles.
##     This is done by extracting mouse V germline allele sequences from
##     a cached germline database and using them to augment a cached
##     germline database for human.
##
## (2) Add all (or a subset of) human V alleles to all mouse V alleles.
##     This is done by extracting human V germline allele sequences from
##     a cached germline database and using them to augment a cached
##     germline database for mouse.
##
## Note that:
## - We can choose to subset or not the V germline allele sequences
##   extracted from one V germline database before adding them to the
##   other V germline database.
## - The two approaches above are equivalent if we don't subset, that
##   is, if we combine all human V alleles with all mouse V
##   alleles.
## - However if our engineered mice only have a small known subset of
##   human immunoglobulin genes (e.g. IGHV1-2), then we might want to
##   create a hybrid human/mouse germline database that only adds the
##   human alleles for genes IGHV1-2 to the mouse V alleles. In this

```

```
## case we need to use (2).

## Let's do (2):

db_name1 <- "_AIRR.mouse.PWD_PhJ.IGH+IGK+IGL.202501"
db_name2 <- "_AIRR.human.IGH+IGK+IGL.202410"

## Extract human V germline alleles:
human_V_alleles <- load_germline_db(db_name2, "V")

## Subset to keep only alleles for genes IGHV1-2:
idx <- grep("^IGHV[12]", names(human_V_alleles))
human_V12_alleles <- human_V_alleles[idx]

## Create a new V germline database that combines the mouse V
## alleles from 'db_name1' with the alleles in 'human_V12_alleles':
engmouseVdb_path <- file.path(tempdir(), "engmouseVdb")
augment_germline_db_V(db_name1, human_V12_alleles,
                      destdir=engmouseVdb_path)

## Then, assuming that 'query' contains BCR sequences from the
## engineered mice:
## Not run:
  use_germline_db(db_name1)
  use_c_region_db("_IMGT.mouse.IGH.202509")
  igblastn(query, germline_db_V=engmouseVdb_path, ...)

## End(Not run)

## Note that, by default, the mouse-only D and J databases that we
## selected above with 'use_germline_db(db_name1)' are being used.
## If we also want to create hybrid D and J databases, we need
## to repeat the above steps for each of them. Then we need to
## specify the paths to the 3 hybrid databases when we call igblastn():
## Not run:
  igblastn(query, germline_db_V=engmouseVdb_path,
            germline_db_D=engmouseDdb_path,
            germline_db_J=engmouseJdb_path,
            ...)

## End(Not run)
```

auxiliary-data-utils *Manipulation of IgBLAST auxiliary data*

Description

A standard IgBLAST installation – like the one used by the **igblast** package – typically includes *auxiliary data* for various organisms, in the form of one tabulated file per organism. Each file indicates the germline J gene coding frame start position, the J gene type, and the CDR3 end position for each sequence in the germline J sequence database. See <https://ncbi.github.io/igblast/cook/How-to-set-up.html> for the details.

You can use `get_igblast_auxiliary_data()` to obtain the path to the file containing the auxiliary data for a given organism.

Usage

```
get_igblast_auxiliary_data(organism)
load_igblast_auxiliary_data(organism)
```

Arguments

organism A single string containing the name of an organism as returned by `list_igblast_organisms()`.

Value

`get_igblast_auxiliary_data()`: Returns a single string containing the path to the auxiliary data included in the IgBLAST installation used by **igblastr**, for the specified organism. Not necessarily suitable to use with `igblastn()` (see WARNING below).

`load_igblast_auxiliary_data()`: Returns the auxiliary data in a data.frame with 1 row per germline J sequence and the following columns:

1. sseqid: gene/allele name a.k.a. subject sequence id;
2. coding_frame_start: first coding frame start position (position is 0-based);
3. chaintype: chain type;
4. CDR3_stop: CDR3 stop;
5. extra_bps: extra base pairs beyond J coding end.

WARNING

According to <https://ncbi.github.io/igblast/cook/How-to-set-up.html> the auxiliary data included in IgBLAST is specific to a particular NCBI or IMGT germline db. Unfortunately this means that this data is NOT guaranteed to be compatible with the germline db that you will use with `igblastn()`. See documentation of the `auxiliary_data` argument in `?igblastn` for more information about this.

See Also

- <https://ncbi.github.io/igblast/cook/How-to-set-up.html> for important information about the IgBLAST auxiliary data.
- The `igblastn` function to run the *igblastn standalone executable* included in IgBLAST from R. This is the main function in the **igblastr** package.
- `install_igblast` to perform an *internal* IgBLAST installation.
- `get_igblast_root` to get (or set) the IgBLAST installation used (or to be used) by the **igblastr** package.
- IgBLAST is described at <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/23671333/>.

Examples

```
if (!has_igblast()) install_igblast()

igblast_info()

list_igblast_organisms()

## Make sure to read the WARNING above before using the auxiliary
## data below with igblastn()!
```

```
get_igblast_auxiliary_data("human")
load_igblast_auxiliary_data("human")

get_igblast_auxiliary_data("rhesus_monkey")
load_igblast_auxiliary_data("rhesus_monkey")
```

get_igblast_root	Control IgBLAST installation to use
------------------	-------------------------------------

Description

Get (or set) the IgBLAST installation used (or to be used) by the **igblastr** package.

Usage

```
get_igblast_root()
set_igblast_root(version_or_path)
```

Arguments

version_or_path

A single string that is either a version number (e.g. "1.22.0") or the path to an IgBLAST installation.

Details

set_igblast_root can be used to set or change the path to the IgBLAST installation to use. This can be an *internal* or *external* installation.

In the former case, version_or_path should be the version of an existing *internal* installation. The setting will be persistent.

In the latter case, it should be the full path (absolute or relative) to the *root directory* of a valid *external* installation. Note that the setting won't be persistent i.e. it won't be remembered across R sessions. See ?IGBLAST_ROOT for how to set the *external* IgBLAST installation to use in **igblastr** in a persistent manner.

Value

get_igblast_root() returns a single string containing the path to the *root directory* of the IgBLAST installation used by **igblastr**.

set_igblast_root() returns a single string containing the path to the *root directory* of the newly selected IgBLAST installation. The string is returned invisibly.

See Also

- The [igblastn](#) function to run the *igblastn standalone executable* included in IgBLAST from R. This is the main function in the **igblastr** package.
- [install_igblast](#) to perform an *internal* IgBLAST installation.
- [igblast_info](#) to collect basic information about the IgBLAST installation used by the **igblastr** package.

- **IGBLAST_ROOT** to set the *external* IgBLAST installation to be used by the **igblastr** package in a persistent manner.
- IgBLAST is described at <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/23671333/>.

Examples

```
if (!has_igblast()) install_igblast()

get_igblast_root()
```

igblastn

BLAST for BCR/Ig and TCR sequences

Description

The `igblastn()` function is a wrapper to the `igblastn` *standalone executable* included in IgBLAST. This is the main function in the **igblastr** package.

Usage

```
igblastn(query, outfmt="AIRR",
         germline_db_V="auto", germline_db_V_seqidlist=NULL,
         germline_db_D="auto", germline_db_D_seqidlist=NULL,
         germline_db_J="auto", germline_db_J_seqidlist=NULL,
         organism="auto", c_region_db="auto",
         auxiliary_data="auto", ig_seqtype="auto",
         ...,
         out=NULL, parse.out=TRUE,
         show.in.browser=FALSE, show.command.only=FALSE)

igblastn_help(long.help=FALSE, show.in.browser=FALSE)
```

Arguments

query	A character vector containing the paths to the input files (FASTA), or a <i>named DNASTringSet</i> object. If a character vector, then query must be of length ≥ 1 and each vector element must be the path to a FASTA file (possibly gz-compressed). In the context of IgBLAST, the DNA sequences in the FASTA files are referred to as <i>the query sequences</i>, and the sequence names found in the description lines of the FASTA records are referred to as <i>the query sequence ids</i>. Note that the query sequences are typically (but not always) stored in a single file, in which case query will be a single string. If more than one FASTA file is specified via query, then <code>igblastn()</code> will concatenate all the files together and pass the resulting file to the <code>igblastn</code> <i>standalone executable</i>. If query is a <i>DNASTringSet</i> object, then it must have names on it. These will be considered the query sequence ids.
outfmt	One of "AIRR", 3, 4, 7, or 19. "AIRR" is the default and is an alias for 19. outfmt can also be a string describing a customized format 7 e.g. "7 qseqid sseqid pident nident length score". See ?list_outfmt7_specifiers for more information about customizing format 7.

germline_db_V	"auto" (the default), or the path to a V-region db. Note that, by default (i.e. when <code>germline_db_V</code> is omitted or set to "auto"), <code>igblastn()</code> uses the V-region db that belongs to the cached germline db currently selected. See ?use_germline_db for how to select the cached germline db to use with <code>igblastn()</code>.
germline_db_D	Same as <code>germline_db_V</code> but for the D-region db.
germline_db_J	Same as <code>germline_db_V</code> but for the J-region db.
germline_db_V_seqidlist, germline_db_D_seqidlist, germline_db_J_seqidlist	Restrict search of germline database to list of gene alleles. A list of gene alleles can be specified either as a character vector of gene allele identifiers (e.g. IGHV3-23*01, IGHV3-23*04, etc...) or as the path to a file containing the identifiers (one identifier per line). In the latter case, a file object must be passed to the <code>germline_db_V_seqidlist</code>, <code>germline_db_D_seqidlist</code>, or <code>germline_db_J_seqidlist</code> argument. The file object will typically be constructed with something like <code>file("path/to/some/file")</code>.
organism	"auto" (the default), or the organism associated with the query sequences. Supported organisms include human, mouse, rat, rabbit and rhesus_monkey. Use list_igblast_organisms() to obtain this list programmatically. Note that, by default (i.e. when <code>organism</code> is omitted or set to "auto"), <code>igblastn()</code> infers the organism from the name of the cached germline db currently selected. See ?use_germline_db for how to select the cached germline db to use with <code>igblastn()</code>.
c_region_db	"auto" (the default), NULL, or the path to a C-region db. Note that, by default (i.e. when <code>c_region_db</code> is omitted or set to "auto"), <code>igblastn()</code> uses the cached C-region db currently selected. See ?use_c_region_db for how to select the cached C-region db to use with <code>igblastn()</code>.
auxiliary_data	"auto" (the default), or the path to a file containing the coding frame start positions for the sequences in the J-region db, or NULL. Note that, by default (i.e. when <code>auxiliary_data</code> is omitted or set to "auto"), <code>igblastn()</code> uses one of the auxiliary data files included in the IgBLAST installation used by igblastr. More precisely, <code>igblastn()</code> uses <code>get_igblast_auxiliary_data()</code> internally to obtain the path to the organism-specific auxiliary data file. IMPORTANT NOTES: • Supplying auxiliary data that is not compatible with the V gene sequences of the selected germline db can cause <code>igblastn()</code> to return improper frame status or CDR3 information (other returned information will still be correct). See ?get_igblast_auxiliary_data for more information. • When <code>auxiliary_data</code> is set to NULL, then no auxiliary data is used. In this case, <code>igblastn()</code> can emit a significant number of the following warning: Warning: Auxiliary data file could not be found and various columns of the returned AIRR-formatted tibble (e.g. columns <code>vj_in_frame</code>, <code>productive</code>, <code>cdr3</code>, <code>fwr4</code>, and others) will be filled with NAs.
ig_seqtype	Set to "Ig" or "TCR" depending on whether the query sequences are BCR/Ig or TCR sequences. Note that, by default (i.e. when <code>ig_seqtype</code> is omitted or set to "auto"), the value of <code>ig_seqtype</code> is inferred from the germline loci that appear in the name

of the cached germline db currently selected (this name can be obtained with `use_germline_db`). If these are BCR/Ig germline loci (i.e. IGH, IGK, IGL), then the inferred value will be "Ig". If they are TCR germline loci (TRA, TRB, TRG, TRD), then it will be "TCR".

See `?use_germline_db` for how to select the cached germline db to use with `igblastn()`.

... Extra arguments to be passed to the `igblastn standalone executable`. The list of valid arguments can be displayed with `igblastn_help()`.

Note that the argument/value pairs must be passed to the `igblastn()` function in the usual R fashion. For example, what would be passed as `-num_alignments 1 -num_threads 8` when invoking the `igblastn standalone executable` in a terminal should be passed as `num_alignments_V=1, num_threads=8` when calling the `igblastn()` function:

```
igblastn(query, num_alignments_V=1, num_threads=8)
```

For options that don't require a value (e.g. `-extend_align5end`, `-extend_align3end`, `-ungapped`, etc...), pass the empty string (or a white string) to the argument. For example:

```
igblastn(query, extend_align5end="", extend_align3end="")
```

out NULL (the default), or the path to the file where the `igblastn standalone executable` should write its output.

Note that, by default (i.e. when `out` is omitted or set to NULL), `igblastn()` instructs the `igblastn standalone executable` to write its output to a temporary file.

parse.out Whether `igblastn()` should parse the plain-text output produced by the `igblastn standalone executable` or not, before returning it to the user. TRUE by default. If set to FALSE, then `igblastn()` returns the output as-is in a character vector, with one line per element in the vector. Note that `igblastn()` sets the "igblastn_raw_output" class attribute on this character vector, which allows compact display of the vector (this is achieved via a dedicated `print()` method defined in the **igblastR** package). The class attribute can be dropped with `unclass()`.

show.in.browser For `igblastn()`: Whether the output of the `igblastn standalone executable` should also be displayed in a browser or not (in addition to being returned by the `igblastn()` function call). FALSE by default.

For `igblastn_help()`: Whether the help printed by the `igblastn standalone executable` (when invoked with the `-h` or `-help` argument) should be displayed in a browser or not. FALSE by default.

show.command.only TRUE or FALSE. If set to TRUE, `igblastn()` won't invoke the `igblastn standalone executable` and instead will display the full command that shows how it would have invoked it. Note that the command is also returned in an invisible character vector. FALSE by default.

long.help TRUE or FALSE. If set to FALSE (the default), the `igblastn standalone executable` is invoked with the `-h` argument. Otherwise, it's invoked with the `-help` argument.

Value

`igblastn()` captures the output produced by the `igblastn standalone executable` and returns it as:

- A [tibble](#) with 1 row per query sequence if `outfmt` is "AIRR" or 19 and `parse.out` is TRUE.
- A nested list with two top-level components (records and footer) if `outfmt` is 7 (or a customized format 7) and `parse.out` is TRUE. See [?parse_outfmt7](#) for more information.
- A character vector with class attribute "igblastn_raw_output" on it in all other cases, that is, if `parse.out` is FALSE or `outfmt` is 3 or 4. See the `parse.out` argument above for more information.

Note

By default, the NCBI BLAST+ and IgBLAST programs will "call home" to report usage when they run on a computer with internet access. See <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK569851/> for the details. This can induce a significant slowdown in some situations e.g. when the *igblastn standalone executable* is called in a loop on a small set of query sequences at each iteration.

For this reason, the "call home" feature is disabled in **igblastr** by default, unless environment variable `BLAST_USAGE_REPORT` is set to true. See [?igblastr_usage_report](#) for more information.

See Also

- IgBLAST is described at <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/23671333/>.
- [install_igblast](#) to perform an *internal* IgBLAST installation.
- [igblast_info](#) to collect basic information about the IgBLAST installation used by the **igblastr** package.
- [install_IMGT_germline_db](#) to install a germline db from IMGT.
- [use_germline_db](#) to select the cached germline db to use with `igblastn()`.
- [use_c_region_db](#) to select the cached C-region db to use with `igblastn()`.
- [igbrowser](#) to display the annotated sequences returned by `igblastn()` in a browser.
- [list_outfmt7_specifiers](#) for how to customize output format 7.
- [list_igblast_organisms](#) to list the organisms supported by IgBLAST.
- [augment_germline_db](#) to add novel gene alleles to a germline db.
- [igblastr_usage_report](#) to turn "Usage Reporting" on or off.
- [DNAStrngSet](#) objects implemented in the **Biostrings** package.
- [tibble](#) objects implemented in the **tibble** package.

Examples

```
if (!has_igblast()) install_igblast()

igblast_info()

## -----
## Access query sequences and select germline and C-region dbs to use
## -----

## Files 'heavy_sequences.fasta' and 'light_sequences.fasta' included
## in igblastr contain 250 paired heavy- and light- chain sequences (125
## sequences in each file) downloaded from OAS (the Observed Antibody
## Space database):
filenames <- paste0(c("heavy", "light"), "_sequences.fasta")
query <- system.file(package="igblastr", "extdata", "BCR", filenames)
```

[illegible]

```
## Select germline db to use with igblastn():
use_germline_db(db_name)

## Select C-region db to use with igblastn():
use_c_region_db("_IMGT.human.TRA+TRB+TRG+TRD.202509")

## Call igblastn(). Note that the 'ig_seqtype' argument will be
## automatically set to "TCR" (see documentation of the 'ig_seqtype'
## argument above in this man page for more information):
AIRR_df <- igblastn(query)

## -----
## More examples
## -----

## See '?parse_outfmt7' for more examples.
```

igblastR_usage_report *Turn "Usage Reporting" on or off*

Description

By default, the NCBI BLAST+ and IgBLAST programs will "call home" to report usage when they run on a computer connected to the internet. See <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK569851/> for the details. This can induce a significant slowdown in some situations e.g. when the *igblastn standalone executable* is called in a loop on a small set of query sequences at each iteration.

For this reason, the "call home" feature is disabled in **igblastR** by default, unless environment variable `BLAST_USAGE_REPORT` is set to true.

More precisely, the "call home" feature is controlled by global option `igblastR_usage_report` in **igblastR**. On package startup, this option is set to TRUE if environment variable `BLAST_USAGE_REPORT` is set to true. Otherwise (i.e. if `BLAST_USAGE_REPORT` is not set, or is set to false or gibberish) it is set to FALSE.

Details

The user can change the value of global option `igblastR_usage_report` any time with:

```
options(igblastR_usage_report=TRUE)
```

or with:

```
options(igblastR_usage_report=FALSE)
```

To get the value of this option, use:

```
getOption("igblastR_usage_report")
```

Note that changing the value of a global option interactively with `options(...)` won't be remembered across R sessions. For a persistent change, you can either:

- Put the `options(...)` command in your `.Rprofile` file. See [?Rprofile](#) for more information. Note that this is the standard way of setting global options persistently.

- In the particular case of global option `igblastr_usage_report` an alternative is to define environment variable `BLAST_USAGE_REPORT` outside R. The exact way to do this is OS-dependent e.g. on Linux and Mac you can define it in your user's `.profile` by adding the following line to it:

```
export BLAST_USAGE_REPORT=true
```

See Also

- The `igblastn` function to run the `igblastn standalone executable` included in IgBLAST from R. This is the main function in the **igblastr** package.
- IgBLAST is described at <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/23671333/>.

Examples

```
## Check current status of usage reporting:
getOption("igblastr_usage_report")

## Turn on usage reporting:
options(igblastr_usage_report=TRUE)

## Turn off usage reporting:
options(igblastr_usage_report=FALSE)
```

igblast_info

Check IgBLAST used by igblastr

Description

Collect basic information about the IgBLAST installation used by the **igblastr** package, or about any IgBLAST installation on the user machine.

Usage

```
igblast_info(igblast_root=get_igblast_root())

igblast_build(igblast_root=get_igblast_root())
igblastn_version(igblast_root=get_igblast_root(), raw.version=FALSE)
makeblastdb_version(igblast_root=get_igblast_root(), raw.version=FALSE)
list_igblast_organisms(igblast_root=get_igblast_root())

has_igblast()
```

Arguments

<code>igblast_root</code>	A single string that is the path to an IgBLAST installation. By default <code>igblast_root</code> is set to <code>get_igblast_root()</code> , which is the path to the IgBLAST installation used by the igblastr package. See <code>?get_igblast_root</code> for more information. Note that the supplied string must contain the path to the <i>root directory</i> of an IgBLAST installation, that is, to a directory with a <i>bin</i> subdirectory in it that has the <code>igblastn</code> , <code>igblastp</code> , and <code>makeblastdb standalone executables</code> (on Windows these executables are files named <code>igblastn.exe</code> , <code>igblastp.exe</code> , and <code>makeblastdb.exe</code> , respectively).
---------------------------	--

`raw.version` By default (i.e. when `raw.version` is omitted or set to `FALSE`), `igblastn_version()` and `makeblastdb_version()` return the version string of the `igblastn` and `makeblastdb` *standalone executables* included in IgBLAST. This string is extracted from the output produced by system commands:

```
igblastn -version
```

and

```
makeblastdb -version
```

When `raw.version` is set to `TRUE`, `igblastn_version()` and `makeblastdb_version()` return the *full output* produced by the above commands.

Value

`igblast_info()` returns a named list containing basic information about the IgBLAST installation.

`igblast_build()` returns a single string containing IgBLAST build information.

By default, `igblastn_version()` returns a single string containing the version of the `igblastn` *standalone executable* included in IgBLAST.

By default, `makeblastdb_version()` returns a single string containing the version of the `makeblastdb` *standalone executable* included in IgBLAST.

`list_igblast_organisms()` returns a character vector that lists the organisms for which IgBLAST provides internal data. Note that this is obtained by simply listing the content of the `internal_data` directory located in the IgBLAST installation.

`has_igblast()` returns `TRUE` or `FALSE`.

See Also

- The `igblastn` function to run the `igblastn` *standalone executable* included in IgBLAST from R. This is the main function in the **igblastr** package.
- `install_igblast` to perform an *internal* IgBLAST installation.
- `get_igblast_root` to get (or set) the IgBLAST installation used (or to be used) by the **igblastr** package.
- `IGBLAST_ROOT` to set the *external* IgBLAST installation to be used by the **igblastr** package in a persistent manner.
- IgBLAST is described at <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/23671333/>.

Examples

```
if (!has_igblast()) install_igblast()

igblast_info()

list_igblast_organisms()
```

IGBLAST_ROOT

Use an external IgBLAST installation

Description

Select the *external* IgBLAST installation to use in **igblastr** in a persistent manner.

Details

The **igblastr** package can use 2 types of IgBLAST installation:

1. Internal (a.k.a. igblastr-managed): refers to an installation obtained with `install_igblast()`.
2. External: refers to an installation that is not managed by the **igblastr** package. This is usually an installation that was manually performed by you or a system administrator on your machine. It can be a system-wide installation or a per-user installation.

To use an *external* installation of IgBLAST in **igblastr**, set environment variable IGBLAST_ROOT to the path of the installation. Note that this must be the path to the *root directory* of the IgBLAST installation, that is, to a directory with a bin subdirectory in it that has the igblastn, igblastp, and makeblastdb *standalone executables* (on Windows these executables are files named igblastn.exe, igblastp.exe, and makeblastdb.exe, respectively).

This can be done within your current R session with `Sys.setenv(IGBLAST_ROOT="path/to/igblast_root")` for testing. However, this won't be remembered across R sessions.

To set IGBLAST_ROOT in a persistent manner, define it outside R. The exact way to do this is OS-dependent e.g. on Linux and Mac you can define it in your user's .profile by adding the following line to it:

```
export IGBLAST_ROOT="path/to/igblast_root"
```

See Also

- The `igblastn` function to run the igblastn *standalone executable* included in IgBLAST from R. This is the main function in the **igblastr** package.
- `install_igblast` to perform an *internal* IgBLAST installation.
- `igblast_info` to collect basic information about the IgBLAST installation used by the **igblastr** package.
- IgBLAST is described at <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/23671333/>.

igbrowser

Display annotated BCR sequences in a browser

Description

Use `igbrowser()` to display the annotated BCR sequences returned by `igblastn()` in a browser. For each sequence, the V, D, and J segments are shown as well as the FWR1-4 and CDR1-3 regions. Additionally, the C segments are shown if the C-region information is available.

Usage

```
igbrowser(AIRR_df, show.full.sequence=FALSE, dna.coloring=TRUE,
          Vcolor="#FFDDD2", Dcolor="#CFC", Jcolor="#CEF", Ccolor="#EEC",
          FWRcolor="#C9D", CDRcolor="#EE4")
```

Arguments

AIRR_df	The AIRR-formatted data.frame or tibble returned by igblastn() . Note that calling igbrowser() on a data.frame with thousands of rows is quite resource-intensive (it can even crash your browser!), so in this case we recommend sub-setting the data.frame before passing it to igbrowser() to keep the number of rows under 2000.
show.full.sequence	By default, the part of the BCR sequences upstream of the V region is not shown. Set <code>show.full.sequence</code> to TRUE to show it.
dna.coloring	Whether the nucleotides in the BCR sequences (sequence column in AIRR_df) should be colored or not.
Vcolor, Dcolor, Jcolor, Ccolor	The background colors of the V, D, J, and C segments of the BCR sequences. Note that the C segments are shown only if AIRR_df contains C-region information.
FWRcolor, CDRcolor	The background colors of the Framework Regions (FWR1-4) and Complementarity-Determining Regions (CDR1-3), respectively.

Value

0 or the error code returned by the internal call to [browseURL\(\)](#), invisibly.

See Also

- The [igblastn](#) function to run the *igblastn standalone executable* included in IgBLAST from R. This is the main function in the **igblastr** package.
- IgBLAST is described at <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/23671333/>.
- [tibble](#) objects implemented in the **tibble** package.

Examples

```
if (!has_igblast()) install_igblast()

query <- system.file(package="igblastr", "extdata",
                     "BCR", "heavy_sequences.fasta")
use_germline_db("_AIRR.human.IGH+IGK+IGL.202410")

## -----
## With C regions
## -----

use_c_region_db("_IMGT.human.IGH+IGK+IGL.202412")
AIRR_df <- igblastn(query)
igbrowser(AIRR_df)

## By default, the part of the sequences upstream of the V region is
```

```
## not shown. Use 'show.full.sequence=TRUE' to show the full sequences:
igbrowser(AIRR_df, show.full.sequence=TRUE)

## -----
## No C regions
## -----

use_c_region_db("")
AIRR_df2 <- igblastn(query)
igbrowser(AIRR_df2)
```

install_igblast

Install IgBLAST

Description

Download and install a pre-compiled IgBLAST from NCBI FTP site for use with **igblastr**.

Usage

```
install_igblast(release="LATEST", force=FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

release	A single string specifying the IgBLAST release version to install. For example "LATEST" (recommended), or one of the IgBLAST release versions listed at https://ftp.ncbi.nih.gov/blast/executables/igblast/release/ (e.g. "1.21.0"). Note that old versions have not been tested and are not guaranteed to be compatible with the igblastr package.
force	Set to TRUE to reinstall if the specified IgBLAST release version is already installed.
...	Extra arguments to be passed to the internal call to <code>download.file()</code> . See ?download.file in the utils package for more information.

Value

The path to the *root directory* of the IgBLAST installation, as an invisible string.

See Also

- The [igblastn](#) function to run the *igblastn standalone executable* included in IgBLAST from R. This is the main function in the **igblastr** package.
- [IGBLAST_ROOT](#) to use an *external* IgBLAST installation.
- [igblast_info](#) to collect basic information about the IgBLAST installation used by the **igblastr** package.
- IgBLAST is described at <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/23671333/>.

Examples

```
if (!has_igblast()) install_igblast()

igblast_info()
```

install_IMGT_germline_db

Install a germline db from IMGT

Description

The `install_IMGT_germline_db()` function downloads V/D/J germline sequences from the IMGT website for a given organism, and stores them in a local germline database. This local database gets installed in **igblastr**'s persistent cache. It can then be used later with `igblastn()`.

Usage

```
install_IMGT_germline_db(release, organism="Homo sapiens", tcr.db=FALSE,
                        force=FALSE, ...)
```

```
## Related utilities:
list_IMGT_releases(recache=FALSE)
list_IMGT_organisms(release)
IMGT_is_up()
```

Arguments

release	A single string specifying the IMGT/V-QUEST release to get the germline sequences from (or to list the organisms from for <code>list_IMGT_organisms()</code>). Use <code>list_IMGT_releases()</code> to list all releases.
organism	A single string specifying the latin name of the organism for which to get the germline sequences.
tcr.db	Should the database be populated with allele sequences from the BCR (B-cell Receptor) or TCR (T-cell Receptor) germline loci? The BCR germline loci are: IGH, IGK, IGL. The TCR germline loci are: TRA, TRB, TRG, TRD. By default, the V/D/J allele sequences from the BCR germline loci are downloaded. Set <code>tcr.db</code> to TRUE to download the V/D/J allele sequences from the TCR germline loci instead.
force	Set to TRUE to reinstall if the requested database is already installed.
...	Extra arguments to be passed to the internal call to <code>download.file()</code> . See ?download.file in the utils package for more information.
recache	<code>list_IMGT_releases()</code> uses a caching mechanism so that the list of IMGT/V-QUEST releases gets downloaded only once from the IMGT website during an R session (note that this caching is done in memory so it does not persist across sessions). Set <code>recache</code> to TRUE to force a new download (and recaching) of the list of IMGT/V-QUEST releases.

Details

The following naming scheme is used to form the name of the installed database:

```
IMGT-<release>.<organism>.<loci>
```

where:

1. <release> is the IMGT/V-QUEST release e.g. 202518-3 or 202449-1. Use `list_IMGT_releases()` to get the list of releases currently available at IMGT/V-QUEST.
2. <organism> is the latin name (a.k.a. binomial name) of the organism with all spaces replaced with underscores (_). For example `Homo_sapiens` or `Macaca_mulatta`. Use `list_IMGT_organisms("<release>")` to get the list of organisms included in a given IMGT/V-QUEST release. Note that, starting with release 202405-2, IMGT/V-QUEST provides BCR and TCR germline sequences for mouse strain C57BL6J (`Mus_musculus_C57BL6J`).
3. <loci> is a string obtained by concatenating the germline loci together separated with the + sign. For example `IGH+IGK+IGL` or `TRA+TRB+TRG+TRD`. The list of loci depends on whether the germline sequences for BCR or TCR were requested. See `tcr.db` argument above for more information. Note that for some IMGT/V-QUEST releases/organisms, only a subset of the loci are available. For example, in release 202343-3, the only TCR germline loci available for `Mus_musculus_C57BL6J` are TRA and TRB. This will be automatically reflected in the name of the installed germline db.

Value

`install_IMGT_germline_db()` returns the name to the newly installed germline db as an invisible string.

`list_IMGT_releases()` returns the list of IMGT/V-QUEST releases in a character vector. The releases are sorted from newest to oldest (latest release is first).

`list_IMGT_organisms()` returns the list of organisms included in the specified IMGT/V-QUEST release in a character vector.

`IMGT_is_up()` returns TRUE or FALSE, indicating whether the IMGT website at <https://www.imgt.org> is up and running or down.

Note

`install_IMGT_germline_db()` generates the local database by performing the instructions provided at <https://ncbi.github.io/igblast/cook/How-to-set-up.html>.

See Also

- The `igblastn` function to run the *igblastn standalone executable* included in IgBLAST from R. This is the main function in the **igblastr** package.
- `use_germline_db` to select the cached germline db to use with `igblastn()`.
- The IMGT website: <https://www.imgt.org/>.
- The IMGT/V-QUEST download site: <https://www.imgt.org/download/V-QUEST/>.
- IgBLAST is described at <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/23671333/>.

Examples

```
if (!has_igblast()) install_igblast()

if (IMGT_is_up()) {
  ## As of March 26, 2025, the latest IMGT/V-QUEST release is 202518-3:
  list_IMGT_releases()

  list_IMGT_organisms("202518-3")
}
```

```
## Download Mouse BCR germline sequences from IMGT/V-QUEST 202518-3, and
## store them in a cached germline database:
install_IMGT_germline_db("202518-3", organism="Mus musculus", force=TRUE)

## List the cached germline databases:
list_germline_dbs()

## Select newly installed germline db to use with igblastn():
use_germline_db("IMGT-202518-3.Mus_musculus.IGH+IGK+IGL")

## Download Mouse TCR germline sequences from IMGT/V-QUEST 202518-3, and
## store them in a cached germline database:
install_IMGT_germline_db("202518-3", organism="Mus musculus",
                        tcr.db=TRUE, force=TRUE)
list_germline_dbs()
}
```

list_c_region_dbs	<i>List cached C-region dbs and select one to use with igblastn()</i>
-------------------	---

Description

A small set of utilities for basic manipulation of *cached C-region dbs*:

- `list_c_region_dbs()`: List all the *cached C-region dbs*, that is, all the C-region databases currently installed in **igblastr**'s persistent cache.
- `use_c_region_db()`: Select the cached C-region db to use with `igblastn()`. This choice will be remembered for the duration of the current R session but can be changed anytime.
- `load_c_region_db()`: Load the nucleotide sequences of the gene regions stored in a cached C-region db.

Usage

```
list_c_region_dbs(builtin.only=FALSE, names.only=FALSE, long.listing=FALSE)
```

```
use_c_region_db(db_name=NULL, verbose=FALSE)
```

```
load_c_region_db(db_name)
```

Arguments

- | | |
|---------------------------|---|
| <code>builtin.only</code> | By default <code>list_c_region_dbs()</code> returns the list of all cached C-region dbs, including built-in C-region dbs. Set <code>builtin.only</code> to <code>TRUE</code> to return only the list of built-in C-region dbs. Note that built-in dbs are prefixed with an underscore (<code>_</code>). |
| <code>names.only</code> | By default <code>list_c_region_dbs()</code> returns the list of cached C-region dbs in a <code>data.frame</code> with one db per row. Set <code>names.only</code> to <code>TRUE</code> to return only the db names in a character vector. |
| <code>long.listing</code> | <code>TRUE</code> or <code>FALSE</code> . If set to <code>TRUE</code> , then <code>list_c_region_dbs()</code> returns a named list with one list element per C-region db. Each list element is a named integer vector that indicates the number of C-region sequences per locus. Ignored if <code>names.only</code> is set to <code>TRUE</code> . |

db_name	For <code>use_c_region_db()</code>: NULL or a single string specifying the name of the cached C-region db to use. Use <code>list_c_region_dbs()</code> to list all the cached C-region dbs. If set to NULL (the default), then <code>use_c_region_db()</code> returns the name of the cached C-region db that is currently in use, if any. Otherwise it returns the empty string (<code>""</code>). Note that the current selection can be cancelled with <code>use_c_region_db("")</code>. For <code>load_c_region_db()</code>: A single string specifying the name of the cached C-region db from which to load the gene regions. Use <code>list_c_region_dbs()</code> to list all the cached C-region dbs.
verbose	If set to TRUE, then <code>use_c_region_db()</code> will display some information about its internal operations.

Details

The **igblastr** package provides utility functions to perform basic manipulation of the cached germline databases and cached C-region databases to use with `igblastn()`.

Terminology:

- A *cached germline db* contains the nucleotide sequences of the V, D, and J gene regions for a given organism.
- A *cached C-region db* contains the nucleotide sequences of the C regions (i.e. constant gene regions) for a given organism.

This man page documents the basic utilities to operate on the cached C-region dbs: `list_c_region_dbs()`, `use_c_region_db()`, and `load_c_region_db()`.

The basic utilities to operate on the cached germline dbs are documented in the man page for [list_germline_dbs](#).

Value

`list_c_region_dbs()` returns the list of all cached C-region dbs in a data.frame with one db per row (if `names.only` is FALSE, which is the default), or in a character vector (if `names.only` is TRUE). Column C in the data.frame indicates the number of C-region sequences in each db.

Built-in dbs are prefixed with an underscore (`_`). Note that the built-in C-region dbs from IMGT were downloaded from <https://www.imgt.org/vquest/refseqh.html#constant-sets> and included in the **igblastr** package on the date indicated by the suffix of the db name.

When called with no argument, `use_c_region_db()` returns a single string containing the name of the cached C-region db currently used by `igblastn()` if any, or the empty string (`""`) if `igblastn()` is not using any C-region db.

When called with the `db_name` argument, `use_c_region_db(db_name)` returns `db_name` invisibly.

`load_c_region_db()` returns the nucleotide sequences from the specified C-region db in a named [DNASTringSet](#) object.

See Also

- The [igblastn](#) function to run the *igblastn standalone executable* included in IgBLAST from R. This is the main function in the **igblastr** package.
- [use_germline_db](#) to select the cached germline db to use with `igblastn()`.

- [DNAStringSet](#) objects in the **Biostrings** package.
- IgBLAST is described at <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/23671333/>.

Examples

```
if (!has_igblast()) install_igblast()

## 7 built-in C-region dbs (prefixed with an underscore):
list_c_region_dbs()
list_c_region_dbs(names.only=TRUE) # db names only
list_c_region_dbs(long.listing=TRUE) # long listing

## Select C-region db to use with igblastn():
use_c_region_db("_IMGT.human.IGH+IGK+IGL.202412")
use_c_region_db() # get current selection
use_c_region_db("") # cancel current selection
use_c_region_db()

## Load C-region sequences:
load_c_region_db("_IMGT.human.IGH+IGK+IGL.202412")
load_c_region_db("_IMGT.mouse.IGH.202509")
```

list_germline_dbs	List cached germline dbs and select one to use with igblastn()
-------------------	--

Description

A small set of utilities for basic manipulation of *cached germline dbs*:

- `list_germline_dbs()`: List all the *cached germline dbs*, that is, all the germline databases currently installed in **igblastr**'s persistent cache.
- `use_germline_db()`: Select the cached germline db to use with `igblastn()`. This choice will be remembered for the duration of the current R session but can be changed anytime.
- `load_germline_db()`: Load the nucleotide sequences of the gene regions stored in a cached germline db.
- `rm_germline_db()`: Remove a germline db from **igblastr**'s persistent cache.

Usage

```
list_germline_dbs(builtin.only=FALSE, names.only=FALSE, long.listing=FALSE)

use_germline_db(db_name=NULL, verbose=FALSE)

load_germline_db(db_name, region_types=NULL)

rm_germline_db(db_name)
```

Arguments

<code>builtin.only</code>	By default <code>list_germline_dbs()</code> returns the list of all cached germline dbs, including built-in germline dbs. Set <code>builtin.only</code> to <code>TRUE</code> to return only the list of built-in germline dbs. Note that built-in dbs are prefixed with an underscore (<code>_</code>).
<code>names.only</code>	By default <code>list_germline_dbs()</code> returns the list of cached germline dbs in a <code>data.frame</code> with one db per row. Set <code>names.only</code> to <code>TRUE</code> to return only the db names in a character vector.
<code>long.listing</code>	<code>TRUE</code> or <code>FALSE</code> . If set to <code>TRUE</code> , then <code>list_germline_dbs()</code> returns a named list with one list element per germline db. Each list element is an integer matrix that indicates the number of germline sequences per locus and region type. Ignored if <code>names.only</code> is set to <code>TRUE</code> .
<code>db_name</code>	For <code>use_germline_db()</code> : NULL or a single string specifying the name of the cached germline db to use. Use <code>list_germline_dbs()</code> to list all the cached germline dbs. If set to NULL (the default), then <code>use_germline_db()</code> returns the name of the cached germline db that is currently in use, if any. Otherwise it raises an error. For <code>load_germline_db()</code> : A single string specifying the name of the cached germline db from which to load the V, D, and/or J regions. Use <code>list_germline_dbs()</code> to list all the cached germline dbs. For <code>rm_germline_db()</code> : A single string specifying the name of the germline db to remove from the cache. This cannot be a built-in db.
<code>verbose</code>	If set to <code>TRUE</code> , then <code>use_germline_db()</code> will display some information about its internal operations.
<code>region_types</code>	The types of regions (V, D, and/or J) to load from the database. Specified as a single string (e.g. "DJ") or as a character vector of single-letter elements (e.g. <code>c("D", "J")</code>). By default (i.e. when <code>region_types</code> is NULL), all the regions are returned.

Details

The **igblast** package provides utility functions to perform basic manipulation of the cached germline databases and cached C-region databases to use with `igblastn()`.

Terminology:

- A *cached germline db* contains the nucleotide sequences of the V, D, and J gene regions for a given organism.
- A *cached C-region db* contains the nucleotide sequences of the C regions (i.e. constant gene regions) for a given organism.

This man page documents the basic utilities to operate on the cached germline dbs: `list_germline_dbs()`, `use_germline_db()`, `load_germline_db()`, and `rm_germline_db()`.

The basic utilities to operate on the cached C-region dbs are documented in the man page for [list_c_region_dbs](#).

Value

`list_germline_dbs()` returns the list of all cached germline dbs in a data.frame with one db per row (if `names.only` is FALSE, which is the default), or in a character vector (if `names.only` is TRUE). Columns V, D, J in the data.frame indicate the number of germline sequences for each region in each db.

Built-in dbs are prefixed with an underscore (_). Note that the built-in germline dbs starting with `_AIRR` are made of the AIRR-community/OGRDB datasets available at https://ogrdb.airr-community.org/germline_sets/Homo%20sapiens for human and https://ogrdb.airr-community.org/germline_sets/Mus%20musculus for mouse. Each AIRR db is populated with the latest germline datasets that were available at AIRR-community/OGRDB at the time indicated by the date (in YYYYMM format) embedded in the db name. The AIRR dbs with the `.src` suffix contain the *Source Sets*. The AIRR dbs without the `.src` suffix contain the *Reference Sets*. See https://github.com/HyrienLab/igblastn/tree/devel/inst/extdata/germline_sequences/AIRR/human/202410/README.md for more information. The AIRR-community/OGRDB maintainers recommend to use the *Reference Sets* for AIRR-seq analysis. See https://ogrdb.airr-community.org/germline_set/75

When called with no argument, `use_germline_db()` returns a single string containing the name of the cached germline db currently used by `igblastn()` if any, or it raises an error if no germline db has been selected yet.

When called with the `db_name` argument, `use_germline_db(db_name)` returns `db_name` invisibly.

`load_germline_db()` returns the nucleotide sequences from the specified germline db in a named `DNAStrngSet` object.

`rm_germline_db()` returns an invisible NULL.

See Also

- The `igblastn` function to run the *igblastn standalone executable* included in IgBLAST from R. This is the main function in the **igblastn** package.
- `install_IMGT_germline_db` to install a germline db from IMGT.
- `use_c_region_db` to select the cached C-region db to use with `igblastn()`.
- `DNAStrngSet` objects in the **Biostrings** package.
- IgBLAST is described at <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/23671333/>.

Examples

```
if (!has_igblast()) install_igblast()

## Get list of built-in germline dbs only.
list_germline_dbs(builtin.only=TRUE)
list_germline_dbs(builtin.only=TRUE, names.only=TRUE) # db names only

## Long listing:
list_germline_dbs(long.listing=TRUE)

if (IMGT_is_up()) {
  ## Install Mouse germline db from IMGT:
  install_IMGT_germline_db("202518-3", "Mus_musculus", force=TRUE)

  list_germline_dbs() # all germline dbs

  ## Select germline db to use with igblastn():
```

```

db_name <- "IMGT-202518-3.Mus_musculus.IGH+IGK+IGL"
use_germline_db(db_name) # select germline db to use

use_germline_db() # get current selection

## Load germline sequences:
load_germline_db(db_name)
load_germline_db(db_name, region_types="D")
load_germline_db(db_name, region_types="DJ")
}

```

OAS-utils

Download and manipulate OAS data

Description

Some utility functions to query the Observed Antibody Space database, a.k.a. OAS, and to download and manipulate data from OAS.

OAS's homepage: <https://opig.stats.ox.ac.uk/webapps/oas/>

Note that OAS has two databases: the "Unpaired Sequences" database and the "Paired Sequences" database. Some of the utilities documented in this man page only work on data coming from the latter.

Usage

```

## Read metadata/data from a single OAS unit file:
read_OAS_csv_metadata(file)
read_OAS_csv(file, skip=1, ...)
extract_sequences_from_paired_OAS_df(df, add.prefix=FALSE)

## Basic query of OAS website:
list_paired_OAS_studies(as.df=FALSE, recache=FALSE)
list_paired_OAS_units(study, as.df=FALSE, recache=FALSE)
download_paired_OAS_units(study, units=NULL, destdir=".", ...)

## Read metadata/data from a batch of downloaded OAS unit files:
extract_metadata_from_OAS_units(dir=".", pattern="\\.csv\\.gz$")
extract_sequences_from_paired_OAS_units(dir=".", pattern="\\.csv\\.gz$")

```

Arguments

<code>file</code>	A single string that is the path to an <i>OAS unit file</i> .
<code>skip</code>	The number of lines of the data file to skip before beginning to read data. The first line in an OAS unit file contains metadata in JSON format, so must always be skipped.
<code>...</code>	For <code>read_OAS_csv()</code> : Extra arguments to be passed to the internal call to <code>read.table()</code> . See ?read.table in the utils package for more information. For <code>download_paired_OAS_units()</code> : Extra arguments to be passed to the internal call to <code>download.file()</code> . See ?download.file in the utils package for more information.

<code>df</code>	The data.frame or tibble returned by <code>read_OAS_csv()</code> .
<code>add.prefix</code>	TRUE or FALSE. Should the names on the returned DNASet object be the original sequence ids as-is (this is the default), or should the <code>heavy_chain_</code> and <code>light_chain_</code> prefixes be added to them? <code>extract_sequences_from_paired_OAS_df()</code> returns a DNASet object with the sequence ids as names. The sequence ids are obtained from the <code>sequence_id_heavy</code> and <code>sequence_id_light</code> columns of the supplied data.frame or tibble . By default, they are propagated as-is to the DNASet object, which makes it difficult to recognize which chain (heavy or light) the antibody sequences are coming from. Setting <code>add.prefix</code> to TRUE will add the <code>heavy_chain_</code> or <code>light_chain_</code> prefix to the names on the DNASet object, hence making it easy to identify which chain a given antibody sequence is coming from.
<code>as.df</code>	TRUE or FALSE. By default, i.e. when <code>as.df</code> is FALSE, <code>list_paired_OAS_studies()</code> and <code>list_paired_OAS_units()</code> return the list of studies or units in a character vector. Alternatively you can set <code>as.df</code> to TRUE to get the list in a 3-column data.frame that contains a directory index as displayed at https://opig.stats.ox.ac.uk/webapps/ngsdb/paired/ or at https://opig.stats.ox.ac.uk/webapps/ngsdb/paired/Jaffe_2022/csv/ .
<code>recache</code>	TRUE or FALSE. <code>list_paired_OAS_studies()</code> and <code>list_paired_OAS_units()</code> both cache the information retrieved from OAS website for the duration of the R session (note that this caching is done in memory so it does not persist across sessions). Set <code>recache</code> to TRUE to force a new retrieval (and recaching) of the results.
<code>study</code>	A single string containing the name of a study as returned by <code>list_paired_OAS_studies()</code> .
<code>units</code>	NULL, or a character vector that must be a subset of <code>list_paired_OAS_units(study)</code> in which case the download will be restricted to these units only.
<code>destdir</code>	A single string that is the path to the directory where the OAS unit files are to be downloaded.
<code>dir</code>	A single string that is the path to a directory containing OAS unit files. This will typically be the same as <code>destdir</code> above if the unit files were downloaded with <code>download_paired_OAS_units()</code> .
<code>pattern</code>	Regular expression passed to the internal call to <code>list.files()</code> to obtain the list of OAS unit files located in <code>dir</code> . No reason to change this unless you know what you are doing.

Details

OAS delivers data in the form of *OAS unit files*. These files are typically obtained by running the `bulk_download.sh` script that OAS generates based on one's search criteria. They are compressed CSV (comma-separated values) files with the `.csv.gz` extension.

OAS unit files can vary a lot in size: from only a few KB to 25 MB or more.

The first line in an OAS unit file contains metadata in JSON format (which means that these files cannot strictly be considered CSV files).

The CSV data is MiAIRR-compliant (see The "MiAIRR format" paper in the References section below).

Value

`read_OAS_csv_metadata()` extracts the metadata from the specified OAS unit file and returns it in a named list.

`read_OAS_csv()` extracts the data from the specified OAS unit file and returns it in a **tibble**. The **tibble** has 1 row per antibody sequence if the data is unpaired (i.e. comes from the "Unpaired Sequences" database), or 1 row per sequence pair if the data is paired (i.e. comes from the "Paired Sequences" database).

`extract_sequences_from_paired_OAS_df()` returns the sequence pairs in a named **DNASet** object where the names are the sequence ids. See `add.prefix` above for how the sequence ids are obtained.

`list_paired_OAS_studies()` returns the list of studies that populate the "Paired Sequences" database in a character vector. This list can be seen here: <https://opig.stats.ox.ac.uk/webapps/ngsdb/paired/>.

`list_paired_OAS_units()` returns the list of all the OAS unit files that belong to a given study from the "Paired Sequences" database.

`download_paired_OAS_units()` returns an invisible **NULL**.

`extract_metadata_from_OAS_units()` returns the metadata of all the OAS unit files found in the specified directory in a **data.frame** with 1 row per file.

`extract_sequences_from_paired_OAS_units()` extracts the sequence pairs from all the OAS unit files found in the specified directory and returns them in a named **DNASet** object where the names are the sequence ids. The sequence ids are obtained by prefixing the original sequence ids found in the files with the name of the unit followed by `_heavy_chain_` or `_light_chain_`.

References

- The OAS paper:
Tobias H. Olsen, Fergus Boyles, Charlotte M. Deane. Observed Antibody Space: A diverse database of cleaned, annotated, and translated unpaired and paired antibody sequences. *Protein Science* (2021). <https://doi.org/10.1002/pro.4205>
- The "MiAIRR format" paper:
Rubelt, F., Busse, C., Bukhari, S. et al. Adaptive Immune Receptor Repertoire Community recommendations for sharing immune-repertoire sequencing data. *Nat Immunol* 18, 1274–1278 (2017). <https://doi.org/10.1038/ni.3873>

See Also

- OAS's homepage at: <https://opig.stats.ox.ac.uk/webapps/oas/>
- The `igblastn` function to run the `igblastn standalone executable` included in **IgBLAST** from R. This is the main function in the **igblastR** package.
- **tibble** objects implemented in the **tibble** package.
- **DNASet** objects implemented in the **Biostings** package.

Examples

```
list_paired_OAS_studies()

list_paired_OAS_units("Eccles_2020")

## Import all the pairs of antibody sequences from the Eccles_2020 study:

download_dir <- tempdir()
download_paired_OAS_units("Eccles_2020", destdir=download_dir)
```

```

metadata <- extract_metadata_from_OAS_units(download_dir)
metadata # data.frame with 1 row per unit file

sequences <- extract_sequences_from_paired_OAS_units(download_dir)
sequences # DNASTringSet object

## Odd indices correspond to heavy chain sequences and even indices
## to light chain sequences:

head(names(sequences))

sequences[1:2] # 1st pair
sequences[3:4] # 2nd pair
sequences[5:6] # 3rd pair
# etc...
```

outfmt7-utils	<i>Handle igblastn output format 7</i>
---------------	--

Description

Some utilities to handle igblastn output format 7.

Usage

```
list_outfmt7_specifiers()

parse_outfmt7(out_lines)
```

Arguments

`out_lines` The character vector returned by `igblastn(query, outfmt=7, parse.out=FALSE, ...)`.

Value

`list_outfmt7_specifiers()` returns the list of format specifiers supported by `igblastn()` formatting option 7.

`parse_outfmt7(out_lines)` returns the parsed form of `out_lines` in a list.

See Also

- The `igblastn` function to run the *igblastn standalone executable* included in IgBLAST from R. This is the main function in the **igblastR** package.
- IgBLAST is described at <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/23671333/>.

Examples

```

if (!has_igblast()) install_igblast()

## Files 'heavy_sequences.fasta' and 'light_sequences.fasta' included
## in igblast contain 250 paired heavy- and light- chain sequences (125
## sequences in each file) downloaded from OAS (the Observed Antibody
## Space database):
filenames <- paste0(c("heavy", "light"), "_sequences.fasta")
query <- system.file(package="igblast", "extdata", "BCR", filenames)

## Keep only the first 10 sequences from each file:
query <- c(head(readDNAStringSet(query[[1L]]), n=10),
           head(readDNAStringSet(query[[2L]]), n=10))

## Select the germline and C-region dbs to use with igblastn():
use_germline_db("_AIRR.human.IGH+IGK+IGL.202410")
use_c_region_db("_IMGT.human.IGH+IGK+IGL.202412")

## -----
## FIRST igblastn RUN: GET OUTPUT IN FORMAT 7
## -----

## For this first run we specify 'outfmt=7' and 'parse.out=FALSE':
out_lines <- igblastn(query, outfmt=7, parse.out=FALSE)
out_lines # raw output

out <- parse_outfmt7(out_lines) # parse the output

## Output contains one record per query sequence:
length(out$records) # 20

## Each record can have 5 or 6 sections:
## 1. query_details
## 2. VDJ_rearrangement_summary
## 3. VDJ_junction_details
## 4. subregion_sequence_details (can be missing)
## 5. alignment_summary
## 6. hit_table

## Taking a close look at the first record:
rec1 <- out$records[[1]]
rec1

qseqid(rec1) # query sequence id associated with this record

rec1$hit_table # data.frame with the standard columns

## -----
## SECOND igblastn RUN: GET OUTPUT IN CUSTOMIZED FORMAT 7
## -----

## For this second run we request a customized format 7 by supplying
## space delimited format specifiers:
outfmt <- "7 qseqid sseqid pident nident length score"
out <- igblastn(query, outfmt=outfmt)

```

```
## Taking a close look at the first record:
rec1 <- out$records[[1]]
rec1$hit_table # data.frame with the requested columns (+ the
               # automatic "chaintype" column)
```

summarizeMismatches	<i>Summarize mismatches and indels between query and germline sequences</i>
---------------------	---

Description

TODO

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